

but now existing only in tradition. The spot where it is said to have been, however, is still pointed out, but it is now choked up, and its ebbings and flowings must have long since terminated.

A Market at Tideswell was granted to Paulinus Bampton, in the year 1250, to be held on Wednesdays, together with a Fair for two days, at the festival of the Decollation of St. John the Baptist. There was a confirmation of this grant, to Richd. Stafford, about the year 1392, and to Sampson Meverel, in 1432. The market is still held on Wednesday, and fairs on March 24th, May 15th, last Wednesday in July, 2nd Wednesday in September, and October 29th; a considerable quantity of cheese is sold at the two last fairs, as well as horned cattle and sheep. The inhabitants are principally employed in calico weaving for the Manchester manufacturers, at the two extensive cotton spinning establishments in the immediate neighbourhood, and in mining. Under the Enclosure Act of 1807, six acres of land were allotted for holding the fair. The manor of Tideswell, was in the crown at Domesday survey, it afterwards belonged to the Peverels; King John granted it, in 1205, to Thos. Arminger, in 1330, it was vested in the coheireses of Daniel; Elizabeth Meverell, one of the coheireses, died seized of a third of it; afterwards the whole appears to have been vested in the Meverells, whose heiress brought it to the Cromwell family. In 1654, Winfield Lord Cromwell, sold it to Robert Eyre, Esq., of Highlow; Wm. Eyre, his grandson, took the name of Archer, and was father of John Archer, Esq., who died in 1800. It was purchased of his heirs, in 1802, under a decree of chancery, by the late Duke of Devonshire. The Church, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, is a handsome stone edifice of the Decorated character, with the exception of the tower, which appears to have been built somewhat afterwards. It consists of a chancel, two transepts, a nave, aisles, and tower at the west end with six bells, a clock, and musical chimes. The east window is decorated, and of three lights; and on the N. and S. of the chancel are four decorated windows, each of the three lights with square heads, and very lofty. These have a very fine effect, and together with the open wood roof, give to the chancel a noble, lofty, and magnificent appearance. There is a stone altar screen across the chancel, some feet distance from the eastern wall, containing two very good niches. The chancel has also three sedilia of equal height, and a piscina of an ogee arch, cinquefoiled, with a pinnacle on each aide. The tower is perpendicular, and though the details are good, yet the effect of the whole is certainly lost by too much crowding; at each corner of the tower is an octagonal turret, having an embattled parapet, whence a short spire arises with crotchets, and a finial, between each of these corner turrets arises another of somewhat similar design, but lighter in its construction and of less altitude; these eight turrets on the tower having a confused and unpleasant effect; about thirty years ago, the interior of the edifice was renovated, and 358 free sittings added, towards the expense of which the incorporated society gave £180. In the south transept is a tombstone, dated 1358, to the memory of John Foljambe, who, it is said, contributed largely to the building of the church. In the chancel is an altar-tomb, the sides of which being open, expose to view the figure of an emaciated corpse, lying on a winding sheet, apparently carved in stone; on the the top is a slab of Purbeck marble, inlaid with brasses, to the memory of Sampson Meverell, who served under the Duke of Bedford, in France, and was knighted at St. Luce, 1462. Another altar-tomb remembers the death of Robert Pursglove, prior of Gisburne Abbey, prebend of Rotherham, and Bishop of Hull, upon which is inlaid his effigy in brass, together with a long metrical epitaph, in itself worthy of being known to all admirers of old English orthography,—who died May 2nd, 1579. He was a native of Tideswell, and surrendered the abbey to King Henry VIII., who allowed him a handsome pension. Refusing to take the oath of supremacy to Queen Elizabeth, he was, in the year 1850, deprived of the Archdeaconry of Nottingham, and other spiritualities; in consequence of this, he retired to his native place, and founded the

Grammar school and Hospital adjoining the churchyard. There is also another fine monument to Sir Robt. Litton and his wife, Isabella, of whom there are brass figures, they died,—the former, in 1483, and the latter in 1458. There was a chapel at Tideswell, as early as the reign of King John; for, in the year 1215, he gave the chapel of Tideswell, as well as the church of Hope, to the canons of Lichfield, for their common provision of bread and beer. This interesting relic of antiquity formerly stood near the entrance to the town from Middleton. The *living* is a vicarage, valued in the King's book at £7 0s. 7½d., now £240, has been augmented with £200 benefactions, £200 Queen Anne's bounty, and £1,200 parliamentary grant, in the peculiar jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter of Lichfield, and incumbency of the Rev. Wm. Moxon Mann, B.A. The Vicarage is a neat residence near the church. The large tithes was commuted in 1844 for £159, and that of lamb and wool for £30, which is paid to Messrs. John and Wm. Goodwin, as lessees under the Dean and Chapter of Lichfield; £14 is paid to the vicar. The Wesleyans have a chapel, built in 1810. The Independent chapel, built 1845, is under the pastoral care of the Rev. George K. Walker. A Catholic chapel was erected and endowed about 1832, by the Duke of Norfolk; the Rev. Louis M. Le Dréau, of Hathersage, is the priest. The Primitive Methodists have also a small chapel. The Free Grammar school, founded in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, is richly endowed, the particulars of which are given with the charities; the Rev. Henry Barrow Chinn, B.A., is the head master. A commodious and handsome National School, in the early English style, was erected in 1845, at a cost of £1000; of this amount £600 was raised by private subscriptions, and the other by grants from the National society and the Privy Council on Education. The Duke of Devonshire gave the land and was also a liberal contributor. Each school is provided with separate class rooms; the average attendance is about 120. Tideswell Dale is noted for its beautiful marble. In Miller's, or Mill House Dale, two miles S. from Tideswell, are two corn mills on the river Wye, one of which is in Wormhill township. Opposite the Mill house, rises a hill, about 350 yards high, which completely prevents the rays of the sun from shining upon the house, from the first week in November, till New Candlemas day, February 2nd. The Feast is held on the Sunday nearest to St. John's.

CHARITIES.—*Grammar School*.—*Robert Pursglove*, Suffragan Bishop of Hull, obtained Queen Elizabeth's Letter's Patent, dated 18th November, in the second year of her reign, that he or after his death, his heirs, or executors, might found a Grammar school, to be called the school of Jesus Christ our Saviour of Tideswell, the master and his successors together with the vicar and wardens of the parish church, to be a body corporate, with power to sue in their corporate name, to use a common seal, and to take lands. By indenture, 18th of June, 1560, the school was founded, and the ordinances and statutes confirmed. The master and his successors to have £10 yearly for their wages at Lady-day and Michaelmas by equal portions. The residue of the rents to be received by the master, vicar, and wardens, and within 12 days after receiving thereof, they, in the presence of six other honest men of Tideswell, should distribute all the same in alms amongst the poor and needy; if it should happen that there was not the full sum of £3 6s. 8d. remaining in the chest, the said master, vicar, and wardens, should reserve so much rents as would repair the school house and chambers over it for the master's lodgings. The estates settled on the school according to the ordinances, and now let at rack rents of £227 15s. exclusive of an estate in the township of Tideswell, and Whetstone, from which no income has for a long time been derived. This estate, containing 18A. was by indenture of lease, dated 3d Feb. 1564, for a certain sum of money paid by Adam Pursglove, by the consent of Robt. Pursglove, to hold the same for the term of 200 years, at the yearly rent of 53s. 4d. to be paid to the corporation of the school. At the expiration of the term, Mr. Goddard, the schoolmaster, claimed the lands on behalf of the corporation for the benefit

of the charity. Upon the enclosure of the common fields in Tideswell and Whetstone, under an act passed 47th George III. allotments were set out amounting to about two acres, to every acre of old enclosure. The lease had subsequently been assigned to one of the ancestors of the late Earl of Newburgh. The allotments were set out generally, and not in respect of every particular parcel of land; it appears to us that no arrangement can now be made with the representatives of the late Lord Newburgh, for the restitution of the lands, without the interference, and sanction of the court of equity. It will also remain a subject for their consideration, whether any arrears should be paid by the representatives of the late Lord Newburgh, (who showed a willingness to give an equivalent of lands, though it has been suggested on his behalf that some of the lands have been sold by his ancestors,) and if so, to what amount, and in what manner they should be disposed of.

Robert Bagshaw, by will, dated 1670, bequeathed to the corporation of the school of Jesus, and their successors, the sum of £10, on condition that it should remain in the hands of his brothers. It appears that William Bagshaw and John Bagshaw, during their lives, paid 12s. yearly to the schoolmaster, and John Bagshaw, the survivor, afterwards paid the same sum during his life. The said John Bagshaw, devised by will, 1704, to his son William Bagshaw, and his heirs all his lands, paying yearly to the free grammar school of Jesus, in Tideswell, 12s. on the feast of St. Thomas. This sum was paid up to Midsummer 1805, by the tenant of an estate in Great Hucklow, which belonged to Mr. Milnes, of Wakefield. It has since been sold to Mr. Bernard John Wake, of Sheffield, who in answer to an application made to him by us, states that the earliest deed relating to that estate, is dated 1722, that such deed does not, nor any subsequent deeds take any notice at the above mentioned outgoing, and that he had no notice of such, and therefore refuses paying.

Donor unknown.—The sum of £6 has been paid many years, by the lord of the manor, for the instruction of poor children; In 1802, the manor, and 181 acres of land, were sold to the Duke of Devonshire, subject to that payment, which is still paid to a schoolmaster in the town, for teaching poor children, but which it is intended to apply to the use of a Sunday school.

Robert Hodgkinson, of Milne Houses, Tideswell, by indenture, 1592, devised his property to Oliver Bagshaw, and his heirs, on condition that they should pay to the vicar, and churchwardens, for the use of the poor, the yearly rum of 40s. The amount is paid out of the lands at Mill house Dale, by the respective owners, of which the Duke of Devonshire pays 30s, Robert Holmes 5s., and Wm. Bower, 5s.

Nathaniel Hamersley, by will, 1736, left the interest of £100 to be distributed as follows, viz, to the vicar, £3 12s. to the poor in bread, £1 4s. and to the sexton 4s. for cleaning the church and chancel four times a year. The above sum is secured at five per cent. on the Sheffield and Buxton road.

Ann Rossington, by will, 1737, gave £20, the interest to be distributed to the poor on St. Thomas's day.

William Holmes gave £50, the interest to be given in bread, by the churchwardens and overseers to the poor.

James Middleton left £10, the interest to be distributed in bread, &c. These several sums, with £20 by some person unknown, making up £100, is secured on the turnpike road from Sheffield to Buxton.

Miss Downes, of Sheffield, by will, about the year 1811, gave the interest of £100 to be divided amongst the poor of the parish of Tideswell, every New Year's day, by her executors. The money was in the hands of Mr. Peter Wright, of Eyam, the brother of one of the executors, and £5 regularly paid as the interest due on New Year's day, till 1825, when Mr. Wright insisted upon the vicar and churchwardens finding some means of laying out the principal on good security.

Robert Mellor, by will, 1766, gave the sum of 10s. a year for ever, to be distributed on Christmas day. The sum is paid by Ann Royston, as a charge upon a house and small quantity of land in Tideswell.

George Robinson, by will, gave forty threepenny loaves to be distributed to the poor of Tideswell township every Christmas eve. Elizabeth White owns three houses in Tideswell from which this rent charge is paid.

LITTON, a township and ancient village, $\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile E. from Tideswell, contains 1586A. 1R. 26P. of land, and in 1851 had 170 houses, and 945 inhabitants, of whom 421 were males, and 524 females; rateable value £1,999 11s. Lord Scarsdale is lord of the manor, and principal owner. Duke of Devonshire, Col. Leslie, Hy. Newton, Esq., Messrs. M'Connel Brothers, Joshua Baker, George Dickin, and Francis Bramwell, are also owners. The population is principally employed in weaving, framework knitting, or at the extensive cotton factories in the township—a few are employed in lead mines. The schoolroom has been licensed for Episcopal worship. A Methodist chapel was erected, 1834, and the Primitive Methodists occupy a room.

Litton Mills on the river Wye, a little west of the village, is the extensive spinning and manufacturing establishment of Mr. Henry Newton, where about 400 persons are employed, with a water and steam power of 100 horses. The course of the Wye in this locality is beautifully picturesque and highly romantic; the perpendicular crags which invest it on each side form but the basis of towering hills which start from their summit; beautiful wild flowers of delicate hues adorn the jutting crag, and throw their shadows on the waters beneath, which in some places appears a deep, silent, and apparently immovable stream. Litton was long the seat and property of a family of its own name. Rowland Litton, Esq., sold it to John Alsop, in 1597; in 1606, it was in the family of Bagshaw, and William Bagshaw, who was ejected from the vicarage of Glossop in 1662, was of this family; he was an eminent nonconformist divine, called the "Apostle of the Peak," and died at Great Hucklow, in 1702, where he was a minister of a congregation of dissenters. In 1608, Litton belonged the Bradshaw family; in 1686, to the Uptons; in 1707, the Stathams were possessed of it, from whom it was purchased by Sir Nathaniel Curzon, ancestor of Lord Scardale.

Cressbrook, 2 miles S. from Tideswell, is the handsome cotton spinning and manufacturing establishment of Messrs. McConnel Brothers, situated at the head of Monsal Dale, in a romantic glen on the banks of the Wye, the picturesque beauties of which are greatly increased by neat Elizabethan and Swiss cottages erected for the work-people on the brow of a lofty hill covered with luxuriant plantations. A beautiful mansion, the residence of Henry McConnel, Esq., stands near the mill, which appears to be shut up on all sides by lofty hills, and might have remained a profound solitude to the present day but for the enterprising spirit which stamps the British capitalist.

CHARITIES.—*Mary Cresswell* gave to poor widows of Litton, not receiving relief, land, in 1786, vested in James Jackson, then producing 2s. 6d. yearly. This is supposed to be a charge upon a croft at Taddington, called the Widow's Croft, now belonging to Richard Gibbs, from whom that annual sum is received.

William Bagshaw's Charity, (See *Glossop*.)—The yearly sum of 5s. to which this township is entitled, is received every few years, and distributed amongst five poor widows not receiving parochial relief.

WHESTON or WHETSTONE, a township and small retired village $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles W. by E. from Tideswell, contains 1312A. 2R. 19P. of land, and in 1851 had 14 houses, and 62 inhabitants, of whom 34 were males, and 28 females; rateable value £964 5s. The principal owners are the Duke of Devonshire, Henry Bowden, Esq., John Radford, Esq., James Ashton, Esq., Colonel Leslie, Mr. Cresswell, and Miss Davis, the former is lord of the manor. The inhabitants are mostly employed in agricultural pursuits. It was enclosed

with Tideswell, and the tithe commuted in 1843. £30 is paid for the corn tithe, £10 for wool and lamb, and £3 is paid to the vicar of Tideswell. There is an abundance of limestone, and a few lead mines in the vicinity. *Wheston Hall*, an ancient building in the village, is now a farm house. In a field, on Mr. S. Middleton's farm is an ancient cross slightly mutilated. It stands on a base placed at the summit of three steps; the shaft is square with the corners bevilled off, and the head is tastefully ornamented with tracery, in the centre of which is a small figure of the Virgin, holding the Infant Jesus in her arms. The Cromford and High Peak Railway is 1 mile N. from Wheston. *Tideslow*, a farm 2 miles N.E. Feast, nearest Sunday to Midsummer day.

CHARITIES.—*Margaret Newton*, by will, in 1781, gave £100 in trust, to place out the same on real security. By indenture, 1816, Teresa Mary Newton, being desirous to serve the charity, requested the Duke of Norfolk, who had, in January, 1683, become possessed of the real estates, to receive the £100, and to enter into covenants for the regular application thereof; the Duke of Norfolk, in consideration of the said sum of £100, agreed with the said executrix, and the enclosure called the Great Ridden Flatt, but henceforth to be called the Poor's Close, containing 7A. 3R. 31P., was secured to the township, from which the Duke and his heirs should for ever pay the annual sum of £5 to the poor.

WORMHILL, a township, parochial chapelry, and scattered village, in a fine healthy situation, 2¼ miles W.S.W. from Tideswell, being screened from the north and east winds by a lofty range of mountains, contains 4583A. 2R. 31P. of land, and in 1851 had 72 houses and 369 inhabitants, of whom 168 were males, and 183 females; rateable value £3,555. The principal owners are Westby Bagshawe, Esq., Wm. Fleming, Esq., M.D., Col. Leslie, H. M. Greaves, Esq., Messrs. Hope Brothers, Jas. Ashton, Esq., M.D., and Rev. Augustus Bagshawe, the former is lord of the manor. The Church, dedicated to St. Margaret, a plain edifice with a nave, aisle, chancel, and tower, partly covered with ivy, and two bells. The *living* is a perpetual curacy, valued in the King's book at £2 5s., now £250, has been endowed with £30 per annum private benefaction, and £400 Queen Anne's bounty. The patronage is vested in trustees. The Rev. Augustus Adam Bagshawe, B.A., is incumbent. The parsonage, a neat house a little north of the church, has been considerably improved. The income arises from glebe land. In the church yard, on the south side of the church, is a handsome marble monument, to the memory of W. L. G. Bagshawe, Esq., who was killed in an affray with poachers, in the river Wye, on the night of the 20th July, 1854. The village school was rebuilt by the Rev. William Bagshawe, and is supported by voluntary contributions and the children's pence. The average attendance is 35. The Hall, situated in the village, a pleasant mansion, the property of W. Bagshawe, Esq., is unoccupied. The tithes have been commuted for £184 8s., viz., the vicarial for £30, hay and corn, £112 18s., and lamb and wool for £41 10s. The manor, *Wruenele*, at the Domesday, survey belonged to Henry de Ferrars. In the year 1320, John Wolfhunt, son and heir of John Wolfhunt, held a house and lands in Wormhill, by the service of chasing and taking all wolves that should come into the King's Forest of the Peak.

CHER TOR, half a mile S. from the village, in Chee Dale, is accounted one of the seven wonders of the Peak; a guide to which will be found at the Red Lion Inn, Wormhill. The entrance to the dell which contains this huge rock is nearly opposite Wormhill Hall, by a steep and narrow path which leads into the very depths of the dale, at the junction of two formidable springs of water which rush from beneath the rocks, and forming an impetuous current, flow into the river Wye, just below the entrance to this Giant of the Dell, which is separated from these by a bold promontory round which you wind to the *Tor*. This is one of the most remarkable *Tors* in Derbyshire, both for its form and position; it is an immense limestone rock, which rises with a bold and broad convex front from the level of the dale below, to the height of three hundred and sixty feet. It is chiefly naked,

and the top is deeply fissured and covered with elegant foilage, and here and there the yew and hazel may be seen shooting forth, "varying and adorning this stupendous elevation with picturesque beauty." It is nearly isolated, and protrudes its huge dimensions far into the dell. At its base the river Wye rushes rapidly along, as sparkling and brilliant a stream as ever imparted beauty and life to a scene in nature. On the opposite side, a high range of perpendicular rock rises nearly to the same height, in the form of a noble crescent, but assumes a different character. In some places it overhangs the base very considerably, leaving a spacious alcove beneath; and everywhere the summit is fringed with trees, and the sides adorned with pendant branches. The two extreme ends of this crescent rock are of a lesser elevation than the middle, they are about one eighth of a mile apart, and they approach so near the opposite side of the dell as to leave only a narrow channel for the river. The surrounding scenery is wild and romantic, and abundantly stored with picturesque materials and studies for the artist.

"Above, beneath, immensely spread
Valleys and hoary rocks I view;
Heights o'er heights exalt their head,
Of many a sombre hue."

J. Montgomery.

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At *Dale Head*, 1½ miles N., are two farm houses. At *Dove Hole Dale*, 2½ miles N.W. lime is burned in considerable quantities, and lead ore obtained. *Hargate Wall*, ¾ mile N.W., consists of four large farm houses on the Tideswell and Buxton road. *The Meadow*, 2 miles S.S.W., has three farms; *Tunstead*, 1 mile N.W., three farms; *Tunstead Great Rocks*, 1½ miles W., two farms; and *Upperend*, 2 miles N.W. three farms. *Miller's Dale*, 1½ miles E. by S., is partly in Tideswell township. Here is the Angler's Rest, a public house on the banks of the Wye.

CHARITIES.—*Wormhill School*.—*Robert Wilson*, by will, 1714, after giving his lands for the benefit of a free school afterwards established at Priestcliff, gave £5 a year to a schoolmaster at Wormhill. It is understood £70 was received by the trustees for providing the sum of £3, but that this sum was lost by the insolvency of a tradesman in Manchester, named Bagshaw, in whose hands it had been placed out at interest.

Elizabeth Palfreyman, by will, in 1782, left £40 for teaching four poor children. The sum was placed in the hands of Anthony Wright, the owner of a farm at Wormhill; upon his death, the farm came to his son, William Wright, who paid £1 12s. as interest thereof, until he failed, about the year 1817.

Richard Bagshawe, by will, 1749, gave £20 to be laid out in lands by his executors, the interest to be paid every year to a schoolmaster at Wormhill for teaching poor children. It appears this legacy was in the hands of John Bagshawe, Esq., of the Oaks, near Sheffield, who died in 1801, and no interest has been paid since his death. This and several other matters having been in dispute between the Rev. William Bagshawe, of Banner Cross the executor of the said John Bagshawe, and Sir Wm. Chambers Bagshawe, who succeeded to the Oaks estate, an arrangement was made, dated 30th September, 1825. The said Sir W. C. Bagshawe, and his son, W. J. Bagshawe, Esq., undertook to be responsible for the principal and interest of £20 to Wormhill.

Roger Wilkson charged an estate at Wormhill with a payment of sixpence a week for bread to the poor. The bread is distributed in threepenny loaves on the first Sunday in every month to the poor who attend the chapel.

Anthony Wright, who died in 1768, left £30, the interest to be given to the poor. This money was in the hands of his son, William Wright, and, by his failure, lost.

Gervase Smith, who died in 1760, by will, gave 15s. a year to be given to a number

of industrious poor people of Wormhill at Christmas. It is now paid out of a field called the Poor Piece, purchased about 1814, by Sir William Chambers Bagshawe. The chapelwardens receive the money, and distribute it about Christmas.

William Bagshawe's Charity.—(See Glossop.)—The. Rev. William Bagshawe, the owner of the premises, subject, among other things, to the payment of 5s. a year to this chapelry, distributes that sum annually.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity. (See Bradley.)—The sum of £5 10s., received by the officiating curate of this chapelry, is laid out in flannel and woollen cloth, which he distributes about Christmas.

TIDESWELL DIRECTORY.

Post Office, at Edwin Slater's; letters arrive from Bakewell at 8 a.m., and are despatched at 4 45 p.m. *Money Orders* issued and paid. from 9 to 6 o'clock daily.

Bingham Wm., auctioneer
Chinn Rev. H. Barrow, B.A., incumbent of
Peak Forest
Davis Thomas, saddle & harness maker
Elliott Robert, farm bailiff
Hill Emma, smallware dealer
Hunstone William, registrar of births and
deaths for Tideswell district, and collector
of poor's rates
Mann Rev. Wm. Moxon, B.A., rural dean,
Vicarage
Moseley John, hair dresser
Newton Mr. Edward
Newton Mrs. Hannah, *Eccles Hall*
Payne Josiah, land surveyor

Academies.

Bramwell Hannah
Grammar, Rev. Hy.
B. Chinn, B.A.,
head master
National. Harriet
Farmer

Agents (Weavers.)

Bennett Wm.
Chapman James
Gilbert Thomas
Hearnshaw Wm.
Sheldon John
Walker Thomas

Attornies.

Brown John Montagu
Cheek Wm. Henry,
(& clerk to magis-
trates for High Peak
Hundred)
Morgan Charles

**Bakers and Flour
Dealers.**

Bennett Wm.
Middleton Robert

Beerhouses.

Bennett Elias
Eyre Samuel
Jackson John
Ohar Wm.

Blacksmiths.

Palfreyman Wm.
Robinson Joseph
Turner Charles

Boot & Shoemaks.

Bramwell Jesse
Bennett George
Cope George
Cope George, jun.
Gregory Jacob
Harrison Fredk.
Mosley James
Taylor Joseph

Braziers & Tinrns.

Howard Edward
Plant Geo. B.

Butchers.

Bramwell Edward
Chadwick Roger

Stanfield Mr. James

Inns and Taverns.

Angler's Rest, Job Wilde, *Miller's Dale*
Bull's Head, Sarah Hudson
Cross Daggers, John Cowan
Dog, Edward Crooks
George Inn, Elizabeth Holmes
Horse & Jockey, Sept. Press
King's Head, Commercial Inn & Posting
House, Wm. Dakin
Newburgh Arms, Ann Plant
Peacock, John Turner
Stag, William Turner
White Hart, Robert Hill

Holmes Anthony
Hudson Samuel
Hudson Wm.

Chemists & Drgts.

Hall James B.
Nichols James

Confectioners.

Howe Michael
Middleton Robert

Corn Millers.

Dakin Geo., *Miller's Dale*
Frost Samuel, *Miller's Dale*

Farmers.

Bramwell Edward
Chadwick Roger
Clayton Wm., *Moor*
Dakin Geo., *Miller's Dale*
Dakin Wm., (and
grazier)
Elliott John

Eyre Samuel
Flint James
Gilbert Anthony
Goodwin John, *Moor*
Goodwin Joseph
Gregory Jacob
Gregory John
Gregory William,
Common
Hadfield Israel, *Moor*
Hadfield Thos., *Moor*
Hall James B.
Hall Robert
Harrison James
Hill Joseph
Hill Wm.
Holmes Anthony
Holmes Elizabeth
Holmes Rbt., *Miller's Dale*
Howe Michael
Hudson Samuel
Hudson Sarah
Hudson Wm.
Johnson James
Leech Richard
Longden Wm., *Moor*
Middleton Robert

Mower Joseph John,
(and grazier,) *Dale
Cottage, Miller's
Dale*
Robinson James
Robinson John, *Cross
Gate*
Robinson Joseph
Robinson Septimus
Sheldon Geo., *Stone
Jug*
Swindell Joseph
Swindell Saml. *Cliff
Side*
Taylor Joseph
Turner John
Wain James
Walker Joseph
Walker Thomas, (&
miner)
Walton George
Walton John
Walton Joseph
Walton Richard
Walton Richd. jun.
Walton Samuel
Walton Wm. Henry
White Richard

**Grocers and Tea
Dealers.**

Bagshaw John, (and
currier)

Gilbert Thomas
Hall James B.
Redfearn John

**Joiners & Cabinet
Makers.**

Cowan John
Esplin Wm.
Turner Wm.

**Linen & Woollen
Drapers.**

Gilbert Brothers
Hudson Martha E.
& E.

**Milliners & Dress
Makers.**

Hall Margt. & Mary
Hudson Martha E.
& Eliza
Sheldon Ann

Plumbers & Glazs.

Dawson Godfrey
Hill Robert
Hill Wm.

Shopkeepers.

Barnes John
Brightmore Robert
Clayton Robert
Dawson George
Esplin Wm.
Frost Sarah
Harrison Edward
Harrison George
Jackson Wm.
Smith James
Walker John

Stonemasons.

Brightmore James
Brightmore Joseph
Brightmore Robert
Brightmore Thomas
Goodwin John, *Moor*
Hill James
Hill Rowland
Hill Wm.
Sellers Anthony

Surgeons.

Lowe John
Parke John L.

Tailors.

*Mkd. * are Drapers
also.*

Dawson James
Ohar William
Slater Edwin

Wheelwrights.

Clayton Adam
Turner Wm.

Coaches.

From the Devonshire
Arms, during the
Season.

*To Buxton, the Lucy
Long, at 12 noon
daily*

*To Sheffield, the Lucy
Long, at 3 p.m., daily*

Carriers.

*Chesterfield, Edward
Leech, Sat.*

*Manchester, John
Robinson, Wed.*

*Sheffield, Geo. Har-
rison, Tues. and
Friday; and John
Dawson, Tues. and
Friday*

LITTON TOWNSHIP.

Barrett Samuel, beerhouse
Furniss John, shopkeeper
Froggatt Wm., grocer, draper, druggist, and
ale and porter merchant, *Cressbrook*
McConnell Brothers, manufs., *Cressbrook
Mills*
McConnel, Henry, Esq., *Cressbrook Hall*

Farmers.

Bagshaw John
Baker Fras.

Baker John, (& shop-
keeper)
Baker John, jun.,
Sterndale House
Bingham Wm.

Newtons Mrs. Hannah
Newton Henry, cotton spinner and manu-
facturer, *Litton Mills*
Sellers Mary, vict., Red Lion
Swindell Fras., vict., Anchor, *Lane Head*
Wager John, shopkeeper

Dicken George
Farmer Thomas
Gregory Robert
Howe Joseph
Howe Wm.

Needham Matthew
Newton Henry
Wager Thomas
Walker Hannah

WHESTON TOWNSHIP.

Farmers.

Ash Joseph
Clayton Wm.
Eyre William

Gill Wm.
Goodwin Joseph
Goodwin Wm.
Middleton Simeon

Pearson David, (and
vict., High Peak
Tavern)
Wright Mrs. Eliz.,
Hall

Wright Mrs. Rebecca,
Hall
Wright Robert

WORMHILL TOWNSHIP.

Those marked 1 are at Dale Head, 2 Dove Holes, 3 Edge Foot, 4 Great Rocks, 5 Hill, 6 Meadow, 7 Millers Dale, 8 Tunstead, 9 Upper End, 10 Hargate Wall, 11 Small Dale, and the rest at Wormhill, or where specified.

Bagshawe Westby, Esq., *Hall*
 Bagshawe Rev. Augustus A., M.A., incumbt
 2 Bibbington John, lime merchant
 Blore Peter, blacksmith
 7 Dakin George, corn miller
 Dewick Daniel, schoolmaster
 Heapy Martha, vict., Red Lion

2 Heathcote Edward
 Redfern Wm., parish clerk
 Slack Thomas, vict., Board
 Tymms Hannah, shopkeeper
 7 Wilde Job, vict., Angler's Rest
 Wright Peter, shoemaker

Farmers.

9 Barker Wm.
 4 Bennett Hannah
 11 Beverley Joseph
 4 Boyd Richard
 Catlin George
 Catlin Joseph
 10 Dakin Edmund
 7 Dakin George
 7 Frost Samuel, (and
 corn miller)
 1 Garlick Joseph

9 Garlick Jonathan
 Goodwin Geo., *Hardy*
Barn
 9 Hadfield Joseph
 2 Hadfield Samuel
 5 Handley Thomas
 9 Handley Wm.
 10 Hayward Harriet
 10 Hayward Henry
 Heapy Martha
 4 Lees Edward
 4 Lees Wm.
 Longden Thomas

9 Mason Thomas
 4 Morton John
 6 Moseley Henry
 6 Moseley Ralph
 9 Naden George
 10 Needham George
 Needham Luke
 Ollershaw Peter,
Hardy Green
 5 Platts Wm.
 3 Potts Edward
 9 Potts John
 9 Potts Wm

5 Redfern Wm.
 Slack Samuel
 Slack Thomas
 8 Taylor Sarah
 6 Warhurst Thomas
 5 Wainwright Henry
 8 Wainwright Joseph
 1 Wainwright Wm.
 8 Wild James
 5 Wilshaw Isaac
 7 Wilshaw John
 Wright. Joseph

YOULGREAVE parish contains the townships of Youlgreave and Gratton, and the townships and chapelries of Birchover, Stanton, and Winster, in the High Peak Hundred, with the township of Middleton and Smerill, and the township and chapelry of Elton in the Wirksworth Hundred, which together comprise 10,427A. 3R. 39P. of land and in 1851 had 875 houses and 3764 inhabitants, of whom 1856 were males and 1908 females; rateable value £11764 12s. 10d. The soil is various, principally occupied in dairy farms and sheep walks, has large plantations of mountain pine and fir, with a variety of fine timber trees. It is on the south border of the High Peak, mountainous, and romantic having some extensive lead mines.

YOULGREAVE, YOULGRAVE, or YOLGRAVE, is a considerable and well built village and township, situated on a bold eminence above the river Lathkill, a fine trout stream, 3 miles S. by W. from Bakewell, contains 2531A. 2R. 21P. of land, and in 1851 had 265 houses and 1194 inhabitants, of whom 599 were males and 595 females; rateable value £2822 0s. 5d. The Duke of Rutland, the Duke of Devonshire, W. P. Thornhill, Esq., M.P. and Thos. Bateman, Esq., are the principal owners, besides which there are several smaller owners; the former is lord of the manor. In the centre of the village Miss Hannah Bowman and others, in 1829, erected a circular stone building, enclosing a fountain for supplying the public with water. It rises about 9 feet, and is supplied from a spring of equal altitude from the other side the river, under which it is brought in pipes, near which is a house, erected in 1630, a fine specimen of the architecture of former times; and in the yard a stone coffin. The Church, dedicated to All Saints, is a vicarage, valued in the King's book £9 4s. 7d., now £230, has been augmented with £200 benefactions and £200 Queen Anne's bounty. Duke of Devonshire is patron, and the Rev. Wm. Buckwell, incumbent. The Church is an ancient structure, partly in the Norman style, with nave, chancel, side aisles, and fine square pinnacled tower, in which are six bells. An organ was placed in the north aisle in 1855, at a cost of £60 raised by subscription. In the north aisle of the Church is an ancient font, which was brought here from Elton, about 30 years ago; it is of curious workmanship, resting on a circular pillar of coarse red gritstone; from the basin of the font proceeds a smaller receptacle for water, which is apparently held from below, in the mouth of a dragon with a twisted tail. In the interior of the Church is the effigy of Sir John Rossington, a crusader, he has a sword suspended from his loins, and holds a heart in his hands. The figure is clothed in drapery. In the chancel is an elegant alabaster tomb, containing the effigy of a man in plate armour round the sides of which are figures of angels, bearing shields of arms, he is bare headed,

and rests his head upon a helmet, which bears the crest of one of the Cockayne family, viz, a cock. The legs and feet have been destroyed, But the lion upon which they rested still remains. In the north wall of the chancel is an ancient alabaster tomb, richly sculptured, representing a female with an infant in her arms, and surrounded by twenty other children of both sexes. From the inscription it appears to be to Robert Gilbert and his wife, Joan, the latter of whom died in 1492. *Lomberdale House*, 1 mile S.W. from the Church, the seat and property of Thos. Bateman, Esq., (author of the "Vestiges of the Antiquities of Derbyshire)," is a handsome stone mansion, in the walls of which at irregular distances, are various grotesque and antique busts. It was erected in 1844, and now undergoing considerable improvements. The house has a tessellated pavement, and is adorned with many antiquities, ancient weapons, and a complete suite of polished steel plate armour, fixed as though standing on guard, with beaver down and sword in hand, besides, here is an extensive collection of antiquities, the more important portion of which has been derived from Tumuli, in the Counties of Derby, Stafford, and York, and illustrated by numerous similar objects derived from various other sources, both British and Foreign. The Wesleyan chapel, erected about 50 years ago, is a good stone building, which will hold about 200. The Independents have a handsome stone chapel, erected in 1853, by Thos. Bateman, Esq., at a cost of upwards of £200, will seat about 100. The Primitive Methodist chapel, built in 1822, at a cost of £140, raised by subscription is a neat stone building and will hold about 160. A school was erected by subscription, in 1756, in which 25 children are taught on payment of one penny weekly, in 1824, a house was erected for the master at the expense of the Duke of Rutland, who, with the Duke of Devonshire, and others gives £25 annually towards the support of the school. The inhabitants are principally employed in the mines, but these are not so profitable as they were some years ago. The principal mines now worked are the Longrake, Townend, Youlgreave Ashes, Canton Hill Pipe, and Ladycroft, the former of which is the most productive. Here are several Friendly and Sick Societies in the village. The Feast is held the nearest Sunday to All Saints' Day.

Collinglowe Grange, 2 miles W.N.W. is a neat stone building, with porch at the front entrance, the floor of which is laid with triangular or tessellated pavement, very rarely now seen, it is the property of the Duke of Devonshire, and residence of Mr. J. Blore. *Conksbury*, 1 mile N. by W., consists of two farms, and a bridge over the Bradford brook, on the Bakewell and Ashbourn road. *Meadow Place*, a large farm, 1¼ miles N.W. from Youlgreave; both these belonged to the abbey of Leicester. The Church of Youlgreave was given to the abbey of Leicester, in or before the reign of Henry II. King Edward VI., in 1552, granted the rectory and advowson of the vicarage to Sir William Cavendish, from whom they have descended to his Grace the Duke of Devonshire. An act of parliament for enclosing Youlgreave and Middleton passed in 1815, in which the Duke of Rutland is stated to be impropriator of wool and lambs in Middleton.

In the parish register of this Church is a remarkable entry. "This year, 1614-5, Jan. 16th, began the greatest snow which ever fell upon earth within man's memory. It covered the earth fyve quarters deep upon the playne. It fell ten severall tymes, and the last was the greatest, to the greate admiration and fear of all the land; for it came from the foure p^{ts} of the world, so that all e'ntries were full, yea, the south p'te as well as these mountaynes. It continued by daily increasing untill the 12th day of March, (without the sight of any earth, eyther uppon the hilles or valleyes,) upon w^{ch} daye, being the Lorde's day, it began to decrease, and so by little and little consumed and wasted away till the eight and twentyth day of May, for then all the heapes or drifts of snow were consumed, except one uppon Kinder-Scout, w^{ch} lay till Witson-week." It appears by a further account, that it decreased so gradually, that though several floods occurred, yet no damage was done. This extraordinary snow is mentioned by Stowe, in his Chronicle, 1615. "A dry summer. There was no rain from the 25th day of March, till the 2nd day of May,

and then but one shower; after which there fell none till the 18th day of June, and then there fell another; after that there fell none at all till the 4th day of August, after which tyme there was sufficient rayne upon the earth; so that the greatest p^r of this land especially the south p^s. were burnt upp, both corn and hay.” “ Only Lankishyre and Cheshyre had rain enough all summer.”

BIRCHOVER is a small village, township, and chapelry, which is partly in Stanton liberty, 1¼ mile N.W. from Winster, 3 miles S.E. by E. from Youlgreave, contains 583A. 3R. 37P. of gritstone soil, principally occupied in dairy farms, and in 1851 had 14 houses and 78 inhabitants, of whom the number of males and females were equal; rateable value £761 7s.. 8d. William Pole Thornhill, Esq., M.P., the Duke of Rutland, J. H. Bradley, T. Robinson, and J. and G. Gregory, Esqs., are the principal owners, the former of whom is lord of the manor. The Chapel is a small square building, situated at the end of the village. The *living*, a donative in the gift of W. P. Thornhill, Esq. M.P., Rev. J. F. Garreit, B.A., of Elton, officiating minister. The Chapel was built by Thos. Eyre, Esq., of Row Tor, who died in 1717, and endowed it with £20 per annum, for the performance of divine service on the first Sunday in every month, The service is now performed every Sunday. It is exempt from ecclesiastical jurisdiction. The Primitive Methodists have a small neat brick chapel here, erected by subscription in 1853, at a cost of £50, will seat about 90.

Row Tor or Rov Tor, on Stanton moor, near this village, are a remarkable assemblage of gritstone rocks, which extend from 70 to 80 yards in length and from 40 to 50 in height. A subterraneous passage about 90 feet in length runs through these rocks, being in some parts very low, there are also other natural passages in several parts of them, also armed seats of solid rocks, and various other curious fragments. A little E. of this pile, is a large rocking stone of an irregular shape, 12 feet high and 36 in circumference, and estimated at 50 tons weight. This formerly could be shaken by the pressure of the hand, but having been forced from its equilibrium, it now requires the whole strength to put it in motion; it has since been put in its former situation, but the exact balance it once possessed is destroyed. A little N. is a second rocking stone, of the shape of an egg, which can be moved by a single finger, though 12 feet in length and 14 in girth. A third rocking stone stands a little further north, resembling the latter both in figure and facility of motion, and a little west are seven stones, piled on each other, varying in size and form, but all moveable by the pressure of a hand. Adjoining, the lord of the manor has recently erected a house of entertainment for the accommodation of visitors, designated “The Druid” of Row Tor. Mr. Geo. Marsden, the proprietor, conducts visitors through these rocks. *Row Tor Old Hall*, of which there are only few remains, is now occupied by Mr. Francis Walker, who has in his possession several old relics, amongst which is a carved oak bedstead of the date 1586. Feast, Sunday nearest Oct. 10.

ELTON, a small village, township, and chapelry, situate in the Wirksworth hundred, 1¾ miles W. from Winster, on the summit of a bleak eminence, and contains 1399A. of good land on limestone, principally in dairy farms, and in 1851 had 132 houses and 545 inhabitants, of whom 245 were males and 300 females; rateable value £1274 17s. 3d. Hylton Jelliffe, Esq.. Wm. Pole Thornhill, Esq.. M.P., Andrew Brittlebank, Esq., Mrs. Mary Robinson, Wm. A. Sheldon, Esq., Mr. T. Webster, and Mr. Jph. Briddon, are the principal owners, the two former are joint lords of the manor. The Church, dedicated to All Saints, is a neat plain stone building, with square tower and three bells, and can seen at a great distance. The *living* is a perpetual curacy, of the value of £98 per annum, principally derived from tithe land, it has been augmented with £200 benefactions, £200 Queen Anne’s bounty, and £200 parliamentary grant; the inhabitants are patrons, and the Rev. J. F. Garrett, B.A., incumbent. At the enclosure, in 1809, 49 acres of land were awarded in lieu of tithes, and 30 acres to other tithe owners. The Parsonage is a neat stone residence, erected 1838, pleasantly situated near the Church. The manor was held by the Bardolfs, as lords paramount, by the render of a pair of gilt spurs; from whom it passed to the Tibetots; afterwards to the Stevensons, from one of whose coheiress a

moiety was carried to Hylton Jolliffe, Esq., and Bache Thornhill, Esq., purchased from the other. It pays a quit or chief rent of 15s. 4d. The Wesleyan Reform chapel is a handsome brick building, erected by subscription, in 1852, at a cost of £90. The Primitive Methodist chapel built 1843, at a cost of £90, defrayed by subscription, is a good stone building. The Wesleyan chapel, built in 1851, by subscription at a cost of £90, is a good substantial building, each of which will accommodate about 100. The mining operations here are not as productive as formerly, the principal mine owners at present are Messrs. Milnes & Co., and Messrs. Heathcote, one thirteenth lot of the ore got, is due to Peter Arkwright, Esq., as lessee of the crown, but he takes one twenty-fifth. The Duke of Rutland claims one tenth for tithes, but takes one twenty-fifth. 3d. per load is also paid to the Barmaster on lead ore and 6d. per ton on brown ore, and one thirtieth in this parish as in all others in the Wapentake of Wirksworth, is paid to the land owners upon all ores raised out of cultivated hillocks. The Odd Fellows have a lodge here, and the feast is held on the 1st of November.

GRATTON, a small village and township situate in a pleasant valley, 2 miles S. from Youlgreave, and 2½ miles W.N.W. from Winstar, contains 844A. of land, and in 1851 had 5 houses and 38 inhabitants, of whom 24 were males and 14 females; rateable value £919. Wm. Pole Thornhill, Esq., M.P., is lord of the manor and owner. In 1723, John Thornhill, Esq. purchased it from the Lowes, to whom it had descended from the Middletons. Feast, nearest Sunday to All Saints' day.

MIDDLETON AND SMERRILL township, in the Wirksworth Hundred, contains conjointly 2,500 acres of good strong pasture and meadow land, a portion of which on the moors is arable, and had in 1851, 57 houses, and 276 inhabitants, of whom 149 were males and 127 females; rateable value, £2022 15s. 6d.

MIDDLETON is a well-built rural village, 1½ miles S.W. from Youlgreave. In the romantic glen of the Lathkill, is a factory, formerly employed in making tapes, but now used partly as a day school, and partly as a colour manufactory. Thos. Bateman, Esq., is the lord of the manor, and he, with the Duke of Rutland, are the owners. Here are 14 acres of church land awarded to the vicar in lieu of tithe. The Independent chapel, erected in 1826, by the late Thos. Bateman, Esq., is a handsome stone building, and is endowed with £40 per annum, left by Mr. Bateman. It will accommodate about 200. Beneath the chapel is a school room, used both for weekday and Sunday instruction. The Primitive Methodist chapel, built of wood, in 1850, at a cost of £90, will hold about 100. Here is a lodge of Odd Fellows; and the Feast is held on Friday in Whitsun week. This manor belonged to the Herthills, and passed with their heiress to the Cockaynes. In 1771, it was the joint property of Lord Viscount Howe and Matthew Raper, Esq. Its late possessor purchased it from the co-heiress of Viscount Howe. The remains of an ancient Druids' temple are still visible, situate on an eminence three miles N.W., and occupying about two acres of land, in the possession of Mr. Geo. Howe. *Smerrill* (Grange) consists of only one farm, the property of the Duke of Rutland, 1 mile S. from Middleton; the whole is tithe-free.

STANTON is a pleasant village, township, and chapelry, 4 miles S.S.E. from Bakewell, 1¾ miles E.S.E. from Youlgreave, contains 1534 acres of good pasture, meadow, and arable land, besides 427A. 3R. 38P. of plantations, not rated; and in 1851 had 162 houses, and 705 inhabitants, of whom 340 were males, and 365 females; rateable value, £1,800. Wm. Pole Thornhill, Esq., M.P. is lord of the manor and principal owner. The Duke of Rutland, Mr. Thos. Robinson, and Mr. Walter Holmes, are also owners. In different parts of the township are considerable plantations of pine and fir. The Church, a neat stone structure, with nave, chancel, and transepts, a square tower, and sexangular spire with six bells, was erected in 1833, at the sole expense of W. P. Thornhill, Esq., M.P., who presents to the living, which is a donative, annexed to Youlgreave vicarage. It will seat about 360 persons, nearly all of the sittings being free. In 1847, an

organ was placed in the church, presented by Wm. P. Thornhill, Esq. The Rev. J. F. Garrett, B.A. is the officiating minister. In the church is a handsome marble tablet, erected in 1855, to the memory of Col. Wm. Thornhill. The Wesleyans, Primitives, and Reformers, have each places of worship here. In 1856, a new Parochial school was erected, with a house for the master, and opened 28th of July. It is situated $\frac{1}{4}$ mile S.E. of the church, and was built at the sole expense of W. P. Thornhill, Esq., M.P., will hold about 70, and about 60 attend. Here is a Sick society, consisting of 100 members. Feast, nearest Sunday to All Saints. On the summit of a hill at Stanton Wood, a small square tower was erected, in commemoration of the passing of the Reform bill, in 1833. By act of Parliament, passed in 1799, the open lands were enclosed, when allotments were awarded to the Duke of Rutland, and Mr. Thornhill, as joint impropriators of tithes. The Marchioness of Sligo, was entitled to certain moduses, as tithes of hay.

Stanton Hall, a large handsome mansion, which was rebuilt in 1799, and a deer park, with extensive plantations added, is the seat of William Pole Thornhill, Esq., M.P., Stanton, was the joint property of the Duke of Rutland, and Mr. Thornhill, till the year 1809, when, in consequence of an exchange made under an enclosure act, the whole became vested in Mr. Thornhill. The Hall, had for two centuries been the residence of the Baches, when the estate, in 1604, passed to John Thornhill, Esq., of Thornhill, who married Anne Bache, the niece and heiress of Raphael Bache, Esq., of Stanton.

Stanton Woodhouse, two miles E.S.E. from Stanton. Here is an ancient Elizabethan house, situated on a fine elevation, surrounded with terraces, ancient yews, Spanish chesnut, walnut, elm, and other trees, commanding extensive prospects. It is the property of the Duke of Rutland, by whom it is occupied as a shooting box. It was formerly the residence of the Allens, and forms the manor of Stanton Lees, of which the Duke of Rutland is lord.

Stanton Lees. $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles N. is a good substantial stone residence, in the occupation and property of Mr. Walter Holmes.

WINSTER, a township, chapelry, and small market town, irregularly built on the side of a rocky eminence, and situate in a valley, $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles S.S.E. from Bakewell, $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles N.W. from Wirksworth, 19 miles N.N.W. from Derby, 145 miles from London, and about 3 miles N. from the High Peak Railway, contains 1034 acres of meadow and pasture land, and in 1851, had 240 houses, and 928 inhabitants, of whom 460 were males and 468 females; rateable value, £2184 12s. 0d. It is a freehold estate. Andrew Brittlebank, Esq., Robt. Cresswell, Esq., Mrs. Eliz. Roberts, Mr. Thos. Roberts, Lord Scarsdale, Mr. Richard Witham, Mr. Wm. Briddon, and the Rev George Mason, are the principal owners, besides several freeholders. The Church, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, is a perpetual curacy, certified at £12, now £104; has been augmented with £400 benefactions, £200 Queen Anne's bounty, and £300 parliamentary grant; the resident freeholders, patrons; Rev. Wm. Dyke, incumbent. In 1702, Mrs. Anne Phenney and Mr. Henry Fenshaw endowed the chapelry with one fourth of the tithes of corn and hay of the township, for which, at the enclosure, 37A. 1R. 29P. of land were allotted to the incumbent. The Church was rebuilt in 1842, in a neat modern style, (except the old tower, now grown over with ivy, and in which are five bells,) at the cost of upwards of £1,600, raised by subscriptions, aided by £150 from the Incorporated society, and £150 from the Diocesan Society; in consequence of which, 295 sittings remain free and unappropriated for ever. In 1846, a clock was placed on the church, by subscription, at a cost of £80. On the entrance to the church is the following inscription :—

“Enter into his gates with thanksgiving, and into his courts with praise.”

In the chancel is a very ancient carved stone font, lined with lead, and here are

several tablets to the Holmes and Moore families, and one to Thomas Wall, who was engaged in most of the great actions during the Peninsular war. The Wesleyan Methodists have a neat stone chapel, erected in 1837; the Primitive Methodists built one in 1823; and the Reformers, a neat chapel, erected at a coat of £155, in 1852. The Market is held on Saturday, and Fairs are held for cattle, Feb. 11th, March 30th, and May 8th, and for cheese and cattle on October 10th, or the day before, should any of these days fall on Sunday. The fairs, which had long been discontinued, were again revived in 1855, when the cheese and cattle fair was held on Oct. 10th, which was well supplied with fat stock, cheese, &c., at which fair James Haywood, of Middleton, in this parish, had £2 awarded for the best dairy of cheese. Here are two Lodges and two Sick societies. Feast, first Sunday after Midsummer day. The inhabitants are extensively engaged in mining operations, new openings being continually made. There are several levels, of which the Portway mine is the greatest, which drains several mines in its course of three miles to the Derwent. Every 13th part of the ore is due to the Duke of Devonshire, as lessee under the crown, in right of the Duchy of Lancaster for lot, but he takes every twenty-fifth, and 4d. per load is paid to him as cope. The Duke of Rutland claims every tenth, but takes every twenty-fifth, for tithes; but there are no manorial claims. There is also a considerable quantity of Brown and Green ore, of the average value of 20s. to 40s. per ton, which is liable to a duty of one-thirteenth lot, one-tenth tithes, and 10d. per ton cope. On opening a barrow in the neighbourhood, in 1768, two glass vessels were found, each containing clear, but green coloured water. A silver bracelet, with some glass beads, and various other trinkets were also found.

“During the present year (1856), a discovery of considerable interest, was accidentally made in the garden attached to the residence of Charles Carill Worsley, Esq., in this township. Whilst lowering a bank of earth for the purpose of making some improvements in the pleasnre ground, the labourers uncovered two graves at the depth of upwards of four feet from the present surface, each containing a human skeleton, lying on its right side, with the knees drawn up and the head pointing towards the north-east. A careful examination of the place and the objects there discovered, affords evidence of the interments having been made in the following manner:—A wood fire was, in the first place, lighted upon the ground, in or around which some large stones were put so as to become calcined. This having burned out, the place it occupied was cleared for the reception of the body, which was then deposited in the position before mentioned, along with the implements and weapons of deceased. The calcined stones were next piled carefully over the corpse, and, finally, earth was heaped up above the whole, probably while the ground was still warm. The first skeleton was accompanied by a small spear head, or knife, of iron, much corroded, and the lower stone of a hand-mill, anciently used in household for grinding corn; the latter had passed the fire. With the second interment was found the upper stone of the same mill, very neatly wrought in sandstone, but split to pieces by the great heat to which it had been exposed. Some pieces of a very coarse vessel of plain earthenware were found near the head of this skeleton, and behind it lay a large spear head, of iron, two feet long, a curved instrument of the same metal, five inches long, originally fixed in a wooden handle, the bone ferule of which still remains, and a ring-like bead or decoration of light coloured porcelain, about an inch and a half in diameter.

“The whole of the articles exhumed from these graves (which may be assigned to the Teutonic or Tiron period, including the time from the end of the 5th to the 7th century, A.D.) by the kindness of C. Carill Worsley, Esq., have been deposited in Mr. Bateman’s Museum of Antiquities, at Youlgreave.”

CHARITIES.—*School*.—By indentures, dated 30th November and 1st December, 1762, it is mentioned that the school was built by charitable subscriptions, and that a barn and croft had been purchased for £8 8s. A sum of £28 18s. 9d. remained in the

Rev. Edward Timperley's hands, out of the said subscription, and to perpetuate the charity, he thereby conveyed the school and property on trust. The school premises consist of a lower room, used as the boys' school, and an upper room for girls, with a house, built for the resident master, about 1823, at the expense of the Duke of Rutland. Of the £23 18s. 9d., £8 was vested in the hands of the late Mr. Richd. Sheldon, at the interest of 5 per cent., but which has since been expended in the repairs of the school. The residue was in the hands of Mr. John Alwood, a farmer, who died about 1819, without leaving sufficient property to pay his debts.

Ellen Webster's charity.—(See *Bakewell*.) No part of this charity was applied for benefit of this school, from 1812 to 1826, but by an account then made, it appears £7 19s. is due as a balance from Mr. Alexander Bossley, which has been paid to the newly elected trustees, by whom it is to be paid, with the surplus of the accruing rents, to the vicar and churchwardens of Youlgreave, to be applied in purchasing good and useful books for the use of the school.

James Roberts, of Alport, by will, 1681, left 40s. to be yearly given to ten of the most needy old men and ten of the poorest widows in Youlgreave. A loaf of bread of the value of 1s., and cheese of the same value, is distributed in the church, after service, on Christmas day. Samuel Roberts, by his will, 1752, confirmed the above, and settled the payment of it on three pieces of land, one called Barrin's Pingle, and the other the High Flats, in the parish of Youlgreave.

Frances Staley left, by will, in 1728, 40s. yearly, out of two closes called Shogdales. These closes are now the property of Mrs. Brown, who sends 40s. to the vicar, which is distributed to 40 of the poorest inhabitants.

John Hancock, of London, by will, in 1821, gave to his executors £100 three per cent. consolidated bank annuities, to be kept in their own names till six months after the death of his brother, Joseph Hancock, and then to be transferred by them to the vicars and churchwardens of the said parish for the time being, on trust that the dividends should be given to 12 poor parishioners, not being paupers, in bread and coals, on New Year's day. The annual sum of £3 is transmitted by the executors to Mr. Joseph Hancock, the brother of the donor, which he distributes to about 20 poor persons.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity.—(See *Bradley*.) The annual sum of £5 10s. is paid to the vicar, and is laid out in coarse woollen cloth and flannel, and distributed to the poor about Christmas.

WINSTER CHAPELRY.—*Anthony Moore*, by will, in 1651, gave to Robert Moore and his heirs all his lands, that 20s. a year should be paid to the poor of Winster for ever on St. Thomas's day. *Robert Moore*, mindful to secure the said payment, and to make an augmentation thereto of other 20s. a year, after his decease, by indenture dated 27th April 1672, enfeoffed to two persons and their heirs a close called the Grisshill, in Winster, to pay the sum of 40s. yearly, on the feast of St. Thomas.

William Hall, by will, dated 1685, directed that his close, called Grisshill, in Winster, should at his decease be given to the poor of Winster, at the discretion of his executors. The close, stated to contain 1A. 2R. 15P., and worth about £3 a year, was for some time occupied by the overseers of the poor. But the field having since been let, the rent is distributed amongst the poor as above, on St. Thomas's day.

John Slater, alias *Buxton*, who was buried in 1694, left to the poor of Winster, 20s. a year out of the revenues of the New Close, to be distributed on the feast of St. John the Evangelist.

Joseph Haynes, who was buried in 1706, gave, by his will, to the poor of Winster, a close called Knot-Greaves; the yearly rents to be paid at three times, viz.—one moiety on Christmas-day, another part on Trinity Sunday, and another on the 2nd July. The close contains 3½ acres, let by the inhabitants for £7 10s. per annum. The overseers receive the rent and distribute it to widows and other poor persons.

Robert Oates, by will, 1719, left to the minister of Winster for the time being, for ever, the sum of 10s. for a sermon to be preached on the day of his burial, being the 14th May. He also directed 24 wheaten loaves, each of the value of 6d., to be distributed to 24 poor people who should be then present at divine service; and that 2s. should on the same day be paid to the ringers, to be continued for ever. The sum of 24s. is annually paid by the trustees of the late Thos. Norman, out of a close called Headland, in Winster.

Anthony Moore, by will, in 1721, gave lands situate in Dore, and the reversion thereof, to the children of his three sisters and their heirs, &c., subject to payment of 10s. per annum, payable at Michaelmas, on trust, that they should divide the same amongst the poor of Winster, on St. Thomas's day yearly; and he charged the same on a farm then in the possession of Anthony Siddall. There is no trace of this having been received since 1778, though the returns of 1786 state that it was paid by Anthony Gallimore. We have not been able to identify the farm.

Elizabeth Buxton, by will, 1730, gave 10s. per annum to the curate of Winster and his successors, for preaching a sermon in remembrance of her on the day of her burial; but if that was Sunday, then on the following day; 5s. to the ringers, 20s. to 40 poor inhabitants of Winster, and 10s. per annum to buy two bibles, to be given, on the anniversary of the day on which her aunt Ashmore was buried, to two scholars at Winster school; and she gave 10s. yearly to the said curate and his successors, for preaching a sermon in remembrance of her said aunt, in Winster chapel, on the day of her burial (10th November); 5s. to the ringers, and 20s. yearly to be distributed to forty poor inhabitants; these to be reputed her aunt's charity. She also gave 10s. yearly for preaching a sermon in remembrance of her mother, Anne Buxton, on the day of her interment (15th December); 5s. to the ringers, and 20s. to be distributed to the poor; and she charged the said annual payments on all her lands and tenements situate in Winster. The amount of the above payments, £5 15s., is paid as issuing out of a close in Winster, called the Ashmore Pingle. The minister receives the sums, and makes the distributions agreeably to the donor's will.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity.—(See *Bradley*.) The annual sum of £5 10s., received by the incumbent, is laid out in coarse woollen cloth and flannel, and by him distributed to the poor about Christmas.

Thomas Eyre, who died in 1717, gave by his will £20 per annum to the minister, for instructing twenty poor children until they could read a chapter in the bible. The annuity was charged on the estate of the said Thomas Eyre. By indentures, dated 28th and 29th July, 1777, Lady Massarene conveyed an estate called the Great Rocks, in Wormhill, to trustees, charged with the payment of the said annual rent.

Robert Moore, by will, in 1718, reciting that there was paid out of his estate £8 yearly for charitable purposes, viz.—£5 for teaching 10 poor children to read the bible, and £3 yearly in dole money, chargeable as follows,—the £3 to be paid from his moiety of the tithes of wool and lamb, and the £5 to be paid out of the lands devised to his son, Anthony Moore. The annuity of £5 is now paid by the agent of Lord Scarsdale, as charged on the estate in Winster of which he is the owner. We have not found any trace of the payment of £3 as dole money for the poor: and by the act of enclosure passed in 1763, the tithes of lamb and wool are not mentioned.

YOULGREAVE TOWNSHIP.

Post Office at W. Teasdale's; letters arrive from Bakewell at 8 a.m., and are despatched at 4 45 p.m.

Allwood Mrs. Maria
Bateman Thomas, Esq., *Lomberdale House*
Bowman Mr. Henry
Brewer Mrs. Elizabeth, *Alport*

Buckwell Rev. Wm., vicar
Frost Matthew, deputy bar master
Gregory John, surgeon
Gregory Richard, gentleman

Harrison John, parish clerk
 Kenworthy Thomas & George, joiners & builders, *Bradford*
 Marsden John, corn miller
 Rowland James, tin plate worker
 Rowland Thomas, tin plate worker
 Shimwell Henry, clock maker
 Smith — gent.
 Spencer Edmund, surgeon
 Teasdale Wm., grocer, druggist & draper

Wardell Mary, dreesmaker

Inns and Taverns.

Boarding House Hotel, Wm. Garratt,
Alport
 Bull's Head, John Winson
 Farm Yard, Stephen Rowland
 Pig of Lead, Eliz. Rowland
 William IV., Geo. Woodward (& sculptor)

Academies.

Liddall Eleanor
Parochial, John and Ann Smith

Blacksmiths.

Jones Thomas
 Roper Cornelius

Boot & Shoe Mkr's

Billings George
 Evans Isaac
 Smith Thos., *Alport*
 Swindell John
 Swindell Thomas
 Toft Henry

Butchers.

Delaney Benjamin
 Thompson John

Farmers.

Ball Wm., (cowkpr.)
 Birds Thomas
 Blore John, *Collinglow Grange*

Coates Samuel, (& cooper)
 Cooke Mary
 Dakin Jph., *Mawston*
 Evans John, (& corn miller,) *Alport*
 Garrett George
 Garrett John
 Gregory Ann, *Conksbury*
 Gregory Thomas, *Meadow place*
 Howe George
 Jones Mary, *Conksbury*
 Kenworthy Francis, *Alport*
 Kenworthy James
 Kenworthy Wm., *Alport*
 Nuttall Samuel
 Rowland Stephen
 Sheldon Ann
 Sheldon Ellen, cowkpr.
 Staley John
 Staley Thomas

Mine Owners.

Cooke Jas. & David,
Longrake Mine
 Frost Math. & Co.,
The Ashes
 Garrett Geo. & Wm. & Co., *Townend Mine*
 Rowland Stephen & Co., *Canton Hill Pipe Mine*
 Twigg Jph. sen. & Co.
Lady Croft Mine

Shopkeepers.

Beebe Thomas, (& ale & porter agent)
 Cooke David
 Garrett George
 Salt Abraham
 Shimwell Wm.

Stonemasons.

*Marked * are Tomb Stone Engravers*
 Evans John
 Rowland Jacob

* Rowland John
 Shimwell Humphrey (& builder)
 Shimwell Joseph
 Toft James
 Toft William

Tailors.

Bottom George
 Carson Humphrey
 Hill Thomas

Timber Merchant.

Birds Thomas

Wheelwrights.

Carson Alfred
 Kenworthy Thomas & George
 Swindell Samuel

Carriers.

To Buxton, Henry Beebe, Tues.
To Chesterfield, Hy. Beebe, Sat.

BIRCHOVER CHAPELRY.

Marsden George vict., *Druids Inn, Row Tor*
 Robinson Mrs. Mary, *The Green*
 Swier John, gamekeeper

Walker Francis, wheelwright and joiner,
Old Hall
 Ward Josiah, corn miller, *Eagle Tor Mill*

Farmers.

Bradley Jas. Holmes
 Dale Jno., Upper Town

Dale Rd., Upper Town
 Gregory John, Upper Town

Heathcote Samuel
 Hunstone John
 Marsden John

Marsden Jph., *Eagle Tor*
 Willmott Geo., *Saving Hay*

ELTON CHAPELRY.

Briddon Mr. Joseph
 Garrett Rev. John Fisher, B.A. perpetual curate
 Knowles George, grocer and provision dlr.
 Mountney Richard, butcher
 Sheldon Mr. Wm. Ashmore
 Sindfield John, blacksmith

Smith Henry, cooper
 Webster Mr. Thomas

Inns and Taverns.

Duke of York, Hannah Holmes
 Nelson's Arms, Wm. Hadfield
 Red Lion, Robert Joule

<p>Farmers. Allsop Jno., <i>Dale End</i> Boam George Bridge Benjamin Dakin John Dakin John, (& pig dlr.) <i>Cliff</i> Dakin Wm. Dale George, <i>Dudwood</i> Gregory Thos. & Chas. Hadfield Wm. Hardy William</p>	<p>Heathcote Geo., (& pig dealer) Housley Mary Joule Robt., jun. Marshall Charles Millner Francis, <i>Dud-</i> <i>wood</i> Sheldon Thos, Barker Sheldon Wm. Staley Stephen Wallwin Josiah Webster George Webster Richd. Wm. Wright John</p>	<p>Mine Owners. Hardy Wm. Joule James Pett Daniel Staley Wm. Stone George Stone John Waterhouse Samuel Watts Henry Webster Wm.</p> <p>Shoemakers. Rowland Samuel Yates Benjamin</p>	<p>Shopkeepers. Cadman Ann Dakin Stphn., (& pig dealer) Dakin Sarah Hadfield Wm.</p> <p>Wheelwrights. Smith George Staley Wm. Webster James</p>
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GRATTON TOWNSHIP.

<p>Farmers. Dale Elizabeth, <i>The Rock</i></p>	<p>Hodgkinson John Sheldon George, <i>Low Fields</i> Sheldon John and Francis</p>
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MIDDLETON AND SMERRILL TOWNSHIP.

<p>Boden Rev. Geo., (Indep.) Brassington John, schoolmaster Bunting Joseph, blacksmith Buxton Fras., shoemaker Buxton Samuel, cattle dlr. Buxton Wm., cattle dlr. Calow Thos., colour manufr. Carson Chas., joiner</p>	<p>Harrison John, farm bailiff Lucas John, gent., <i>Rock cottage</i> Marsden Anthony, vict., Bateman's Arms Marsden Jno., shopkeeper & corn miller Palfreyman John, farm bailiff Parker Mrs. Margaret, <i>The Hall</i> Parker Wm., ground bailiff Pursglove Francis, shopkeeper</p>	<p>Redfern Wm., <i>Castle Farm</i> Rowland Sarah Thompson John, <i>Rus-</i> <i>den Farm</i> Titterton John Woodcock Solomon</p>
<p>Farmers. Archer John Buxton John Grindey Isaac, <i>Old-</i> <i>ham</i></p>	<p>Grindey James, <i>Kens-</i> <i>low Farm</i> Haywood James, (and shoemaker) Howe George Martin Marsden Anthony</p>	<p>Parker Francis Potter Saml., <i>Smerrill</i> <i>Grange</i> Pursglove Henry Prime Daniel, (& clock maker)</p>

STANTON CHAPELRY.

Marked 1 reside at Stanton Hill-side, and 2 Stanton Lees.

<p>Thornhill William Pole, Esq., M.P., <i>Stanton Hall</i>, and 44, Eaton sq., London 1 Clark Miss Hannah Doxey Jas., blacksmith Eman Thos., gardener, <i>Hall</i> Fryer Henry, carpenter 1 Gregory Jacob, gardener 1 Hardy Mrs. Elizabeth Howard Mr. Godfrey Hunter John, land steward</p>	<p>Marsh Hy., stone cutter & quarry owner Preston Thos., sawyer Roose Stephen, parish clerk Smith Jeremiah & Mary, parochial school 1 Yates Miss Martha</p>	<p>Inns and Taverns. Bay Childers, John Prince Red Lion, George Kenworthy, (& joiner) Thorn Tree, Daniel Holmes</p>	
<p>Farmers. Burrs Benjamin Fentem Thos., <i>Bowers Hall</i> Gilbert Hy., <i>Lodge</i> Gregory Jacob, <i>Old Hall</i> Holmes John Holmes Sml. Congreve 2 Holmes Walter</p>	<p>2 Howsley Wm. 1 Marsden Joseph 1 Robinson Thomas, <i>Heath Cottage</i> Siddall Edw., <i>Pillough</i> Siddall John 1 Smith Martha Stevenson John, <i>Bay Hill</i> Thomson John, <i>Wood-</i> <i>house</i></p>	<p>Torr Dorothy, <i>Wood-</i> <i>house</i> Twibell Joseph Twyford Anthony</p> <p>Shoemakers. Daniel A. Hadfield Benjamin Siddall George</p> <p>Shopkeepers. 1 Burrs Benjamin</p>	<p>Holmes George Howsley Wm. 1 Hunstone Henry Prince Ann Siddall John Twyford Ralph</p> <p>Stone Masons. Marsden Abraham Marsh Hy., (merchnt) Prince John</p>

WINSTER CHAPELRY.

Post Office, at Matthew Taylor's; letters arrive from Matlock Bath at 9 a.m., and are despatched at 5 15 p.m. in summer, and 3 30 p.m. in winter.

Allen Mrs. Ann
 Allen Mr. George
 Ashton George, ironmonger & lace agent
 Brittlebank Andrew, Esq., *Oddo*
 Brittlebank Benjamin, solicitor
 Brittlebank Wm. Thomas, gent.
 Burton, Mrs. Elizabeth
 Dyke Rev. Wm., incumbent
 Gregory John, cowkeeper
 Gregory, Joseph, stone mason & builder
 Heathcote Joseph, stamp distributor
 Hill Wm., vet, surgeon & druggist
 Norman Henry H. Esq.
 Raynes Ann, dressmaker
 Roberts Mr. Thomas
 Roberts Miss Elizabeth
 Sellers John, plasterer & slater

Academies.

Hadfield Elizabeth
 Newton Elizabeth
 Westall George S.

Blacksmiths.

Burton Anthony
 Rains Ralph & Wm.
 Thompson James

Butchers.

Bateman Joseph
 Bateman Thomas
 Caldwell Josiah
 Swindell Samuel

Farmers.

Ashton Samuel
 Bateman Joseph
 Bateman Thomas
 Blackwell Joseph
 Caldwell Josiah
 Hadfield Joseph
 Hardy Robert

Gyte William
 Haynes Thomas
 Jackson James
 Longden John
 Marsden Jacob
 Palfreyman George
 Raines John, *Moor*
 Raines Thomas
 Rains Ralph & Wm.
 Rains Robert
 Smith John
 Swindell Micah
 Swindell Samuel
 Wagstaff Ann
 Wagstaff George
 Wagstaff Samuel
 Wild John
 Witham Richard
 Withaam Samuel
 Woolley Samuel

Grocers & Draprs.

*Mrkd * Grocers only*
 * Bradley Wm., (& hatter & hosier)

Sims Wm. Henry, surgeon
 Sides William Brittlebank, auctioneer and valuer
 Wagstaff Jane, draper & lace agent
 Wagstaff John, dep. barmaster
 Wardman Charles, cattle dealer
 Watts Rev. Wm., (Prim. Methodist)
 Wilson Mr. Joseph
 Worsley Miss Carill
 Worsley Charles Carill, Esq.

Inns and Taverns.

Angel, Wm. Burton, (& tinner)
 Bowling Green, Mary Staley
 Bull's Head, George Turner
 Crown, John Longden, (& miner)
 Miner's Standard, Joseph Bateinan

Heathcote Samuel & Joseph

* Shaw Alfred
 * Foxlow Samuel
 Taylor Matthew
 Witham Samuel, (& agent to Sun Life office, & earthenware dealer)

Joiners & Builders.

Ashton George
 Rains Anthony

Plumbers, &c.

Gregory George
 Heathcote William, & painter, glazier, & wholesale oil merchant

Saddlers, &c.

Hawksworth Lydia
 Rowland James

Shoemakers.

Ashton James
 Boam Francis
 Durden Benjamin
 Hawksworth Thos.
 Salt Andrew
 Slack John
 Wild John

Tailors.

Barker Samuel
 Buxton Wm.
 Lomas Henry

Wheelwrights.

Beardow John, (& builder)
 Fryer Thomas
 Henstock John Hy. & Francis
 Rains John
 Rains Wm.
 Wilson Edward
 Wilson John