

in 1725, was discovered in 1781, quite perfect and petrified, retaining the flesh-colour as when entombed. The Vicarage is a neat house west of the church. The Wesleyan Methodists have a chapel erected in 1807, at a cost of £300, with sittings for 260 persons; about one half are free. The Endowed school is now taught on the National plan; Wm. Cresswell, master. The Girls' National school is an old thatched building near the church; Mrs. E. Blackshaw, mistress. The Roman Catholics have a chapel in a rural situation, and there are ruins of ancient Catholic chapels at Over Padley and North Lees. A Fair is held on the first Friday after Old Michaelmas day, and if it falls on Friday, the Friday after; and the Feast on the Sunday before the fair. *The Hall*, a handsome mansion in the village, was rebuilt in 1844; it is the property and seat of John Spencer Ashton Shuttleworth, Esq. *Camp Green*, a little E. of the Church, is supposed to be the site of a Danish camp. This manor, *Hereseige*, was, at Domesday survey, the property of Ralph Fitzhubert. In the reign of Henry III. it belonged to the family of De Hathersage, whose coheireses brought it to Goushill and Longford. In the reign of Henry VI. Goushill's moiety belonged to the family of of Thorp, with remainder to Robert Eyre and his heirs. Sir Nicholas Longford died seized of the other moiety in 1481. The ancestors of the Duke of Devonshire purchased it of the family of Pegge, in 1705. *Booths*, a small village, half mile E. *Fox House* is a noted Inn on the Sheffield road, and at the extreme verge of the county, three miles E. from Hathersage. *Longshaw*, a shooting box, three miles S.E. from Hathersage, is the property and occasional residence, during the shooting season, of the Duke of Rutland, being situated on the verge of the Yorkshire moors, particularly noted for grouse and other game. *Moor Seats*, a neat pleasant mansion, one mile N.E. from the village, is the seat and property of Thos. Eyre. Esq. *Nether Hall*, a handsome mansion, quarter mile W. from the village, was erected in 1840, and is the property of Jno. Spencer Ashton Shuttleworth, Esq., and residence of Charles James Peel, Esq.

BAMFORD is an improving and pleasant village and township, near the Derwent, 2½ miles N.W. from Hathersage, and 5 miles N.E. from Castleton, contains 858A. 1R. 12P. of land, (exclusive of the Common, about 800 acres, which is now being enclosed), and in 1851, had 69 houses, and 323 inhabitants, of whom 161 were males and 162 females; rateable value, £986 0s. 1d. Wm. C. Moore, Esq., Messrs. John and Wm. Hibberson, Charles and Henry James Robinson, John S. A. Shuttleworth, Esq., Thos. Eyre, Esq., Mr. Taylor. Mr. John Geo. Platts, Mr. Samuel Hawke, Mr. Jph. Hancock, and Messrs. M. A. and J. Merriman are the principal owners. Tithe commuted in 1841; £35 is paid for large tithe, and £4 for the vicarical. A commodious school room was erected here in 1841, at a cost of £300, and it has been licensed as an Episcopal place of worship, in which the Vicar of Hathersage officiates. Samuel M. Moore and Son have a handsome factory on the Derwent, for doubling cotton, worked by a steam and water power of 60 horses, where upwards of 230 persons are employed. The Wesleyan Methodists have a chapel, erected in 1821. The manor of Bamford was for several ages in the Talbots, Earls of Shrewsbury. In 1802, it belonged to Francis Evans, Esq. *Sickleholme*, two miles W. from Hathersage was, until 1848, one large farm house, when it was divided into two, it is the property and residence of Wm. and John Hibberson, whose family have been occupiers here for upwards of 50 years, and were formerly large carriers. About half a mile W. from Sicklebrook was *Mythan Bridge*, an ancient stone erection of 4 arches; it was washed down by the great flood on Augt., 7th, 1856, since which a temporary one has been constructed of wood. A new bridge is about to be erected a little higher up the Derwent, nearer to Bamford.

DERWENT, a township, chapelry, and scattered district of houses, forming the north extremity of the parish, 6 miles N.N.W. from Hathersage, 6 miles N.N.E. from Hope. It is situated in the Derwent Vale, which is in several parts exceedingly romantic, and

is bounded on the east by the Yorkshire moors, where, at the south extremity, a road crosses by Moss Car house, to Sheffield, north of which is Moss Car Cross, Dove, Stone Tor, Lost Lad, Old Chapel, and Holden house, within the Yorkshire border. A high range of mountains bound the vale on the west, a road from Glossop crossing the Derwent at Cock's bridge, to Moss Car house. The river Ashop, which collects the waters from the east and to the north-east of Kinderscout, has its confluence with the Derwent at Cock's bridge, near Crook hill. The township contains 3,327A. 2R. 30P. of land, which were enclosed in 1808, but about 1,500 acres still remain in a state of common. It contained in 1851, 31 houses, and 137 inhabitants, of whom 77 were males and 60 females; rateable value, £867 6s. 6d. The Duke of Devonshire, Duke of Rutland, Francis Newdigate, Esq., J. S. A. Shuttleworth, Esq., and Mr. Thomas Gardom, of Baslow, are owners. The Church, dedicated to St. James, is a plain stone edifice, with a turret and one bell. It was originally built as a private chapel, to the Balguy family, who resided near the Hall, was endowed in 1720, by the Rev. Robert Turie, who gave part of two tenements, called the Abbey, and the Carr House, and a rent charge of £2 per annum for a school. This school has now an income of about £6 per annum. The patronage of the chapel was sold by John Balguy, Esq.; of Duffield, to the late Joseph Denman, Esq., M.D., from whom it went to Mr. Shuttleworth, of Hathersage, and sold by him to Mr. Read, of whom it was purchased in 1851, by Francis Newdigate, Esq., of Blackheath, Kent. The *living* is a perpetual curacy, valued at £90, has been augmented with £400 benefactions, and £600 Queen Anne's bounty, in the patronage of Francis Newdigate, Esq., and incumbency of the Rev. H. K. Creed, for whom a parsonage house is about to be built, His Grace the Duke of Devonshire having given a site. *Derwent Hall*, an ancient stone mansion, erected in 1672, on the northern bank of the river Derwent, over which is a narrow stone bridge, anciently used by Pack horses. The interior of the hall is worthy of notice; all the principal rooms having polished oak floors, with handsome staircase of the same character, and the entrance hall presents to the eye some beautiful tapestry brought from Worksop manor. In one of the rooms is an exceedingly fine painting by "Titian," the Expulsion of Adam and Eve. The Hall is the property of Francis Newdigate, Esq., and the seat of Geo. Newdigate, Esq. *Ashopton Inn*, on the Sheffield and Glossop road, is a commodious house, eleven miles W. from Sheffield, 13 miles S.E. by E. from Glossop. A Methodist chapel was erected at Ashopton, in 1840. Feast, nearest Sunday to St. James's day.

OUTSEATS township consists of scattered houses, extending nearly two miles N. from Hathersage, having the Yorkshire moors on the east, where is Stanedge Pole, near which on the north, a road from Hope crosses the moors. This township contains 4,352A. 3R. 18P. of land, mostly a good soil, and had in 1851, 54 houses, and 221 inhabitants, of whom 111 were males, and 110 females; rateable value, £1,436 3s. 11d. It was enclosed about 30 years ago, when land was awarded in lieu of tithe. Miss H. Wright, J. S. A. Shuttleworth, Esq., and Mrs. Newton Shaw, are owners. The principal places which extend from half a mile to near two miles, N. and N.W. from Hathersage, are, Brookfield, North Lees, Birley, Thorpe, The Hill, Hathersage Lane, Callow, Nether and Upper Hurst, Gate House, Outlane, Green's House and Cow Close.

Brookfield Hall, a handsome residence, 1 mile N. from Hathersage, erected in 1656, and enlarged and improved in 1825, is the scat and property of Miss H. Wright.

North Lees Hall, an ancient stone mansion, 1¼ miles N. from Hathersage, is the property of Miss H. Wright, and the residence of Mr. George and the Misses Eyre. Here are the ruins of an ancient Catholic Chapel. Near to Green's House, is an extensive paper mill for the manufacture of all kinds of shop and factor's paper. The school here has been converted into two cottages, and the proceeds applied to Hathersage school. (See *Charities*.) No minerals are found in this part; the soil is generally good grazing land.

CHARITIES.—*Joan Morton*, by will in 1611, left certain residues, her property, for the poor of Hathersage. Her executor, Thomas Eyre, realised £140 for that object, which he intended to have bestowed on lands for that purpose, but died before that was effected, and by his will directed his executor, Robert Eyre, to pay the above sum; and also bequeathed a further sum to the said poor. Robert Eyre refused to pay, pretending he had no assets, on which a suit was commenced against him, and before that was decided he died; after which the suit was revived against John Eyre his executor, and George Eyre, his son, and others of his children; and at last an agreement was made that they should pay £200 in discharge of the legacies given by both wills, which was paid accordingly, and was bestowed on a house and land in Ashton, that the yearly rents might be distributed amongst the poor of the parish of Hathersage, in the manner following, viz.:—one half thereof to the poor on the west side above a rivulet called Chilbage, and the other half inhabiting Chilbage east; the estate and premises were vested in John Eyre, of Cruckhill, and John Baddely, by the authority of an act made 39th Elizabeth for erecting hospitals, and by force of an Act made in 21st James, for making perpetual the same; the said messuage in Ashton was thenceforth to be an hospital for the poor of the said parish of Hathersage, which should be under the control of six governors, and should be incorporated and called by the name of “The Governors of the Hospital in Ashton, of the foundation of Joan Morton,” to whom the said messuage in Ashton, and all edifices, lands, and tenements thereto belonging were granted. The following is the rental of the trust property, which is situated in the hamlet of Ashton and parish of Hope, which contains 19A. 3R. 11P, of land, let for £24 5s. per annum. Although the houses are called by the foundation deed of 1642, an hospital, there is no trace of its having been used as a habitation for poor persons. The whole rents of the estate have been divided in equal moieties, one of which is distributed to the poor of the chapelry of Derwent, as being the west part; and the other to the poor of Hathersage, and the hamlets of Bamford and Outseats, as being the part beneath Chilbage east. The rents are received annually on the Saturday before St. Thomas’s day, and on that day a meeting is held, and the sums paid to the overseers for distribution.

Hugh Barber, by indenture in 1606, in consideration of an annual rent of 22s., and the sum of £60, granted to two persons, the moiety of a messuage in Maltby, in the county of York, and of all the lands belonging the same. for the use the said Hugh Barber, and S. Barber, his wife, for their lives; and after the decease of their survivor, rendering annually to the churchwardens of Hathersage and Derwent, and their successors, an annual rent of 22s. payable on the 1st of March, to be distributed by them to poor and needy persons according to the last will of Hugh Barber, viz.:—one-half to the poor above, and the other to the poor below Chilbage, which is given with Morton’s charity.

Richard Silvester it is stated on a tablet in Hathersage church, dated 1790, gave the sum of £1 3s. to be annually distributed to the poor of Hathersage, on St. Thomas’s day, charged on a close called Seat Field. John S. A. Shuttleworth, Esq., pays the above sum, out of which 1s. is allotted to the chapelry of Derwent, and the residue is divided between the township of Hathersage and the hamlets of Bamford and Outseats. But it would seem a larger portion ought to be allotted to the chapelry of Derwent. This is also distributed with Morton’s charity.

Johrs Frost, of Riding House, in this parish, by will, in 1773, gave the sum of 15s. to be equally divided between the hamlets of Hathersage, Outseats, and Derwent, charged on his real estate at Riding House, to be paid yearly on St. Thomas’s day, at the discretion of the overseers of the poor. The owner pays the above sum which is distributed with Morton’s charity.

Adam Morton by will, 1820, gave £10, the interest to be distributed to the poor of Hathersage hamlet, especially widows, yearly on St. Thomas’s day. This sum with a donation of £6 13s. 4d. of *Robert Crossland*, is now in the hands of Mr. Cooker, of

Hathersage, on promissory note dated 1805, at five per cent. The interest, 16s. 8d., is distributed with Morton's charity.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity.—(See *Bradley*.) The annual sum of £5 10s. is received by the Vicar of Hathersage, which he lays out in coarse woollens and flannel, and distributes amongst the poor about Christmas.

DERWENT CHAPELRY.—*Joan Morton, Hugh Barber, Richard Silvester, and John Frost's Charities.* (See *Hathersage*.) The annual sum of £12 19s. 6d., being the amount the overseer receives in respect of these, is distributed by him on the day after St. Thomas's day, in sums varying from 14s. to £2 10s., there being but few poor persons in this chapelry.

Robert Turie, by will in 1720, gave to the inhabitants of Derwent a rent charge of 40s. per annum, issuing out of two messuages in Derwent Dale, called the Abbey and the Carr House, to procure six of the poorest children of that place, or within two miles of it, to be yearly instructed in reading English, such children, and the master, to be appointed by the minister of Derwent chapel and his successors; and a rent charge of £3 to the inhabitants of Stoney Middleton, for the like purpose. He gave the said premises to the corporation of Queen Anne's bounty, for the use of the minister of Derwent chapel and his successors, to the end the said minister might be entitled to receive the said Queen Anne's bounty of £10 per annum. The Abbey and the Carr House are the property of the perpetual curate of Derwent, and the annual sum of 40s. is paid by him to the schoolmaster, who instructs four poor children in reading, writing, and arithmetic, in a schoolroom built by subscription.

John Eyre of Crookhill, by indenture, 1772, granted to trustees, of which himself or his heirs should be one, the sum of £100, and the further sum of £20 to be placed out on security, or invested in land. As to the said £100, to cause eight, ten, or twelve poor children of the hamlet of Woodland, in the parish of Hope, and the hamlet of Derwent, in the parish of Hathersage, to be taught to read, write, and cast accounts, at the school at Derwent. As to the £20 on trust, to the same trustees, the interest to buy common prayer books, and bestow the same on the poorest children of Woodland and Derwent Dale. The annual sum of £4 is paid to the schoolmaster for instructing eight poor children; and the annual sum of 16s., as the interest of the £20, is expended by Mr. Wm. Thomason, who holds the £120 at 4 per cent., in the purchase of prayer and other books, which are sent to the schoolmaster, and given to the poor children in his school.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity.—(See *Bradley*.) The annual sum of £5 10s. paid to the incumbent of this chapelry, is laid out in coarse woollen or flannel, and given to the poor about Christmas.

Benjamin Ashton, of Hathersage, Esq., by deed, dated 2nd March, 1718, granted to the poor of Hathersage, for the use of a public school, a piece of land in the hamlet of Outseats, adjoining the highway, containing four perches; and he further directed, in 1725, his executors to lay out the sum of £200 in purchasing freehold land, to hold to them and their heirs, in trust, that the rents should be applied to charitable and pious uses—viz. he gave to the poor of Hathersage and Outseats, for ever, the yearly sum of 40s., to be paid to the vicar and overseers for the time being, (this is now distributed with Morton's charity); and he gave to the vicar for the time being the yearly sum of £3, to be paid on St. Thomas's day, the vicar to preach a charity sermon on that day; and he also gave to the schoolmaster of Hathersage for the time being, the yearly sum of £5, to be paid on St. Thomas's day, provided that his heirs should have the nomination of the said schoolmaster, who should also teach ten of the poorest boys in Hathersage and Outseats. The sum of £200 was never laid out in land, but annual sums of 40s., £3, and £5, are considered as being charges on the Hathersage estate. The building, erected on the land granted in 1718, between the villages of Hathersage and Outseats, called the Geer Green school, consisted of a school-room and two small rooms at the end. It ceased to be used as a school in 1807. About the year 1804 a new school was built by subscription in the village of Hathersage;

and in consequence of the master of Geer Green being unable to obtain a sufficient number of scholars, the school was given up. Applications were made to Major Shuttleworth, to permit the annuity of £5 to be transferred to the new school, to which he objected. Since the investigation, Major Shuttleworth has expressed his readiness to re-establish the school, to appoint a new master, and pay the arrears of the annuity, which will amount to nearly £100.

OUTSEATS HAMLET.—*Henry Ibbotson* gave, as stated on a tablet in Hathersage church, £10, and *Henry Brownhill*, £5, and small sums, amounting together to £7 3s. by five other persons, inhabitants of the hamlet. A sum of £22, arising from these subscriptions, was placed by the said Henry Ibbotson, with other monies, amounting to £60. on a security of the Sheffield turnpike road, at 5 per cent, interest. The interest, 22s., for the amount of the subscription, is received by Mr. Cocker, and is paid by him to the master of the school at Hathersage, built in 1804, for the instruction of three poor children of Outseats.

BAMFORD HAMLET.—*Thomas Thornhill*, by will, gave to the poor of Bamford 10s. a year, to begin to be paid when his grandson, Thomas Derwent, was of age, or at his death, if sooner, to be paid out of the Kirk Flats for ever. In the returns of 1786, the date is stated to be 1722. The annual sum is paid by the tenant of the fields.

George Brownhill, by will, gave to Nicholas Brownhill, his son, and his heirs, all his lands in Thornhill, in the parish of Hope, on condition to pay the legacies therein mentioned; and that he gave to six of the poor people of Bamford 6d. each, to be given them yearly on Good Friday, being a legacy desired by his late wife; and he also gave to the poor people of Bamford 6s., to be given them yearly on Thomas's day by his executors. These two annual sums of 3s. and 6s. are paid from a farm on Thornhill.

John Littlewood, by will, in 1743, gave to the poor of Bamford a yearly rent charge of 10s., to be issuing out of his tenement called Green Head, or the lands thereto belonging, to be paid by the owners to the overseers of the hamlet for ever, yearly on St. Thomas's day. The Bamford charities are distributed at the same time as Morton's.

Robert Turie, by will, in 1720, gave to the inhabitants of Bamford £40, to be laid out in lands, the interest to be applied for teaching six of the poorest boys of the hamlet to read. This sum appears to have been lost.

STONEY MIDDLETON is a township, chapelry, and romantic village, 5 miles N. by E. from Bakewell, 5 miles E. from Tideswell, and 12 miles S.W. from Sheffield. It is a parochial chapelry, in the parish of Hathersage, from which it is separated by the parish and township of Eyam, and it is partly in that parish; a brook running through the village divides the townships. It is a singular village, the houses being situated one above another on ledges of rock that seem to be almost inaccessible; and others scattered as if by chance at the base of the eminences that rise high above them. It contains 1124A. 3R. 17P. of land, on limestone, abounding in lead, and in 1851 had 134 houses and 593 inhabitants, of whom 303 were males and 290 females; rateable value £1618 18s. 6d. The Duke of Devonshire is lord of the manor, an owner, and impropiator; the title was commuted in 1840; the large for £30; the small belongs to the vicar. Lord Denman, Messrs. Jno. White, Thos. Hinch, Peter Furness, and Jno. Smith, are also owners. The Church, dedicated to St. Martin, is a small stone edifice with a low square tower and three bells. It has an octagon body added in 1767, which consists of a nave, chancel, centre aisle, and gallery. The *living* is a perpetual curacy valued in the King's book at £2 6s. 8d., now £100, has been augmented with £200 benefactions, £800 Queen Anne's bounty, and £1000 Parliamentary grant. It is annexed to the vicarage of Hathersage. Rev. Urban Smith, M.A., incumbent, who resides at the Parsonage, a neat house on a good eminence east of the Church. In the churchyard is an ancient stone font. A National school was erected in 1835, and enlarged in 1845, at a cost of about £200, and will accommodate 100 children; the average attendance is about 50, who pay from 2d. to 4d. per week each; Hy. Jones, master. Feast, Sunday before Old Michaelmas day. Immediately on passing the last house in the village,

to the west, a deep ravine opens its marble jaws, the entrance to *Middleton Dale*. The crags that form the right side of Middleton Dale are boldly featured. Half way from their base they are much broken, and present many projections and recesses; above, rises a lofty range of perpendicular rock, the different strata of which are distinctly defined. The best view of this stupendous piece of rock scenery is obtained from near the base of the ascending ground that forms the left side of the dale, about half a mile from the village. Before you, seen in the distance, is the chasm through which the road winds to Tideswell and Buxton; on the right is the Delve, a deep dell whose rocky sides are partly covered with verdure and adorned with underwood, elm, ash, and sycamore. A little nearer the foreground is Eyam Dale, one side of which is strongly characterised with castellated rock; the other is created with fine fir and ash. Directly opposite this dale, another branches out on the left; the whole scene presenting a singular combination of rocks, hills, and deep ravines. The wild scenery of Middleton Dale is often greatly improved in picturesque effect, by the fires of the lime kilns, which are numerous; the smoke which rises from them curling about the rocks, and occasionally obscuring their summits, gives to the whole scene a character of great sublimity. Immediately on entering the dale from the village, on the right hand, is a high perpendicular rock, called the *Lover's Leap*. From the summit of this precipice, about the year 1760, a love-stricken maiden, of the name of Baddeley threw herself into the chasm below, and, incredible as it may appear, she sustained but little injury. Her face was slightly disfigured, and her body bruised by the brambles and rocky projections that interrupted her fall; but, with a little assistance, she was enabled to walk home. Her bonnet, kerchief, and cap were left at the top of the rock, and some fragments of her torn garments marked the course of her descent. Her singular and almost miraculous escape, made a serious impression on her mind; her fit of love subsided, and she afterwards lived in a very exemplary manner in the vicinity of the place which had been the scene of her folly, and died unmarried. Near this rock is a cavern, in which the skeleton of a Scotch pedler was found upwards of fifty years ago. it is supposed that he was murdered by some parties whom he had legally stopped from vending their wares at Eyam wakes. Nothing was known of this murder until his body was found, when it was conveyed to Eyam Church, where it lay in a box for several years unburied. The buckles of his shoes and other articles of his apparel proved it to be the body of the well known pedler. The manor belonged at an early period to the Bernakes of Upper Padley. Richard de Bernake sold it in the reign of Edward I., to Thomas de Furnival. It has ever since passed with the adjoining manor, to which parish it certainly properly belongs; or more properly it is a distinct parish. In the chapel are memorials of the family of Finney, dated 1704 and 1790. The late Dr. Joseph Denman married one of the daughters and eventually sole heiress of Richard Finney, Esq., and possessed the estates which had belonged to that family. In the dale are two cupolas for smelting lead ore, a manufactory of barytes, and several lime kilns. On the right of the road from Bakewell, at the entrance to the village, is an ancient stone mansion with pointed gables, delightfully situated in the meadows, a little east of the Church, the seat and property of the Right Hon. Thos., Lord Denman, who succeeded his father, the late Lord Chief Justice Denman, who died Sept. 23rd., 1849, aged 74 years, and was buried at Stoke Albany, Northamptonshire. Immediately behind the house are the Baths, which were fitted up in a handsome manner by the liberality of the late Lord Denman, on the site of an old one, supposed to have been originally established by the Romans when they occupied the station at Brough. Here is an excellent Inn and Posting-house, "The Moon," kept by Mr. Robert Heginbotham, where visitors and tourists will find superior accommodation, and the most polite attention. Here are several lead mines in the immediate neighbourhood, known as the *Sallads*, *Red Rake*, *Shepherds*, *Sough*, and *Enterprize* mines, the latter of which have been recently opened, at an outlay of about £1000. They are worked by a company to whom Mr. R. Heginbotham is secretary. One Great Barmote Court is held annually in April, alternately at the Moon Inn and at the Bull's Head, Eyam, for the Liberty of

Stoney Middleton and Eyam, of which H. G. the Duke of Devonshire, the Marquis of Chandos, and Sir Richard Tufton, Bart., are the lords. Joseph Hall, Esq., of Castleton, is the steward; and James Longsdon, Esq., of Little Longstone, barmaster.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Whyte*, by will, in 1692, gave his messuage, lands, and premises situated at the Booths, within the parish of Hathersage, to five persons and their heirs on trust, that they should yearly, for ever, pay to the curate of the chapel of Stoney Middleton, the sum of £6, on the feast of St. Thomas, the Apostle, and the day of Pentecost, by equal portions, provided that the curate should come into the cure with the consent of Benjamin Ashton and the major part of his trustees, otherwise, the £6, during such time, should be applied to charitable uses; he also directed 10s. should be paid to the clerk of the chapel, twenty sixpenny brown loaves on the feast of the purification to twenty poor housekeepers of the chapel, dwellers within the parish of Hathersage, in addition to which, the same poor were to receive flesh meat to the amount of 1s. each; on Easter-eve the same number of loaves and quantity of flesh meat were to be distributed again, and that 10s. should be paid on Easter-eve to the person who should provide and distribute the same; and that his trustees may take the remainder of the rents and profits, to be equally divided amongst them. The estate consists of 32 acres of old enclosed land, to which, in 1808, at the enclosure, 9 acres were allotted, now let together for £25 per annum, so that the trustees have £15 to be divided amongst themselves. On the two days above named, the trustees send to the overseers of the poor twelve sixpenny loaves, and bacon to the value of a shilling, which is given to the most indigent.

Robert Turie, by will, 1720, gave to the inhabitants of Stoney Middleton, and their successors, a yearly rent charge of £3, issuing out of two messuages in Derwent Dale, (See *Derwent chapelry*). The sum of £2 is received by the schoolmaster from the incumbent of Derwent, for which he teaches six poor children to read, but the donor's will expresses that nine are to be taught to read. The school was built on the waste land by subscription.

Ashton's Dole.—An annual sum of £10 is paid by John Spencer Ashton Shuttleworth, Esq., of Hathersage, to the chapelwardens and overseers of this chapelry, by whom it is distributed on St. Thomas's day to the poor, in sums varying from 2s. to 10s. This, the returns of 1786 state, arises from the will of Benjamin Ashton, the great grandfather of the late Major Shuttleworth.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's Charity.—(See *Bradley*).—The annual sum of £5 10s., received by the incumbent, is laid out in coarse woollen and flannel, and distributed to the poor about Christmas.

HATHERSAGE.

Post Office, at Mr. Wm. Cresswell's; letters arrive by mail cart from Bakewell at 8.30 a.m., and are despatched at 4.45 p.m. *Money Orders* granted and paid from 9 to 6.

Blackshaw Elizabeth, schoolmistress
 Buxton George, clerk
 Buxton Samuel, saddler & harness maker
 Cocker Mrs. Ann
 Cocker Joseph Robert, needle, &c. manufacturer; h. *Broom Cottage*
 Cook Richard George, needle, &c. manufacturer; h. *Eastwood Cottage*
 Cook Robert, Esq., *Barnfield House*
 Cooper George, timber dealer, & saw mills
 Cottingham Rev. Henry, M.A., *Vicarage*
 Cresswell William, schoolmaster
 Elliott Misses Elizabeth & Maria
 Eyre Thomas, Esq., *Moor Seats*
 Frith Seth, Music wire mnfr., and parish clerk

Froggatt Richard, collector of poor rates, and property & income tax, and surveyor of highways
 Froggatt Robert, carver and gilder
 Gibson Georgiana, boarding school
 Howard Joseph, iron & tin plate worker
 Le Dréau Rev. Louis Michael, Catholic priest
 Middleton Mrs. Betty
 Middleton George, plumber & glazier
 Moore Methuselah, surgeon
 Morton Mr. William
 Peel Charles James, Esq., *Nether Hall*
 Sherriff Mrs. Elizabeth
 Shuttleworth John Spencer Ashton, Esq., *The Hall*

Smith Sebastian, parish constable
 Spencer George Holmes, file, &c. manu-
 facturer; h. Derwent villa
 Wiggett Joseph, hackle & gill pin maker

Inns and Taverns.

Bell Inn, Richard Froggatt
 Fox House Inn, Hannah Furniss
 George Inn, James Morton
 Millstone Elizabeth Wilkins, *Booths*
 Ordnance Arms Inn, Richard Perks
 Scotchman's Pack, Robert Taylor

Millstone Manufacturers.

Cooper David
 Hattersley William, Old Booth Edge, and
 Oller Tor Grey millstone quarries
 Marples Thomas & Co., Tagney's and High
 Tor quarries
 Shuttleworth John Spencer Ashton, Bole
 Hill quarries

Beerhouses.

Frost Joseph
 Smith Sarah, *Leach*

Blacksmiths.

Buttery John
 Grayson John
 Wainwright Charles

Butchers.

Grayson Thomas
 Frost Joseph
 Harrison Joseph

Farmers.

Bradbury Samuel
 Bradwall Hugh
 Broomhead Henry
 Broomhead Robert
 Broomhead Thomas
 Hall Jonth., *Booths*
 Hattersley Jno. *Tooth*
Hill
 Hodgkinson John,
Lane Head
 Littlewood B. & R.,
Out Lane
 Ollerenshaw John

Middleton Isaac,

Scrapper Low
 Morton James
 Platts John, *Nether*
Hurst
 Potlard John, *Green*
Wood

Priestley Peter,
Mitchell Field
 Priestley Saml. *Over*
Stones

Silvester Saml. Chas.
 Smith John, *Leach*
 Smith Sebastian, (and
 cattle dealer)
 Swindell Wm., *Har-*
per Lees
 Taylor Robert
 Thorpe Seth, *Padley*
 Turner Jno. *Old Mill*
 Watts Hannah
 Wilkins Elizabeth,
Booths

File and Steel Manufrs.

Spencer and Co.

Needle, Hackle, and Gill Pin, &c. Manufacturers.

Child Tobias, manufacturer of cast steel
 wire, and hackle, and gill pins of every
 description, *Victoria works*
 Cocker and Sons, merchants and manu-
 facturers of cast steel of various qualities,
 best cast steel wire, drilled eye'd needles,
 hand and machine hackles, copper gills
 of all kinds; hackle and gill pins, combs,
 and porcupines, for flax, wool, and silk,
 wool combers' broaches, spiral, loom, and
 others springs, temples, temple teeth, awl
 blades, fish hooks, &c., *Atlas works*
 Cook Robert & Co., merchants and manu-
 facturers of needles, cast steel wire, and
 hackle, and gill pins.
 Cooper David, manufacturer of hackle and
 gill pins, needles, &c.

Joiners and Builders.

Smith William
 Wilson George, (and
 wheelwright)

Quarry Owners.

Hall Jonth., *Reeve*
Edge
 Simpson Geo., (slate)
High Lees
 Townsend William,
Moscar

Shoemakers.

Buttery James
 Taylor Henry

Shopkeepers.

Broomhead Henry
 Broomhead Thomas,
 (and miller)
 Burrows Benjamin
 Darvil John
 Slack Robert

Stonemasons.

Fletcher Thomas
 Fox Charles
 Gillott Thomas
 Whall Benjamin
 Wilson James, (mcht.)

Tailors.

Cheatham Charles
 Eyre William
 Wiggett George

Omnibuses.

To Sheffield, at 7.30
 a.m., and Castleton,
 at 6 p.m. Tu. Thu.
 and Sat.
 To Castleton, at 11
 a.m., and Sheffield,
 at 6 p.m., Sunday
 and Monday

Carrier to Sheffield.

Benjamin Burrows,
 Tu. Thur. & Sat.

BAMFORD TOWNSHIP.

Andrew John, linen draper
 Barber John, shepherd
 Derwent John, joiner
 Derwent Joseph, bobbin turner
 Freeman Joseph, engineer
 Hibberson John, veterinary surgeon, and
 collector of property and income tax,
Sickleholme
 Hill Abner, cashier at the mill
 Mc Mullin John, mill overlooker
 Moore S. M. & Son, oqton doublers and
 8, Mill st., Ancoats, Manchester
 Moore William C., Esq.

Phips Henry, mill overlooker
 Robinson John, machinist
 Turner Joseph, butcher
 Wainwright William, blacksmith, *Mythem*
Bridge
 Walton John, machinist
 Walton William, machinist
 William George, mill manager

Inns and Taverns.

Anglers' Inn, James Tagg
 Yorkshire Bridge Inn, George Fox

Farmers.
Cotterill Thomas
Fox George, *Yorkshire Bnidge*
Hibberson John,
Sickleholme
Hibberson William,
Sickleholme
Ibbotson Samuel
Jowle Christopher
Marsden Ambrose
Merriman Mary Ann
Platts George
Robinson James

Robinson Joseph
Shaw Thomas
Tagg James
Turner Robert
Webb Wm., *Mytham Bridge*
Woodhouse William

Shoemakers.
Eyre George
Littlewood John
Robinson Joseph
Shaw John
Shaw Thomas

Shopkeepers.
Ibbotson Samuel
Jowle Christopher
Robinson Samuel
Thorpe Ruth
Woodhouse Wm.

Slaters.
Bradbury Benjamin
Bradbury Charles
Bradbury Chas., jun.
Bradbury William

Stonemasons.
Harrop Joseph
Marsden Charles
Melland John

Tailors.
Barker Joseph
Robinson John

Wheelwrights and Carpenters.
Marsden Ambrose
Moulson Thomas

DERWENT TOWNSHIP.

*Those marked * are at Cocks Bridge.*

Creed Rev. Henry K., incumbent
* Ellis Benjamin, blacksmith, and shop-keeper
* Marshall Joseph, wheelwright
Newdigate George, Esq., *Derwent Hall*

Robinson Charles Henry, vict., Ashopton Inn
Slack John, shoemaker
Thorpe John, corn miller
Thorpe John, vict., Board
* Thorpe William, woodman

Farmers.
Brooks John
Dawson Matthew

Ibbotson Jph., *Moss Car Bar*
Oates Benjamin,
Grane Foot

* Robinson Chas. Hy.
Shepherd A. & E.
Thorpe David
Thorpe Martha

Thorpe William
Wagstaff John
Walker William
Wilson Chas., *Abbey*

OUTSEATS TOWNSHIP.

Eyre Misses A. M. & H., *North Lees Hall*
Hickinson William, woodman
Marsden Charles, manfr. of coarse brown paper, *Green's House Paper mill*

Middleton William, pumber & glazier
Ronksley Isaac, beerhouse
Wright Miss Hannah, *Brook Field*

Farmers.
Crossland Samuel
Eyre George, *North Lees Hall*

Farnsworth Anthony
Grayson Benjamin
Grayson Thomas
Ibotson Charles
Ibotson Henry

Littlewood B.
Littlewood Ellis
Littlewood Robert
Marsden Charles

Platts John
Priestley George
Thorp Henry
Wilson James

STONEY MIDDLETON CHAPELRY.

Post Office, at Mr. Samuel Marsden's; letters arrive from Bakewell at 7.30 a.m., and are despatched at 5.45 p.m.

*Those marked * are in Eyam Township.*

Lord Denman, Right Hon. Thomas
* Barnes William, blacksmith
Bentley Robert, mineral agent
Chapman Daniel, barber
* Cooper Benjamin, cooper
* Furness Peter, gent.
* Grattan William, lodgings
Jones Henry, schoolmaster
Marples Isaac, saddler
* Marsden Geo., saw handle maker
Mottram Joseph, plasterer & slater
Sellers John, parish clerk
Smith Mr. John
Smith Rev. Urban, M.A., incumbent
Wallis Charles, currier

Washington George, relieving officer for the Northern division of Bakewell Union.

Inns and Taverns.

* Ball, Mary Bradshaw
* Bull's Head, Sarah Cocker
* Grouse, George Barker
* Lover's Leap, Samuel Mason
Miners' Arms, Joseph Pursglove
Moon Inn, *Family, Commercial, and Posting Hotel*, Robert Heginbotham
Royal Oak, Alexander Joseph Sellers
Stag's Head, John Hallam
Sun, John Lancake

Barytes Manfrs.
Heginbotham Robert,
(and agent to the
Birmingham Fire
office)

Beesom Makers.
* Jackson & Johnson
* Jupp William

Boot & Shoe Mkrs.
Cocker James
Hallam Benjamin
Heginbotham Joseph
Johnstone John
Maddock John
Robinson Jasper
Sellers Alexander
Joseph
Swindell Charles

Butchers.
* Barker George
Hancock Francis
Pursglove Joseph

Farmers.
Ashton Geo., (& stone
mason)
Booth George, *High
Field*
* Elliott Alice
Hallam James
Hallam John
Hallam Jonathan
Hallam Wm.
Hancock Francis
Hancock Joseph
Hancock Thomas
Heginbotham Henry
* Hinch Thomas, (and
corn miller)
Hulley John
* Moseley John
Moseley William
Pinder Robert

Lead Smelters.
Barker T. R. & Rose
Wyatt William

Lime Burners.
Hancock & Bennett
Mason & Pinder

Shopkeepers.
Bagley John
Cocker Francis
Goddard William
Hancock Francis
Jackson James
Lancake John
Marshall Michael
Redecen Thomas

Tailors.
Morton Henry
Unwin Edwin

Tallow Chandlers.
* Furness Thomas
* Goddard Thomas

**Wheelwrights and
Joiners.**
Buxton George
* Mason William

Sellers Thomas, (and
timber dealer), *The
Dale*

Coaches.
From the Moon Inn,
To Sheffield, the
Lucy Long, daily at
4 p.m., during the
season; and during
winter months, on
Tues. and Satur.,
at 8 a.m.
To Buxton, daily,
during the season,
at 11.30 a.m.

Carriers.
To Chesterfield daily,
Robt. Heginbotham

To Sheffield, Tu. and
Sat., Wm. Hallam,
Hy. Goddard, Geo.
Marsden, and Peter
Elliott.

HOPE is an extensive parish, containing the townships of Hope, Abney and Abney Grange, Aston, Bradwell, Brough and Shatton, Fairfield chapelry, Fernilee, Grindlow, Hazlebadge, Highlow, Hucklow Great, Hucklow Little, Offerton, Padley Nether, Stoke, Thornhill, Wardlow, (part of) and Woodland Hope, which, together contain 41,131A. OR. 5P. of land, including roads and waste, and in 1851 had 980 houses and 4604 inhabitants, of whom 2359 were males and 2245 were females; rateable value £19,178 2s. 1d.

HOPE is a small pleasant and well built market town, situated on the Sheffield and Chapel-en-le-Frith turnpike road, and at the confluence of two streams, which form the river Noe, 6 miles N. by E. from Tideswell, 4 miles W.S.W. from Hathersage, and 15 miles S.W. from Sheffield, contains 2500 acres of fertile land, and in 1851 had 99 houses and 429 inhabitants, of whom 215 were males and 214 females; rateable value £2219 9s. 1d. Colonel Leslie is the principal owner, Benj. Bagshaw, Esq., Mr. Robt. Middleton, Mrs. Nuttall, Wm. Fleming, M.D., Mr. Chpr. Greaves Middleton, Mr. Thos. Elliott, and Philip Hubbersty, Esq., are also owners. The Church, dedicated to St. Peter, is a vicarage, valued in the King's book at £13 13s. 4d., now £380, endowed with £10 private benefaction, in the peculiar jurisdiction and patronage of the Dean and Chapter of Lichfield. The Rev. Chas. John Daniel, M.A., is the incumbent. The Church is a large ancient structure, in the later style of English architecture, with nave, chancel, side aisles, a tower surmounted by a spire, in which is a peal of six good bells. The vicarage is a handsome stone residence, erected in 1856, on the site of the old one, a little south of the Church, at a cost of £1000 aided by a grant of £600 from the Church Building Society. In the Church is a monument to Henry Balguy, Esq., of Rowlee, who died in 1685. The large tithe have been sold to the land owners, and the small are commuted for. The award of the enclosure was signed 31st December, 1819. The manor of Hope was part of the ancient demense of the crown, and had seven hamlets annexed to it at the Domesday survey; it was afterwards considered as part of the manor of the High Peak, and that manor having since been divided into two, it is now esteemed part of the manor of Castleton, held on lease by the Duke of Devonshire. Joseph Hall, Esq., is lord of the rectory manor. In 1205, King John granted the Church to the Bishop of Lichfield, with

the chapelry of Tideswell, then an appendage; by some subsequent arrangement it was vested in the dean and chapter, by whom the rectory manor was sold, in the reign of Edward VI., to Ralph Gell, Esq., of Hopton. The devisees in trust of Philip Gell, Esq., sold it to John Bagshaw, Esq., the latter conveyed it to the late Mr. Micah Hall, of Castleton. In the year 1715, John Balguy, Esq., of Hope Hall, procured a grant for a weekly market on Saturday, and four fairs. The market was long discontinued, but, in 1843, was again revived, and was held on Thursday, until 1855, when a cattle market was established, which is held on the last Wednesday in every month; and the fairs, principally for cattle, are held March 28th and May 13th, with a statutes for hiring servants, on the latter day. The Wesleyan Methodists have a neat chapel here, erected in 1835. Here is an ancient school, endowed with £8 per annum, in which the teacher's old oak chair, dated 1664, has an inscription upon it, "*Ex torto ligno non fit Mercurius*," translated thus—"An Apollo is not made out of a twisted log."

Eccles House, half a mile south of the village, pleasantly situated on an eminence, is the property of Wm. Fleming, Esq., M.D., of Westmorland, and residence of William and A. B. Greaves. About half a mile west from Hope is the cupola of Robt. How Ashton, Esq.

Pimdale Lime Works, are situated 1 mile S.W. from Hope. This lime is considered to be the best in the county for agricultural purposes, Mr. Nathan Woodroffe Ashton, proprietor. The Independent Order of Odd Fellows have a lodge here, who hold their meetings at the Hall Hotel. Here is also a male and female sick and a funeral society in the town.

CHARITIES—*Rev. Francis Gisborne's Charity*.—(See *Bradley*).—The annual sum of £5 10s., received by the vicar for the township of Hope, is laid out in coarse woollen cloth and flannel, and distributed by him amongst the poor about Christmas.

Hope School.—By indentures, March, 1742, Francis Foljambe and five others were appointed trustees, the vicar being one. It is also recited that a messuage in Hope, containing fourteen yards in length and seven in breadth, was conveyed to trustees by Thomas Stevenson, for a free school in Hope, for the habitation of a schoolmaster, and that Thomas Wormald, and Martha his wife, in consideration of £100, conveyed to the trustees of the school a piece of land in Chinley, in the parish of Glossop, called Upper South Head, with a slate break, in trust, that they should pay the clear yearly rents to the schoolmaster at Hope. The property belonging to the school consists of 16 acres of land at Chinley, now let for £7 a year, stated to be its full value, also a stone quarry, for which the master, up to 1817, received £5 a year. Since that period nothing has been received. The master ought to have a residence, with a small garden; he also is intitled to £1 11s. 6d. yearly as the interest of one moiety of Champion's legacy, for which he teaches reading to ten children, both of which have not been allowed for some years. The present vicar is taking great interest in searching into the rights of this school.

Rev. Jacob Creswell, by will, in 1722, gave to the poor of Hope, to be paid every New Year's day, the sum of £1 5s. A piece of land, in an open field in Hope, appears to have been derived from this donor, and by the award of the commissioners, 1819, an allotment was set out to the poor of Hope, containing 4A. 0R. 32P., which, it is stated, was set out in lieu of the above-mentioned land, and also of another piece in the same field, the rents of which had always been carried to the account of the headborough of Hope. The allotment forms one field, let by the overseer for £9 9s. per annum, of which £4 is paid to Creswell's charity, £2 16s. to the headborough, and £2 13s. to the overseer's accounts. It does not appear why any part is carried to the overseer's account. The sum of £4 is disposed of by the overseer, on account of this charity on New Year's day, amongst poor persons of the township of Hope, in sums varying from 1s. to 4s.

Mrs. Creswell, relict of Jacob Creswell, by will, in 1730, left a close, called the Hall Croft Head, in Hope, and a house in Castleton, the profits thereof to be employed in putting out poor children as apprentices. The Hall Croft Head is now let for £6 per annum, and a carpenter's shop, formerly a dwelling-house, for £2 10s. The rents are applied in placing out apprentices, with whom from £4 to £5 is paid, and in providing them previously, with

clothing. At the time of our enquiry, there was a balance of £29 11s. 9d. in the overseer's hands.

Joseph Champion, by will, 1784, left the sum of £70 to be placed out on interest, one half of which to be paid yearly to the schoolmaster of Hope, to teach so many as it will pay for, to read, and the other half to be laid out in wheaten bread, weekly, and given to such poor persons as should attend divine service on a Sunday morning, the vicar or curate, and churchwardens to be trustees. The £70 is lent on interest, at 4½ per cent., of which one half is paid to the schoolmaster, and the remaining £1 11s. 6d, is expended in bread.

Henry Balguy it is stated on a tablet of benefactions, gave £10 to the poor of Hope, and £5 for putting out apprentices. The former sum, it is supposed, was paid to the school account, but of the latter we have obtained no information.

ARNEY and ARNEY GRANGE, form a joint township, and consists of two small hamlets and a few scattered farms 4 miles N.E. from Tideswell, and 3 miles S.W. from Hathersage, contains 685A. 3R. 29P. of gritstone land, (besides 500 acres of commons not rated) and in 1851 had 21 houses and 99 inhabitants, of whom 61 were males and 38 females; rateable value £685. Humphrey Bowles, Esq., is lord of the manor, and owns four-fifths of the land, and Colonel Leslie the remainder. Tithes were commuted in 1848 for £91. There are no mines worked here now, and some of the oldest inhabitants remember twenty houses more than at present in the township. The Wesleyan Methodists have a small chapel, in which a Sunday school is kept. The manor, (*Habena*) at the Domesday survey belonged to William Peverel. In the reign of Edward II. it belonged to the family of Archer, and at a later period to one of the Bagshaw family, by whom it was sold to the Bradshaws, when, after two centuries, it passed to the Galiards of Edmonton, in Middlesex. The sister and coheirress of the latter brought it to Charles Bowles, Esq., of East Shean, in Surrey.

ASTON is a small village and township containing several scattered houses, situated on an acclivity 1 mile E. from Hope, and 6½ miles N.N.E. from Tideswell, contains 540 acres of land, partly clay and red soil, including 33 acres of plantations, and in 1851 had 23 houses and 119 inhabitants, of whom 62 were males and 57 females; rateable value £335 It is in the manor of Hope. Colonel Leslie, Robert How Ashton, Esq., Rev. Joseph Nodder, with several others are owners. Tithes were commuted in 1847. The vicar of Hope receives £50 for large tithe, and Mr. Joseph Goodwin, 20s. for small tithe.

BRADWELL is a large ancient irregular built village and township, in a sheltered situation, nearly surrounded with lofty hills, 4 miles N.N.E. from Tideswell, 10 miles N.N.W. from Bakewell, 4 miles S.W. from Hathersage, contains 2270 acres of land, and in 1851 had 306 houses and 1334 inhabitants, of whom 650 were males and 684 females; rateable value £1,925. It is in the manor of Castleton. Col. Leslie owns nearly one half of the township. There are also about 140 small freeholders. The land is considered good for grazing purposes, and Bradwell hills are noted for their rich herbage, peculiarly adopted for young horses, great numbers of which are sent from various parts of the country. Mining operations are the chief employment of the inhabitants, and veins of lead ore, running from east to west, are worked to a distance of three miles from the village. There are three cupolas for smelting lead ore, two of which are at present standing, the other is worked by the Brightside Mining Compy. Mr. Thos. Burgoyne has large works here for smelting slag. Hats have been made for a considerable period in the village. The Pimdale Limeworks are situated 1 mile S. from Hope. The lime is considered to be the best in the county for agricultural purposes; Mr. N. W. Ashton, proprietor. The tithe was commuted in 1844 for £103. The Wesleyan Methodists have a neat chapel here, erected in 1807, and a Sunday school in 1844, at a cost of £200, raised by subscription. The Primitive Methodsits have a large stone chapel, erected in 1845, at a cost of £700, and they now use a chapel, which formerly belonged to the Baptists, as a Sunday school. The Unitarian chapel was rebuilt in 1754. Bradwell Sunday school was erected by general subscription in 1826, at a cost of £300, in which a day school is also kept. A school was built in 1825 by John

Birley, Esq., and endowed by Elias Marshall with £3 per annum, for which five children are taught free. *Bradwell Dale* is a romantic chasm of high rocks and precipitous cliffs, which extend to Hazlebadge. Near Eden Tree, or Bath Tavern, are two saline springs, the property of Mr. Middleton, the use of which has been found very efficacious in many instances; they are only a few degrees of lower temperature than the Buxton or Matlock waters. This place is noted for its crystalized or Bagshaw cavern, which was discovered about 1807, and extends in a succession of rocky fissures and chasms for nearly half a mile. The cavern is entered by a descent of 126 rough hewn steps, which lead to the first landing; from this place the caverns are approached by low narrow passages, but, having surmounted these difficulties, scenes of unparalleled beauty and splendour succeed. The different recesses, from their singular beauty, are dignified with appropriate names, as the Grotto of Calypso, the Grotto of Paradise, the Music Chamber, Constellation Grotto, Hall of State, &c., &c. On entering this cavern, the convenient covering of the miners is necessary, and in visiting it the lover of nature cannot be disappointed, it is so rich in stalactitic matter. Mr. Michah Hall is the guide.

CHARITIES.—*Elias Marshall*, in 1765, gave a piece of land beneath the Long Meadow Causeway, containing half an acre; another parcel of enclosed land in the town furlong, with a barnstead at the east end, containing half an acre, all in Bradwell, upon trust, out of the rents to cause five of the poorest children in Bradwell to read. The property now consists of a close called the Molly Pingle, containing 2R. 34P., and an allotment set out at the enclosure of 1R. 22P., in the Butts, let for £3 per annum; another small allotment, too trifling to enclose was sold for £5. The rent is received by one of the trustees, and paid to a schoolmistress, who keeps a school in a room built by Mr. Birley, for that purpose; she instructs five children in reading.

Thomas Hallam, by will, 1729, gave, to the poor of Bradwell half an acre of land in a place called the Moor Hall, for ever, the rents thereof to be distributed to poor widows and fatherless children on St. Thomas's day. George Barnsley, who for many years occupied this land at the rent of 12s. 6d., sold it about the year 1806 as his own property, subject to the above rent for the poor. About 1811, an allotment of seven perches on Bradwell Edge was awarded in respect of it, the whole of which is now let for £2 17s. per annum. It seems evident that George Barnsley had no title to the premises, and that the charity is entitled to the land, with the allotment set out in respect of it. The present owner pays 12s. 6d. to the overseer, who distributes it on St. Thomas's day.

Thomas Middleton, by will, 1729, left to the poor of Bradwell the sum of 5s., to be paid every St. Thomas's day. There is also another rent charge mentioned in the returns of 1786, of 5s., given by Thomas Middleton, weaver.. The yearly sum of 10s., is now paid by Thomas Middleton, in respect of the Bank Closes which is distributed as directed.

Mary Hall, by will, 1762, bequeathed to poor widows and fatherless children of Bradwell 15s. yearly, to be paid on St. Thomas's day by her executor, George Barnsley, chargeable on a piece of land called the Moor Law. By an agreement with the overseers, dated 16th December, 1799, the said George Barnsley gave to the poor of Bradwell two cottage houses on Bradwell hills, each of them let at the rent of 18s. a year, on the payment of £5 to the said George Barnsley, and 15s. yearly on St. Thomas's day. The overseers of the township are in possession of the cottages, and the yearly sum of 15s. is paid out of the poor rates, and distributed according to the donor's intention.

Mr. Artram, it is stated on a tablet in Hope church, left to the poor of Bradwell 12s., to be paid every St. Thomas's day. The yearly sum of 15s. is stated to have been formerly paid by Isaac Morton from a piece of land called the Hinde-tongue's Legge, which had been secured by deed dated 12th September, 1667, but it has been discontinued for a long period; attempts have, been made to recover it, but there seems to be no sufficient evidence to support the claim.

BROUGH and SHATTON hamlets form a joint township, which contains 980A. 3R. 11P. of meadow, arable, and pasture land, (inclusive of 530 acres of common land,) and in 1851 had 20 houses, and 98 inhabitants, of whom 45 were males, and 53 females; rateable value £539 19s. 7d. It is in the manor of Castleton. The Duke of Devonshire, Colonel Leslie, Francis B. Champion, Esq., Rev. John Champion, Executors of Jonathan Taylor, Mr. William Greaves, Thomas Cockayne, Thomas Wilson, and Miss Rawson, are the owners. The former is lord of the manor.

BROUGH is a small pleasant village, 1 mile S.E. from Hope, and 5 miles N.N.E. from Tideswell; it is a place of considerable antiquity, and was of some importance in the time of the Romans. It is said to have been the Roman station, *Crecoland*, and that there was a castle near the confluence of two streams, Noe and the Bradwell waters. The angle of two streams is a situation which the Romans seem always to have chosen if they could possibly obtain it. Numerous relics have been found here, consisting of every species of Roman antiquities, amongst which was a gold coin of Vespasian. In 1761, the Rev. Mr. Pegge visited the place, and saw a rude bust of Apollo, and of another deity, in stone. A double row of gritstone pillars formerly crossed the field in which, the two streams have their confluence, and foundations of buildings have been turned up by the plough, on every side, when pieces of swords, spears, bridle bits, tiles, and bricks have been found. About seventy years ago, two large urns containing ashes were taken out of the ground in a fine state of preservation, which were sent to London; at a later period, a half-length figure of a woman was found, with her arms folded across her breast, cut in rough gritstone. Brough Mill, which in the reign of Edward III. belonged to the family of Strelley, was then held by the service of attending the King on horseback whenever he should come into Derbyshire, carrying a heroner, (heron falcon.) If his horse should die on the journey, the king was to buy him another, and to provide two robes and *bouche* of court.

SHATTON (Upper and Lower) 1 mile E. from *Brough*, consists of four farms.

FERNILEE, or FERNEY-LEY, a scattered village and township pleasantly situated near the river Goyt, on the road from Whaley Bridge to Buxton, 4 miles S.W. from Chapel-en-le-Frith, and $5\frac{1}{4}$ miles N.W. from Buxton, contains 2566A. 0R. 36P. of land, (soil various,) and in 1851 had 140 houses, and 651 inhabitants, of whom 335 were males, and 316 females; rateable value £1,632 12s. It is in the manor of the High Peak. The principal owners are Duke of Devonshire, J. W. Jodrell, Esq., Guy Gisborne, Esq., Samuel Grimshaw, Esq., Edward Marshland, Esq., Thomas Williamson, Esq., George Dunn, Esq., Mr. John Dixon, Mrs. Mary Stevenson, and Daniel Rawson, Esq. The High Peak railway passes through the township from Whaley to Cromford, near the Manchester and Burton turnpike road. In 1848, a National school was erected of stone, the cost being raised by subscription and grants. The building consists of one large long room which will accommodate about 200, and the average attendance is about 80; there is a house for the master and mistress attached.

Buxton Powder Works, situated on the Goyt, 4 miles N. from Buxton, on the Manchester road, are occupied by Messrs. Williamson's.

HORRIDGE or HORWICH END, is a village at the junction of the Buxton, Stockport and Macclesfield roads, 3 miles W. from Chapel-en-le-Frith. In 1821, the Wesleyan Methodists erected a neat stone chapel here, this being the most populous part, having the colliery of the late Thomas Gisborne, Esq., M.P., now in the possession of Guy Gisborne, Esq., and extends into the township of Bradshaw Edge. The lower bed is 4 feet 6 inches thick, of which about 3 feet is very inferior, mostly used for the burning of lime, the remaining 18 inches being used for house fires. A small coal of about 18 inches thick, lying 40 yards above the bottom coal, is in great request for smithies, and the blacksmiths fetch it for 20 miles round. A seam varying from 20 inches to 2 feet, lying 20 yards above the smithy coal, is the best for house fires the neighbourhood produces. New pits have been sunk and a powerful engine put down for the getting this coal; the old workings, by means of a level driven east into the hills, being run out. A lead mine, running nearly

east and west, cut vertically through the coal strata, has been worked for more than 20 years, yielding a very fine ore. It is almost invariably fruitful when it passes through the last of the three strata of coal mentioned, and yields specimens of a rib of lead ore with the pure coal adhering to each side. Near Horwich End, on the Derbyshire side the river Goyt, but in Taxall liberty, Cheshire, is a colour manufactory, and the extensive bleach works for cotton yarn, with a water and steam power of upwards of 50 horses. Here is a lodge of the Ancient Order of Foresters, who hold their meetings at the White Horse Inn. *Horridge* is a corruption of *High Ridge*, but now spelt *Horwich*.

Shallcross Hall, 3 miles W. from Chapel-en-le-Frith, a handsome stone residence, was for six generations the seat of an ancient family, John Shallcross, Esq., the last heir male, who was sheriff of the county in 1686, died in 1733. It is now the property of J. W. Joddrell, Esq., and residence of Mr. E. Hall.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Ouff*, by will, 1629, left all his estate in Kettleshume, to six townships, Fernilee in Derbyshire, and Taxall, Kettleshume, Disley, Prestbury, and Macclesfield, in Cheshire, to every township an equal share of the profits. By the parliamentary returns of 1786, it appears the late trustee, Robert Longden, paid to every one of the townships £1 3s. 4d., and that he paid the residue of the rent, which was £12 or £14 per annum, to a school in his township of Fernilee. The yearly sum of £18 is now paid to a schoolmaster, who teaches eight poor children, by the tenant of an estate in Kettleshume. The school is taught in an ancient building supposed to have been erected by the above named Thomas Ouff.

Thomas Hibbert, in 1676, gave the interest of £60, to be laid out to the use of the poor children of Fernilee, Taxall, Whaley, and Chapel-en-le-Frith, to be paid every year towards putting out a poor child apprentice, the said sum was fixed upon lands called the Folds, in this township, and £3 is received every fourth year from the tenant, and applied by the overseer in putting a poor child out apprentice.

Rev. — Shallcross.—The yearly sum of 10s. is received from Wm. Needham, as a charge upon his estate at Upper Hill in Fernilee. We have not been able to obtain any authentic account of the origin of the donation. The amount is distributed by the overseer amongst the poor.

GRINDLOW or GREENLOW, a small village and township, situated in an open country, 2¼ miles E.N.E. from Tideswell, 5 miles S. from Hope, contains 269 acres of tithe-free land, partly on lime, and partly on gritstone, and in 1851 had 19 houses, and 91 inhabitants, of whom 51 were males, and 40 females; rateable value £320. It appears to have gradually declined with the lead mining interest, for in the year 1789, it contained 30 houses, and by the census of 1811, there were 24; it doubtless took its name from the circular elevation in the centre of the village, which was formerly crowned with timber, of which nothing remains, except a few firs, of very stunted growth. A bold ridge of hills, about half a mile N.E. of the village, rises to a considerable height, and commands some very extensive views of the surrounding country. This manor, *Greneslow* in Pecco, was given by King John, 1199 or 1200, to the monastery of Lilleshull, in Shropshire. King Edward VI., in 1552, granted it by the name of Greenlow Grange to Sir Wm. Cavendish. In 1641, it belonged to William Cavandish, Earl of Newcastle, being then valued at £156 8s. per annum. It was afterwards the property of Sergeant Hill, whose heires carried it to the Honourable William Cockayne, from whose family it passed by sale to the Coxes, of Derby, and in like manner, a few years ago, to its present possessor, Andrew Brittlebank, Esq.

HAZLEBADGE, is a small township, consisting of nine scattered farms, 3 miles N.N.E. from Tideswell, contains 950 acres of land, partly on gritstone, and partly on lime, containing lead, and in 1851, had 55 inhabitants, of whom 29 were males and 26 females; of the rateable value of £830; it is a tithe-free estate, of which the Duke of Rutland is sole owner. This manor (*Heslebec*) belonged to William Peverell at Domesday survey.

In the fourteenth century, it was in the family of Strelley, afterwards in the Vernons, but it has long been the inheritance of the family of its present possessor.

HIGHLOW, another small township, situated 1½ miles S.W. from Hathersage, and 4 miles S.E. from Hope, contains 418A. 3R. 34P. of land, and in 1851, had 9 houses and 38 inhabitants, of whom 16 were males and 22 females; rateable value £278 6s. 1d. The Duke of Devonshire is sole owner, and it forms a manor with Brough, Offerton, and Shatton, of which the Duke is lord. This manor in the reign of Edward II. belonged to an ancient family of the name of Archer, supposed to be extinct at an early period. In the following century it became the property and seat of a younger branch of the family of Eyre, one of whose descendants, in the early part of the eighteenth century, took the name of Archer. After the death of John Archer, Esq., it was sold under a decree of chancery, in 1842, to the Duke of Devonshire. *Lead Mill*, ¾ mile from S. from Hathersage, consists of a few houses. Here formerly were some lead works. *Highlow Hall*, situated on an eminence 1½ miles S.W. from Hathersage, is an ancient mansion, the property of the Duke of Devonshire, and the residence of Mr. John Bagshaw.

HUCKLOW GREAT, township and pleasant village, on the Sheffield and Tideswell road, 2¼ miles N.E. from Tideswell, contains 1,166 acres of land, partly on grit, and partly on limestone, and in 1851, had 51 houses, and 232 inhabitants, of whom 124 were males and 108 females; rateable value £965. Mrs. Wake, of Sheffield, is lady of the manor and considerable owner. The executors of late John Radford, Esq., and several others, are freeholders. This is a rich mineral district, and lead mines extend east and west of the village, to a considerable distance. Mining is the chief employment of the inhabitants. The Wesleyan Methodists have a neat chapel here, erected in 1806, and the Unitarians have a good one, erected in 1796, of which the Rev. Robert Shenton is the pastor. The Presbyterian congregation was first established at Great Hucklow, by the Rev. William Bagshaw, a celebrated nonconformist divine, commonly called the Apostle of the Peak; he was also a native of the village. Great Hucklow was formerly parcel of the Duchy of Lancaster, manor of the High Peak, on lease to the Duke of Devonshire. Ralph de Archer, held a message and lands in Great Hucklow, in the reign of Edward I., by the service of keeping the King's forest with bow and arrows. A considerable freehold estate, then called manor in Great Hucklow, belonged to the Earl of Newcastle, in the reign of Charles I. This estate was sold to John Bagshaw, Esq., of Hucklow, from whom it passed by descent to the family of Rich, and the principal part was purchased some time ago by John Radford, Esq., of Smalley, in whose family it is still vested. Feast, last Sunday in August.

CHARITIES.—*John Bagshaw*, by will, in 1704, devised to his son, Samuel Bagshaw, and his heirs, a meadow called Gill Meadow, in Driffield, on trust that they should pay to such preaching minister as should serve in Great Hucklow, the sum of £4 at Midsummer and Christmas, and should also pay yearly the sum of £1 amongst the most indigent persons in Great Hucklow, on the feast of St. Thomas. The above sums were paid by the steward of Mr. Milnes, until about the year 1805. Upon the sale of Mr. Milnes's estate to different purchasers, the payments were discontinued. We have not been able to ascertain who is the owner of the land called Gill Meadow, in Driffield.

HUCKLOW LITTLE, is a small ancient village and township, 2 miles N.N.E. from Tideswell, and 3½ miles S. by E. from Hope, contains 400 acres of land, principally on limestone with lead ore, and in 1851, had 49 houses, and 235 inhabitants, of whom 128 were males, and 107 females; rateable value £380. Captain William Carlyle is lord of the manor and principal owner. Col. Leslie, and Mr. Thomas Pierson, of Sheffield, are also owners. This manor was for many generations in the family of Foljambe. The Primitive Methodists have a small chapel here. *Coplow Dale*, ½ mile N. from the village. *Windmill* a small hamlet, 1 mile S. from Little Hucklow. Feast, last Sunday in August.

PADLEY, NETHER, a small township, pleasantly situated on the Sheffield road, 2¼ miles S. by E. from Hathersage, and overlooking the vale of the Derwent, which separates this

from Woodland Eyam. It contains 260 acres of land, a gritstone soil, and in 1851 had 8 houses, and 47 inhabitants, of whom 27 were males, and 20 females; rateable value £239 18s. Edmund Gillings Maynard, Esq., is sole owner and lord of the manor. The tithes have been commuted, large for £24, lamb and wool £3, vicarial £12 3s.

Directory.—John Crossland, farmer, *Maynard Arms Farm*; Matthew Crossland farmer; Elizabeth White, vict., Grouse Inn, *Common*; and Thomas White farmer, *Tagnes*.

OFFERTON, a small township, 4 miles S.E. from Hope, 1¼ mile W. by S. from Hathersage, contains 365A. 1R. 30P. of gritstone land, exclusive of 27A. 3R. 22P. woods, 9A. 3R. 3P. roads and rivers, and 245 acres of common not rateable. In 1851 here was 4 houses, and 27 inhabitants, of whom 13 were males, and 14 females; rateable value £362 7s. 4½d., Here was formerly a seat of the Eyres, which now belongs to Mrs. F. A. Shaw, and S. P. Shaw, Esq. The Duke of Devonshire holds the manor under the crown, and with Thomas Greaves, and Mellor School are owners. Tithes were commuted in 1848, large for £24, lamb and wool for £4 5s., and vicarial for £4. John Heald Bradwell, Robert Bradwell, and Wm. Robinson, *Garner House*. are the resident farmers, and are also owners.

STOKE, a small township and highly picturesque district, 1½ miles N.E. from Stoney Middleton, and contains 506 acres of land, and in 1851 had 12 houses, and 62 inhabitants, of whom 34 were males, and 28 females; rateable value £415 10s. The Hon. Henry Bridgman Simpson, of Babworth, Nottinghamshire, is the sole owner, and lord of the manor. Tithes were commuted in 1847 for £31 10s. 3d. *Stoke Hall* is a beautiful ancient stone mansion, embosomed in foilage, and situated on a gentle acclivity that forms the bank of the Derwent, the property of the Hon. H. B. Simpson. *Knouchley* is a pleasant farmhouse. *Goatscliff* formerly a noted millstone quarry, consists of a few scattered houses. The manor of Stoke was sold by Henry Lord Grey, of Codnor, about the year 1473, to Robert Barley, Esq., whose posterity resided at Stoke for several generations. In the reign of Charles I., it was one of the manors of William Cavendish, Earl of Newcastle. Jacinth Sacheverell was lord of this manor in 1656. The first Lord Bradford acquired it in marriage with the heiress of Simpson, from whom it has descended to the present possessor.

Directory.—Joseph Bennett, farmer, *Goatscliff*; Wm. Grant and Richard Gravenor, farmers, *Knouchley*; William Oates, wood steward, *The Hall*; George Outram, cowkeeper, Robert Outram, Peak and French, millstone maker, *Padle Wood Quarry*, *Grindleford Bridge*, and Thomas Outram, woodman.

THORNHILL is a small ancient village and township, situate on a fine eminence, 6½ miles N.E. by N. from Tideswell, 2 miles E. from Hope, contains 500 acres of land, and in 1851 had 29 houses and 151 inhabitants, of whom 81 were males, and 50 females; rateable value £500. Duke of Devonshire is lord of the manor, but Col. Leslie is the principal owner. Here are also several smaller owners. The large tithe has been commuted for £70, and the vicar of Hope has the small tithe. This manor belonged to a family who took their name from it, and by whom it was conveyed, about the beginning of the 15th century, to the Eyres, of Hope. John Eyre, of Hope, sold it, about the year 1602, to Adam Slack, yeoman, of Tideswell, by whose family it was sold, in 1613, to Thomas Eyre, Esq., of Hassop, ancestor of the late Earl Newburgh.

WARDLOW is a small village and township 2 miles E. by S. from Tideswell, partly in Bakewell parish.

WARDLOW MIRES, a hamlet, situated partly in the township of Wardlow, Great Hucklow, and Litton; it is also noticed with Bakewell parish.

WOODLAND HOPE is an extensive district and township, forming the north side of the parish of Hope, 4¾ miles N.N.W. from Hope, contains about 22,000 acres of land, of which 7,000 acres are rateable, and in 1851 had 43 houses, and 256 inhabitants, of whom 138 are males, and 118 females; rateable value £4,200. The Duke of Devonshire is lord of the manor and owner of 19,253A. 2R. 25P. of land, which contains no minerals. The houses are all scattered farm houses, of which several have lately been rebuilt. A few oats are grown, but the land is principally grass, and subject to the tithe of lamb and wool. *Snake*

Inn, on the Sheffield and Glossop turnpike road, 17 miles W. from Sheffield, and 7 miles S.E. from Glossop, is a commodious house. This township partakes of John Eyre's charity for teaching poor children and buying prayer books. (See *Derwent*, in Hathersage parish.)

HOPE DIRECTORY.

Post Office, at Mr. Thomas Howe's; letters arrive from Bakewell, at 10 a.m., and are despatched at 3.30 p.m.

Andrew Joseph, flour dealer
 Ashton Henry, joiner & wheelwright
 Ashton Nathaniel Woodroofe, lime burner,
Pimdale Lime works
 Ashton Robert How, lead smelter
 Billing Willimott H., Esq., *Manor House*
 Carnall Samuel, saw handle maker
 Dakin Miss Ann
 Daniel Rev. Chas. John, M.A., *Vicarage*
 Greaves Mrs. Millicent
 Greaves Mr. Thomas
 Green Mr. John
 Holme John, blacksmith
 Holmes Mr. Michael
 Marsden Mr. John
 Marsh William Henry, basket maker

Academies.

Bennett My. & Hanh.
 Robinson Geo., (Free)

Butchers.

Howe Thos. & Jonth.
 Watson John

Farmers.

Andrew Joseph
 Barker George
 Barker Thomas
 Bocking Charlotte
 Burgon John
 Cotterill John
 Cotterill William
 Elliott Thomas, *Lane Side*
 Froggatt John
 Gould William

Greaves Wm. & Alex.
 Barker, *Eccles House*

Hadfield John
 Hall Godfrey
 Hall Thomas
 Hallam John
 Hobson Richard
 Howe Fanny
 Kay Robert
 Kirk John
 Kirk William
 Littlewood Charles
 Longden John
 Longden Jonth. *Bridge Cottage*
 Middleton Robt.
 Shirt William
 Taylor Joseph Henry
Fullwood
 Ward George

Robinson Miss Elizabeth
 Robinson George, bookseller & schoolmaster
 Rowland Peter, tin plate worker
 Siddall Joseph plumber & glazier
 Warhurst James, butter huckster
 Watson Martha, milliner
 Woodhouse Ann, corn miller

Inns and Taverns.

Blacksmiths' Arms, Thomas Rowland,
 (Exors. of)
 Cheshire Cheese, Robert Cotterill
 Hall Hotel, John Froggatt
 Woodroofe's Arms, William Shirt
 Hobson William, beerhouse

Ward Sarah
 Waterhouse William
 Wilson John
 Woodroof John

Grocers.

Carnall Samuel
 Cotterill Robert
 Dakin Hannah
 Hardy Walker (and
 draper)

Saddlers.

Davis William
 Proctor John

Shoemakers.

Ashton Robert
 Hobson William
 Robinson John

Stone Masons.

Hallam Joseph
 Shirt Robert

Tailors.

Bradwell Edwin, (and
 draper)
 Chapman Richard
 Elliott George, *Witch Bridge*

Omnibus.

To Sheffield, Tues.,
 Thurs. & Sat., at 7
 morning; and Sun.
 & Mon. at 5 p.m.

Carrier to Sheffield
 Jas. Warhurst, Fri.

ABNEY TOWNSHIP.

Bagshaw Mrs. Martha

Farmers.

Bagshaw George,
Grange
 Bagshaw Rachael
 Bagshaw Thos. *Upper Fold*

Barker Francis
 Bland Geo., *Grange*
 Bland Martin Middltn.
 Bocking Jph., *Grange*
 Bocking Thos. & Wm.
Grange
 Eyre Henry

Fox John
 Middleton Ann
 Middleton Thomas,
Grange
 Redfern Francis
 Rose George, (and but-
 ter dealer)

Rose George, sen.
 Townsend Francis
 Walker Abraham, (&
 corn miller)
 Walker Wm., *Grange*
 Wright Robt. *Corseley Wood*

ASTON TOWNSHIP.

Farmers, &c.

Ashton John
Barber Adam
Bradbury Edward,
blacksmith

Dakin Abraham, beer-
house
Dalton Edward, *Hall*
Elliott Thomas

Fielding Charles,
Hall
Littlewood John
Littlewood William
Morton Geo., miller

Ollerenshaw John
Ollerenshaw Joseph
Ollerenshaw Septimus
Wilson Charles

BRADWELL TOWNSHIP.

Post Office, at John Middleton's; letters arrive from Bakewell at 11 a.m., and are despatched at 2.45 p.m.

Ashton Nathaniel Woodroofe, lime burner,
Pimdale Lime works
Burgoyne Thos., lead merchant, & smelter,
Slag works; h. *Leam Hall, Eyam*
Cooper Adam Hill, paper hanger
Darneley Selina, schoolmistress
Downing Samuel, stone mason
Hall and Woodroofe, lime burners
Hill Abner, clerk
Howe Samuel, tallow chandler
Somerset Julia Ann, school

Taylor Joseph Henry, surgeon
Wilson John, watchmaker

Inns and Taverns.

Bath Tavern, John Maltby
Bowling Green. William Bramall, sen.
Bull's Head, Elizabeth Bradwell
Green Dragon, Benjamin Middleton
Newburgh Arms, George Bradwell
Rose & Crown, Clement Morton
White Hart, Elias Needham

Beerhouses.

Bocking Samuel
Kenyon William, (and
cooper)
Revill William

Elliott George
Fox George
Goodwin George
Hall John
Hall Robt. & Wm.
Hallam John
Hallam Robert
Hill Abraham
Hill Robert
Hill Thomas
Jeffrey William
Marshall Jacob
Middleton John
Middleton Robert
Middleton Robert
Middleton Robt., jun.
Middleton Thomas
Needham Betty
Needham Robert
Poynton Mary
Shepherdson Wm.
Somerset Benjn.
Somerset Isaac
Somerset Jabez
Swindell Joseph
Wright Martha

Hat Manufacts.

Howe Thomas
Middleton Daniel
Middleton Job
Middleton Robert
Middleton Robert
Middleton Robert

**Joiners and
Wheetwghts.**

Bradwell George
Marshall Jacob
Somerset Benjamin
Somerset Robert

Mine Agents.

Barber Benjamin
Bennett Joseph
Morton Clement

Shoemakers.

Bocking Robert
Dakin Samuel
Evans Johnson
Hill Thomas

Revell William
Stafford Obadiah

Shopkeepers.

Bocking Martha
Bradwell Martha
Bradwell Thomas
Broadbent Thomas
Cooper Samuel
Evans Robert
Hallam Joseph
Gledhill Mary
Hill Martha
Middleton Elizabeth

Tailors.

Elliott Joseph
Kay John
Kay Thomas

Carriers to Sheffield
Joseph Bramwell, Tu.
and Fri.
Edward Hill, Tues.
and Fri.

Blacksmiths.

Fearne George
Hall Joseph
Walker Richard

Butchers.

Bocking Samuel
Bradwell Elizabeth
Elliott George
Needham Elias

Farmers.

Ashmore Abraham
Bocking Samuel
Bradwell George
Bramall William
Bramall Wm., jun.
Bramwell Joseph
Burrows Thomas

BROUGH AND SHATTON.

*Those marked * reside at Shatton.*

Elliott Thomas, tailor
Eyre James, joiner & wheelwright
Marton George, corn miller

Sidebottom Jane, vict., Lord Nelson
Wilson Thomas, shoemaker

Farmers.

* Bagshaw Thomas	* Dalton William	Pearson Charles	Unwin Robert, (& shopkeeper)
* Barker William	Eydes William, <i>Old Leys</i>	Sidebottom Samuel	Wilson Thos., <i>Lee</i>
* Brown James			

FERNILEE DIRECTORY.

*Those marked * reside at Horwich End.*

Broadhurst Obadiah, bleacher, *Horwich*
 Cawley George, land agent, *Carr Cottage*
 Dunn George, gent., *Nook*
 * Haywood John, bookseller
 Heginbottom & Son, Barytes manufactrs.,
Shallcross Mills
 Hill Samuel, butcher
 Kirk James, shoemaker
 Mortein William, ginger beer manufactr.,
Rosey Bank
 Procter Jonathan, blacksmith, *Lane End*
 * Strigley John, colliery agent
 * Strigley Thos., colliery owner

Academies.

National, John Nall
Parochial, B. Scholes,
 Taylor Isabella

Farmers.

Barton Christopher
 Bennett James, *Lane Head*
 Bennett Jph., *Upper Hall*
 Cocker Jph., *Nether End*

Dixon John, *Brown Hill*
 Dronfield Samuel
 Dunn Thomas, *Nook Farm*
 Hall Edward, *Shallcross Hall*
 Hallam Joseph, *Wainstones*
 Horribin Philip, *Lee Head*
 Horribin Wm., *Fold Lane*

Williamson Mr. Joseph Caldwell, *Horwich Bank*
 Williamson Thomas, gunpowder manuftr.,
near Buxton

Inns and Taverns.

Board, William Turner.
 New Cock, Job Richardson, *Rosey Bank*
 * New Inn, James Lomas
 Quiet Woman, Mary Bennett, *Horwich*
 Royal Oak, Joseph Cocker, *Nether End*
 Shady Oak, Francis Kirk
 White horse, William Richardson

Lomas Hanh., *Shaw Style*
 Mc Lachlan Peter,
White Hall
 Williamson Thomas

Waring John, (and tailor)

Wheelwrights and Joiners.

Shopkeepers.
 * Braddock Henry
 * Collier Joseph
 * Hague James
 Jodrell Jonathan
 Kirk John

Arnfield John, (and millwright)
 * Collier Joseph
 Hampson Jas., *Lane End*
 * Vickers Henry

GRINDLOW TOWNSHIP.

Farmers, &c.

Bagshaw John

Bagshaw William
 Bagshaw Wm, smelter
 Bagshaw Wm. James

Frost Charles
 Frost John

Hancock Wm., (and shopkeeper)
 Turner Samuel

HAZLEBADGE TOWNSHIP.

Farmers.

Barnsley George
 Bingham George,
Coplow Dale

Bingham Joseph
 Fox George, *Hall*
 Fox William

Hayward George,
Coplow Dale
 Jennings John and Thomas

Middleton Robert
 Wragg Durham

HIGHLOW TOWNSHIP.

*Those marked * are at The Lead Mills.*

* Frith Mary, vict., Plough Inn
 * Hickinson Joseph, shoemaker

Walker Abraham, corn miller

Farmers.

Bagshaw John, *Hall*

* Frith Mary
 * Frost Samuel, and builder)

Jackson Robt., *Oaks*,
 Hickinson Thomas

Howe William,
Broadhay
 * Hudson William

HUCKLOW (GREAT) TOWNSHIP.

Chapman George, stone mason
 Furness Edward, schoolmaster
 Goddard John, joiner
 2 S

Heginbotham, Caleb, vict., Queen's Head
 Shenton Richard, vety. Surgeon
 Shenton Rev. Robert, (Unitarian)

Blacksmiths.
Heginbotham Joshua
Waterhouse William

Farmers.
Ash Francis
Chapman William
Dakin Henry
Frost William
Furness James
Gill Robert
Gregory James

Gregory William
Heginbotham Caleb
Howe Robert
Oldfield Elias
Sheldon John
Shirley Mrs.
Simpson Benjamin
Simpson Susan

Miners (Lead.)
Ash, Frost, & Walker
Bramwell & Redfern
Morton Clement

Oldfield, Frost, and
Somerset

Shoemakers.
Blackwell Frederick
Cheetham Richard
Longden William

Shopkeepers.
Chapman William
Simpson William

Walker George and
Michael

Tailors.
Eyre Samuel
Gregory Matthew

Carrier to Sheffield
Benjamin Turner, Tu,
and Sat

HUCKLOW (LITTLE) TOWNSHIP.

Bradwell Robt., mineral agt., *Coplow Dale*
Chapman William, mason, *Windmill*

Farmers.
Bagshaw Robert
Bramwell Francis &
John, *Windmill*

Chapman Joseph
Chapman Richard
Cooper Joseph
Furness Daniel

Redfern Joseph, vict., Red Lion, *Windmill*
Wilson Robert, vict., Bull's Head

Hall George
Hall George
Hall John
Hibbs William
Pearson George

Pearson Godfrey,
Coplow Dale
Pearson Joseph
Wragg Benjamin

♣ OFFERTON, PADLEY, AND STOKE DIRECTORIES,
ARE GIVEN WITH THE HISTORIES.

THORNHILL TOWNSHIP.

Ashmore Abraham, hay dealer
Darwent Sarah, vict., Rising Sun
Marsden Joel, wheelwright

Farmers.
Darwent Robert
Darwent Mary
Darwent William

Eydes William
Littlewood Elias
Marsdea John
Poynton John

Wilson Charles, shoemaker
Wilson Mr. George

Robinson Joseph
Rowarth Elias
Sidebottom Thomas
Wilson Benjamin

Wilson John
Wilson John
Wilson Joseph
Wilson Joseph

WOODLAND HOPE, TOWNSHIP.

Bradbury Aaron, shopkeeper
Ellis Benjamin, blacksmith

Farmers.
Abbott John
Ashton Benjamin
Bridge James
Bridge John
Buxton John

Cotterill John
Dawes Matthew
Eyre George
Eyre Jonathan
Eyre Joseph
Fox Rowland
Greaves Charles
Hadfield John

Longden Benjamin, vict., Snake Inn

Hall Francis
Longden Benjamin
Newton John
Ridding Fanny
Shallcross Robert
Shaw James
Thorpe William
Tymm John

Wain David
Wain Thomas
Walker John
Walker Robert
Wilcockson Jonathan
Wilcockson Joseph
Wilson Dennis

FAIRFIELD is a pleasant village, township, and parochial chapelry, in the parish of Hope, situated on a gentle eminence which forms a part of the extensive range of hills which surround Buxton, from which it is 1 mile E.N.E., and about 11 miles S.W. from Hope. The river Wye, which rises from hills west of Buxton, here divides the parishes of Hope and Bakewell and this township from Buxton. The river passes through a culvert under the square in Buxton, four houses of which, with the Quadrant (consisting of 7 houses) the George Hotel, the Stables, Wye House, the new Church, and Chalybeate spa, are in this township, which contains 3920 acres of land, of which the high parts are late and cold, but the valleys and lower lands are rich pastures, and in 1851 had 115 houses and

574 inhabitants, of whom 284 were males and 290 females; rateable value £3350. The Duke of Devonshire is lessee of the manor under the Crown and considerable owner; John Deakin, Esq., of London, Robt. Goodwin, Esq., of Pig Tor, a handsome residence near the verge of an abrupt rocky precipice near Fairfield, and Mr. Samuel Barker are also owners, with several smaller freeholders. The Chapel, St. Peter, a small modern stone structure, was erected on the site of the ancient chapel in 1839, under the superintendence of P Heacock, Esq, late agent to the Duke of Devonshire. The *living* is a perpetual curacy, in a peculiar jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter at Lichfield, certified value £10 10s., now £79, in the patronage of the trustees and incumbency of the Rev. Charles Smith M.A. The Wesleyans have a small chapel here. The tithe was commuted in 1842 for £64 for hay and corn, to the Duke of Devonshire, as impropiator, and £30 for lamb and wool, of which one-third belongs to his Grace, and £1 10s. for small tithe to the vicar of Hope. By letters patent of 37th of Elizabeth, six resident governors were appointed, of the almshouses there to be erected for six poor persons, who were incorporated, and had power to hold lands and purchase to the amount of £40 a year, of which foundation, if it ever took effect, there is no trace; they also have the patronage of the chapel. In default of the governors appointing within six months after a vacancy it lapses to the Dean and Chapter of Lichfield, Here are many scattered farms; of which the *Water Swallows* consist of three farms, near the Tideswell and Buxton road, where a small stream of water disappears, a little north from the village; north of which is *Black Edge* and *Dove Holes*, at the north extremity. The *Barmes*, north east, *Deepdale* is a romantic glen, near King's Sterndale; near which is *Cow-low*, *Low-foot*, and other scattered farms. Buxton races were formerly held here on the common, but have been discontinued for about 16 years; the grand stand is now in ruins. During the last year several handsome houses have been erected for the accommodation of visitors to Buxton; the Inns and most of the farmers in the village also let apartments. Feast, Sunday nearest to St. Peter's Day.

CHARITIES.—*School*.—*Anthony Swann* by will, 1662, gave an annual rent of £4, to be issuing out of certain lands, to be employed after his decease for educating ten of the poorest children of Fairfield, and he constituted the constable of Wormhill and the curate and headborough of Fairfield, and their successors, supervisors of the charity. By an act for enclosing the common land, in Fairfield, the commissioners were required to allot to the trustees of the school, for the benefit of the master and his successors, land of the yearly value of £10; and by their award, 1772, certain allotments were made to the school. The trustees are those appointed in respect of Anthony Swann's charity. We apprehend the appointment of supervisors of this charity precludes us from any investigation.

Rowland Swann, who died in 1693, by his will gave £5, in trust to have the interest thereof laid out annually in books of divinity and given to the poor. The interest, 5s., is laid out in the purchase of spelling books and testaments, which are given amongst the children in the school, taught in respect of Swann's charity.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity.—(See *Bradley*.)—The annual sum of £5 10s., received by the incumbent, is laid out in coarse woollens and flannel, and distributed to the poor about Christmas.

Allan Wm., Esq., *Wye Bridge*
 Brittain John, auctioneer, *The Green*
 Brunt George, wheelwright
 Deakin John, Esq., *Pig Tor*
 Dixon John, coach proprietor
 Eyre William, joiner and builder
 Fawdington Mary, lodging house
 Fox Mrs. Sarah, Manchester road

Goodwin Ann. lodging house, *Belle Vue ter.*
 Goodwin Robert. Esq., *Pig Tor*
 Greenwood Rev. George, (Wesleyan)
 Gregory Richard, butcher
 Hibbert John, lodging house
 Hinch Philip, joiner
 Lomas John, corn miller, *Ashwood Dale*
 Marcroft Thomas, gardener

Potter Rev. Thomas Gill, (Independent),
Clifton Bank
 Raynes Francis, basket maker
 Shaw Henry, Esq., *Cobber Villa*
 Slater Joseph, schoolmaster
 Smith Rev. Charles, incumbent
 Watson Hy., blacksmith & lodging house
 White Edw., auctioneer, *Cobber Side*

Farmers.

Ash Isaac, *Upper End*
 Ash John, *Bailey Flat*
 Baguley Joseph
 Bailey Isaac, *Turner Lodge*
 Barker Saml., *Brook House*
 Beard Thomas, *Dove Holes*
 Bennett James, *The Green*
 Berresford Elizabeth
 Brunt Joseph
 Carrington Mary (and lodgings)
 Clayton Edw., *Town End*
 Finney Thomas

Fox William
 Froggatt Joseph, (and lodgings)
 Goodwin John
 Goodwin Sarah
 Harrison William
 Hasketh Thos., *Cow-low*
 Holmes Alfred
 Hulley John, *Dove Holes*
 Lomas John, (& lds)
 Mycock Edward, (and lodging house)
 Mycock George
 Mycock Robert
 Ollershaw Peter, *Water Swallow*
 Potts Ed., *Dove Holes*
 Potts William
 Royston Miss

Inns and Taverns.

Bull's Head, George Mycock
 Devonshire Arms, Henry Harrop
 Devonshire Arms, Wm. Johnson, (and corn miller), *Ashwood Dale*
 New Inn, Jonathan Hulley, *Dove Holes*

Shirt Fras., *Water Swallow*
 Shirt William, *Water Swallow*
 Slater Joseph
 Slater Joesph, junr.
 Slater Thomas
 Smith John, (& lodgings) *Hawthorn House*
 Swann Mary Ann
 Swinscow David
 Swinscoe Edw., *Dale Head*
 Sybray — *Woollow*
 Turner Ellen, *Nether End*
 Walton James
 White Edw., *Cobber Side*
 Wild Edward

Wilson Thomas
 Wood Saml., *Cow-low*
 Wood Thomas

Shopkeepers.

Brittain Ellen
 Harrison Wm.
 Howard Ann
 Marsden Hannah, (& lodging house)
 Slater Joshua

Stonemasons.

Fearn George
 Ford James
 Mycock Robert
 Vicars John, (& bldr.)

Carrier.

Wm. Fox, to Macclesfield, Tu. and Sat.

PEAK FOREST, a chapelry, small village and *ex. par.* liberty, on the road from Tideswell to Chapel-en-le-Frith; 3 miles N.W. from the former, and 4½ miles S.E. from the latter, contains 5026A. 3R. 34P, of land, and in 1851 had 130 houses, and 596 inhabitants, of whom 322 were males and 274 females; rateable value £2,834 3s. 3d. The Duke of Devonshire is lord of the manor and principal owner. The Chapel, dedicated to St. James, is a plain neat stone edifice, with turret and one bell. The *living* is a perpetual curacy, of the value of £70, in the peculiar jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter or Lichfield; the Duke of Devonshire, patron, and the Rev. Henry Barrow Chinn B. A., incumbent. *The King's Forest of the Peak*, anciently called *De Alto Pecco*, was of great extent, it is said to have included the different parishes and townships of Castleton, Hope, Chapel-en-le-Frith, Mottram, and Longden Dale. It was in ancient times much infested with wolves. A family of the hereditary name of Wolfhunt held land by the service of keeping the forest clear off those destructive animals. It seems that they had ceased to be *inhabitants* of the forest before the reign of Edward II. A record of that period states that John le Wolfhunt, son of John le Wolfhunt, held certain land by the service of taking and destroying all wolves that should come into his Majesty's forest of the Peak. The Peak forest is spoken of as being plentifully stocked with deer in the year 1634; it is probable they were destroyed in the civil wars. *Eldon Hole*, ½ mile N. from Peak Forest village, and 3 miles westward from Castleton, is a famous perpendicular chasm, and considered one of the seven wonders of the world; its mouth is about 90 feet in length, and 30 in breadth in the widest part; and to prevent accidents, a strong wall is erected round it. The credulity of travellers has often been grossly imposed on by tales respecting its immeasurable depth. It was a matter of such notoriety in the days of Queen Elizabeth, that the Earl of Leicester had a man let down into it, who, when drawn up again (it is said), was speechless, and shortly afterwards died. Calcot has noticed it at some length in his treatise on the deluge, and instanced it as a proof of his theory. Cotton, the natural poet of the Peak, has given an elaborate account of it. John Lloyd Esq., F.R.S., descended into it

in the year 1713. He reached its bottom 62 yards from the mouth, the light from which was sufficiently strong to permit the reading of the smallest print. The interior of the chasm he described as consisting of two parts; one small like an oven, the other very spacious, and in form like the dome of a glasshouse, communicating with each other by a small arched passage. Here he found large masses of sparkling stalactite. The account was published in the 61st volume of the Philosophical Transactions, and has been confirmed by the assertions of several persons who have descended into the chasm at different times. In 1845, the Duke of Devonshire erected a neat school here, which is endowed with £30 per annum; 10 poor children are taught free. The school will hold about 60, and the average attendance is 40. The Wesleyans have a neat stone Chapel, erected in 1851, at a cost of £250, raised by subscription; it will seat about 350. Here are several extensive lead mines in the neighbourhood. The Odd-Fellows have two lodges, and here is one sick society. Feast, first Sunday after St. James.

Barmoor, 6 miles S. by W. from Castleton, and 2½ miles E. from Chapel-en-le-Frith, where is the celebrated "Ebbing and Flowing Well," justly considered one of the wonders of the Peak. Close to this intermitting spring is a small cavity that receives the water, from several apertures by the side of it; from these the water does not however issue at regular intervals; for as that depends on the quantity of rain which may previously have fallen, it has sometimes, though rarely happened in very dry seasons, that the well has ceased to flow for two, three, or four weeks together; sometimes it flows only once in twelve hours; sometimes every hour, and in very wet seasons, twice or thrice within the hour. When it begins to rise, the motion of the water is at first gentle, but in a short time the quantity that issue; becomes very large, and it continues to flow four minutes and a half. It has been calculated that, in the space of one minute, twenty hogsheads of water are discharged. Though the flowing of the well does not happen frequently in a dry season, yet its appearance then is far more striking, the cavity that receives it having previously become dry. *Barmoor* is an extensive district in this liberty. *Sparrow Pit*, a village on the Castleton and Chapel-en-le-Frith road, 2 miles N.W. from Peak Forest, is principally in Chapel-en-Frith parish.

CHARITIES.—*Nicholas Green*, in 1700, gave his messuage and lands in Edale, the yearly profits thereof to be equally distributed between the poor of Edale and Peak Forest, on St. Thomas's day, by his executors; and he also gave a further yearly sum for ever to the poor of Peak Forest, to be paid by the same executors on 25th December. The present amount of the rent is £5 per annum, one moiety of which is received by the overseers of Peak Forest, and distributed to the poor on St. Thomas's day. Nothing is known of the sum of 20s., mentioned in the donor's will.

John Vernon, of Sparrowpit, by will, 1720, gave 10s, yearly out of land at Slack Hall, to the poor of Peak Forest, to be distributed on the feast of St. Thomas. The owner of the estate pays the annual sum of 10s. to the overseer, which is given to the poor.

Humphrey Wilshaw, by his will, left the yearly profits of a close called the Dale Knowl, to be given to the poor. About an acre and a half is let for £1 1s. per annum.

John Vernon, of Smalldale, at his decease, 1750, left 10s. yearly, charged on an estate lying near Aston Lee, in Coomb's Edge, to the poor of Peak Forest. The annual sum of 10s. is paid by the tenant of the estate, which is distributed on St. Thomas's day.

Jeremiah Ward, by will, gave £10, the interest to be distributed on St. Thomas's day to the poor of this chapelry, by certain trustees, the minister always to be one. The annual sum of 10s. is paid out of the bank, the money being invested therein.

Samuel Frith, by his will, 1773, gave 20s. year, issuing out of a piece of land in Brownside, to the poor of Peak Forest, to be distributed on St. Thomas's day. The land is in the parish of Glossop. 20s. is paid by the overseers on account of this charity.

John Badely Radcliffe's charity.—(See Chapel-en-le-Frith). The annual sum of £2 13s. 4d. is received on account of this charity, and distributed on St. Thomas's day.

John Frith, by will, in 1775, gave to three trustees £40 on trust, that they and their executors should place the sum out at interest, and apply the same in buying woollen cloth, to be distributed by them yearly to the poor of this township. Mr. Robert Needham now holds the money at 4½ per cent., the interest £1 16s., he lays out in the purchase of linsey, and distributes it to six poor women of the chapelry.

Samuel Needham's charity.—(See *Castleton*.) The annual sum of £6, paid by Mr. Robert Needham, the owner of a close called South Head, in Peak Forest, charged with the payment, attends on 14th February, and with the assistance of the chapelwardens; overseers, and others, makes a distribution of linen cloth to the above value.

Countess and Earl of Devonshire's charity.—(See *Edensor*.) The portion belonging to this township is applied in apprenticing poor children.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charities.—(See *Bradley*.) The annual sum of £5 10s., received by the incumbent, is laid out in coarse woollen cloth and flannel, and distributed to the poor about Christmas.

Barnsley Godfrey, joiner
Blore Peter, blacksmith
Fletcher John, wheelwright
Middleton Joash and Mary, school
Oaks Edward, stone mason

Farmers.

Barnsley Joshua
Beardmore Ralph, *Perry gate*
Bower Nathl. John, *Slacks*
Bower Ralph, *Lane side*
Bower Wm., *Bayton's dale*
Clayton Robert
Crossland Rebecca, *Small Vale*
Fletcher Frs., *Loose hill*
Fletcher Frs., jun.
Fletcher Henry
Fletcher Jane
Goddard Jph., *Barmoor*
Goddard Solomon, *Barmoor*
Goodwin Jph., *Bayton's dale*
Hambleton John, *Old dam*
Handley Wm., *Chambers*
Hartle John, *Ridge close*

Hatfield Chas., *Dam hall*
Hatfield Saml., *Small dale*
Hatfield Rowland, *Heath*
Hatfield Thos., *Heath*
Hill Adam, *Ivy house*
Hill George
Hill Hannah, *Brocklow*
Hill Henry, *Chamber Knowle*
Hill Henry, *Dam side*
Hoyle John
Hoyle Martha, *Oxstill*
Joule John
Longden Ann
Longden Jph., *Small dale*
Mellor Geo., *Barmoor*
Mellor Geo., *Rushop*
Owen Joseph, *Peaks Hill*
Parker Jas., *Small dale*
Taylor Charles, *Barmoor*
Taylor John, *Old Dam*

Inns and Taverns.

Devonshire Arms, S. Vernon, *Sparrow Pit*
New Inn, John, Worthington, (& *painter*)
Pack Horse, Robert Clayton
Three Stag's Heads, George Hill

Taylor Thos., *Perry gate*
Vernon Jph., *Knowle top*
Vernon Margt., *Ridge close*
Watts Geo., *Copp*
Watts Isaac, *Rushop*
Winterbottom Wm., *Damhead*
Worthington John

Mine Owners.

White George
Wright Joseph

Shoe Makers.

Fletcher John
Taylor Joseph

Shopkeepers.

Barnsley Joshua
Hill Mary
Hoyle John
Woodroofe Catherine

TIDESWELL, a large parish, and township, with the townships of *Litton*, *Wheston*, and the chapelry of *Wormhill*, together containing 9,203A. 2R. 16P, of land, and in 1851, had 674 houses, and 3,411 inhabitants, of whom 1650 were males and 1761 females; rateable value, £9,283.

TIDESWELL, a parish and small market town, is situated in a valley surrounded on all sides by lofty hills, 7 miles N.N.W. from Bakewell, 7 miles E. by N. from Buxton, 33 N.W. by N. from Derby, 17 E. by S. from Sheffield, and 159 N.W. by N. from London. It contains 3037A. 1R. 39P. of land, (principally grazing), and in 1851 had 418 houses, and 2035 inhabitants, of whom 1009 were males and 1026 females; rateable value, £3,728. The Duke of Devonshire is lord of the manor and principal owner. James Beech, Esq., the Exors. of the late James Rimmington, Esq., Colonel Leslie, John Radford, Esq., Mr. James Ashton, Mr. Charles Hadfield, Mr. John Joseph Mower, and Mr. Wm. Hudson, are also owners. It is a place of great antiquity, and the name of the town is said to have been derived from an ebbing and flowing well,