

the premises are let for £7 10s. per annum. *John Kaye*, 1531, gave a messuage for a school-house, which is now used as a school, and kept in repair by the parish. *Sarah Pole*, in 1747, gave £30 to buy books and teach three poor children to read, at the Free-school. *Phillis Butcher*, 1746, gave £30, the interest to pay for four poor children learning to read and write. *Margaret* and *Mary Pole*, 1753 granted a messuage and several pieces of land, on trust, for the benefit of the school; one piece was sold to the Chesterfield Canal Company for £60, which with £30 from Sarah Pole's gift was placed in the hands of John Billham, who became insolvent about 1796, afterwards the sum of £68 4s. 3d. was received as dividends, and £56 was placed in the hands of Sir George Sitwell, at 5 per cent. The income of the school amounts to £29, part of which is paid to a schoolmaster, who instructs 25 poor children, and the remainder goes for the reparation of four cottages.

Marked 1 reside at Bridge foot, 1½ Church Town, 2 Gannow lane, 3 High moor, 4 Nether moor, 5 Netherthorpe, 6 The Forge, 7 Upper Thorpe, and 8 West Thorpe.

Post Office (Receiving House) Mr. Turner Ward's, Church Town.

Bagaley John, poor rate collector, *Moore*
 Batty John, parish clerk
 Hancock Miss Ann, Highmoor
 Kelk Wm., shoemaker, Church Town
 Manser George, schoolmaster
 Need Thomas, Esq, *Gannow House*
 Richardson Thos. Geo., manager at Messrs.
 Webster and Horsfalls, *The Mansion House*
 7 Rose Geo. and Wm., wheelwrights
 Smith Rev. Edw. H., B.A., incumbent
 Webster and Horsfall, steel refiners, forgers

and patent music wire manufcs., The
 Forge. Warehouse 15, Broomsgrove street,
 Birmingham, and Penns Mills, near Bir-
 mingham
 7 Wilson Edw., stone mason

Inns and Taverns.

2 Angel, John Simmonite
 Blacksmiths' Arms, Saml. Whitehead (and
 blacksmith)
 7 Nags Head, George Bramall
 1 Navigation Inn, William Walker

Beerhouses.

1½ Booth Mark
 1 Mallinder John
 5 Hall John
 Hughes Ralph
 Mallinder John
 2 Walker Sarah

Butchers.

1½ Ward Turner
 7 Webster James

Coal Owners.

8 Batty Jonth. & Co.
 1½ Ward Turner, (and
 brick maker)
 7 Webster Thomas

Farmers.

2 Brammall John
 Carr Zebulon, *Nether Moore*

Cowlshaw S., *Church Town*

7 Fox Thomas
 3 Hall Charles
 8 Hodgson Eliz.
 3 Hutchinson Robert
 5 Lawrence Mrs.
 5 Lee Humphrey
 5 Lee Samuel
 4 Limb Charles
 Lowe Wm., *Old Hall*
 7 Mallinder Charles
 1 Mallinder George
 Mallinder George
 1 Mallinder John
 Platt Robert, (and vet.
 surgeon)
 5 Radford Joseph
 Rutherford J., *Hole House*

7 Rose Geo. & Wm.
 8 Shaw John
 3 Smith Joseph (and
 surveyor)
 Storey Charlotte,
Bridge Farm
 Taylor John, *Sheep-
 cote's Hill*
 1½ Turton George
 8 Walker George
 7 Ward Samuel
 8 Watkinson John
 8 Webster Robert
 Webster Thomas
 2 Wheelhouse Wm.
 8 Whitfield James
 Whitfield Wm., *Ash
 Leys*
 7 Woodward Cornl.

Grocers & Drapers.

7 Harrison John
 8 Walker George
 1½ Ward Turner
 7 Webster Thomas

Shoemakers.

1½ Pemberton John
 7 Taylor Mayfield
 4 Walker Fdk.

Tailors.

1½ Booth Mark
 Hall Joseph
 7 Pressley Francis

Carrier to Sheffield

Fox Wm. Thos., Tu.
 and Saturday

LANGWITH, commonly called *Upper Langwith*, is a parish and scattered village on the border of Nottinghamshire, 6 miles S. by W. from Mansfield, and 3 miles S.E. from Bolsover, contains 1,444 acres of land, including 261 acres of wood, and in 1851 had 40 houses, and 198 inhabitants, of whom 100. were males, and 98 females; estimated rental £1328. Duke of Devonshire is principal owner and lord of the manor. Earl Bathurst and Mr. Joseph Nicholson are also small owners. The Church, St. Helen's, is a rectory,

valued in the King's book at £4 0s. 2½d., now £204; Duke of Devonshire, patron. Rev. Immanuel Halton, incumbent. The church is a small ancient stone structure with a low tower, which contains 2 bells. The advowson of the rectory belonged to Thurgarton priory, having been given to it by Ralph Deincourt, the founder. The rectory is a small house east of the church, with 40 acres of glebe; the tithe has been commuted for £202. In 1825 His Grace erected a school, to which he gives £15 per annum for the education of the poor children of the parish. The manor acquired the name of Langwith Bassett from the family of Bassett, to whom it belonged as early as the reign of Edward III., and who had two parks here in 1330. This manor, together with Houghton Filley and Houghton Bassett, partly in this parish and partly in the pariah of Pleasley, were conveyed by Lord Grey to the Vavasours in 1493; from the Vavasours they passed to the Hardwicks, before the reign of Queen Elizabeth; the heiress of Hardwick brought them to Sir William Cavendish. Here is a lodge of Odd Fellows. *Vickers House*, a farm, ½ mile N. and *Roseland*, a farm, ¾ mile S.W. from the village.

CHARITIES.—Countess and Earl of Devonshire's Charities.—(See Edensor.)

Kithe Vaughan gave £3 a year, to be paid out of her freehold estates, to the parish of Langwith, for clothing for the poor, to be distributed on the 21st September.

Burton Sarah, vict., Devonshire Arms
 Burton Thomas, blacksmith
 Charlesworth Edward, baker
 Jarvis Joseph, besom maker

Rawlins Rev. Jas., curate of Mansfield
 Revill John, wheelwright
 Revill John, schoolmaster

Farmers.
 Brown Joseph
 Bunting John, (& corn miller)
 Charlesworth John

Haslam Thomas
 Ludlow Thomas
 Revill George
 Tallents Francis
 Turner John

Turner Wm.
 Vickers John
 Wood Wm.
Shopkeepers.
 Ashley George

Timons Charles
Carrier.
To Mansfield—Chas. Timons, Thurs.

MORTON a parish and pleasant village, on the Matlock and Mansfield road, ¾ miles N. from Alfreton, 7 miles S. by E. from Chesterfield, 17 miles N.N.E. from Derby, and 1¼ mile S.E. from Stretton railway station, contains 1233A. OR. 31P. of land, of which 115A. 23P. are detached within the township of North Wingfield, and 15A. 2R. 25P. in that of Woodthorpe, and in 1851 had 52 houses, and 257 inhabitants, of whom 129 were males, and 128 females; rateable value £1486 17s. 6d. Edward Degge Sitwell, Esq., is lord of the manor and principal owner; Mrs. Elizabeth Radford Oldham, and the executors of the late Thomas Oldham have also estates here. The Church, dedicated to the Holy Cross, was, with the exception of the tower, thoroughly restored in 1850, at a cost of £700 raised by subscriptions. It is a neat stone edifice in the decorated style, containing nave, chancel, aisles, and embattled tower, with three bells. In the chancel is a beautiful memorial window to Mrs. Anne Turbutt, filled with stained glass, the subjects are "Christ bearing the Cross," "The Crucifixion," and "The Resurrection." In the church are handsome monuments to the memory of William Turbutt, Esq., of Ogston hall, who died December 25th, 1836; to Miss E. Turbutt, who died March 29th, 1834; to the Rev. Richard Burrow Turbutt, M.A., late rector, who died January 30th, 1841; and a neat marble tablet to Anne, wife of the late Wm. Turbutt, Esq., who died September 7th, 1855, aged 76 years. The *living* is a rectory, valued in the King's book at £11 10s., now £460; in the alternate patronage of St. John's College, Cambridge, and Gladwin Turbutt, Esq. The Rev. Thos. Lund, B.D., incumbent. The tithes have been commuted for £203 12s. 6d. for Morton, those in North Wingfield, £20 13s., and in Woodthorpe for £2 2s. 6d. Camomile is extensively grown in this parish. The chapelry of Brackenfield has been made distinct parish. The manors of Morton and Ogston, which had been given by Wulftric Spott to Burton Abbey, at the Domesday survey, belonged to Walter Deincourt; and Roger

Deincourt, in 1330, claimed a park, and the right of having a gallows for the execution of criminals; this manor (Morton) passed with other estates to the Leakes, and on the death of Nicholas Leake, Earl of Scarsdale, in 1736, the Earl's trustees sold it to Henry Thornhill, of Chesterfield, gent., and others, of whom it was purchased, in 1749, by Francis Sitwell, Esq., of Renishaw; under the will of his sister and heir, Mrs. Elizabeth Sitwell, it passed to Richard Staunton Wilmot, who took the name of Sitwell, and after his death to his next brother, Edward Sacheverel Wilmot, who took the name of Sitwell in addition to that of Wilmot.

CHARITIES.—*William Bacon* is stated in the Parliamentary Returns of 1786, to have given an annual sum of £2. That sum, designated Easter money, is now received by the overseer from two estates at Alfreton. 20s. is distributed at Morton, and 20s. by the overseer of Brackenfield.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's Charity.—(See *Bradley.*)—The annual sum of £5 10s. is received by the incumbent, and laid out in coarse woollen cloth and flannel, which is given amongst the poor.

Elenora Turbutt, who died in 1826, by will, directed her executors to distribute yearly, out of her personal property, the sum of £20 to the poor of Shirland and Morton.

CHURCH REPAIRS.—An annual sum of 6s. 8d., supposed to have been given for this purpose, is charged upon a farm in Morton, and is carried to the Churchwardens' general account.

Cooper Wm., gent.
Hill Robert, wheelwright
Johnson James, farm bailiff

Knifton Francis, vict., (& butcher,) Sitwell
Arms.
Lund Rev. Thos., B.A., rector
Parsons Wm., blacksmith & brick maker

Farmers.
Greatorrex Edmund

Greatorrex Joseph,
Hagg House
Knifton Francis

Ludlam Thomas,
Padley wood
Oldham Emily

Siddall George
Waine James

NORMANTON, SOUTH, a parish, and considerable village, near the eastern verge of the county, 2½ miles E.N.E. from Alfreton, and 18 miles N. by E. from Derby, contains 1879A. 2R. 31P. of land, exclusive of 36A. 37P. of roads; and in 1851, had 266 houses, and 1340 inhabitants, of whom 664 were males, and 676 females; rateable value, £3,722. The principal owners are, Thos. Radford, Esq., Rev. C. Evans, John Wilkinson, Esq., and Mrs. Langhorn; the former is lord of the manor. The Church, dedicated to St. Michael, is a plain ancient structure of the 13th or 14th century, with a square embattled tower, containing a good peal of five bells. The *living* is a rectory, valued in the King's book at £9 15s. 6d., now £333. Thos. Radford, Esq. is the patron, and the Rev. Fredk. Doveton, M.A., the incumbent; the Rev. Rich. Howard Frizell, B.A., is the resident officiating curate. The Rectory is a good house, with spacious grounds, and has 37 acres of glebe; the title was commuted under the new act for £345. A National School for boys and girls was erected in 1849; it is a plain brick building, where about 70 children are instructed. The Wesleyans, Wesleyan Reformers, and Primitive Methodists, have each places of worship here. The late Jedediah Strutt, Esq., the ingenious inventor of the frame for manufacturing ribbed stockings, was a native of this village. The soil is mostly clay, in some parts a fertile loam, and abounds in coal and minerals.

Carnfield Hall, 1 mile E. from Alfreton, a beautiful mansion, is the seat and property of Thomas Radford, Esq. *Carter Lane*, half mile S.E. of Normanton, a few scattered farms. *Normanton Woodhouse* ¾ mile S.W. of Normanton, a small village. The coal trade has for some time been declining in this parish, and there are now upwards of 50 cottages unoccupied, though there are seven beds of coal of which only the top bed has been got. Feast nearest Sunday to Michaelmas day. A foot-post to Alfreton, daily.

CHARITIES.--*Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity.*—(See *Bradley*.) The annual sum of £5 10s., is received by the incumbent, and laid out in woollen cloth and flannel, which is distributed to the poor about Christmas.

Post Office, at A. Rowe's; letters arrive from Alfreton at 9.0 a.m., and are despatched at 10 a.m.

Dernerley Thos., bricklayer
Frizell Rev. Robt. Howard, B.A., curate,
Rectory
Kirk Jph. & Ann, National school
Radford Thos., Esq., *Carnfield Hall*
Rowe Adrain, parish clerk
Sampson Mr. Stephen, Prospect cottage
Smedley George, joiner and cabinet
maker

Wilson Wm., land agent & surveyor
Woodward Wm., farm bailiff

Inns and Taverns.

Devonshire Arms, Timothy Ball
Miners' Arms, George Riley
Shoulder of Mutton, Matthew Eyre
Swan, James Swain
White Hart, John Gent

Beerhouses.

Alvey Wm.
Green John
Hepherson Hy.
Lomas Geo.

Butchers.

Bacon Wm.
Bailey Wm.
Brown Matt.
Eyre Matt.
Dawes Wm.
Hepherson Henry
Lomas Geo.

Coal Masters.

Coke & Co.
Mellors Nathan

Corn Millers.

Gelsthorpe John

Gill Samuel
Wass Ralph

Farmers.

Allcock Robt.
Alvey Thos.
Barratt John
Chadwick Samuel,
Fullwood
Daykin Geo.
Freeman John
Gelsthorpe John, (and
malster) *Carter lane*
House
Gent George
Gent Thos.
Gill Samuel
Gregory Charles
Herrod Robt.
Lees Hannah

Lomas John
Lomas Thomas
Machin Richd.
Machin Sarah & Wm.
Marriott Wm.
Mart John
Rowe John, (& brick
maker)
Sampson Edmund,
Woodhouse Farm
Swain Benjamin
Wass Mary
Woodward Richd.
Wright Ann, *Hill*
Top

Shoemakers.

Bacon John
Cantrell Geo.
Daykin Geo.
Wilson Peter

Shopkeepers.

Alvey Thomas, (and
blacksmith)
Alvey Wm.
Bacon Wm.
Brown Matthew
Dannah Jane
Gent Joseph
Mart John
Page John
Rowe John

Carrier.

Saml. Bingham, from
Birchwood lane, To
Chesterfield, Sat.;
Nottingham, Wed.;
and Mansfield, Th.

NORTON is an extensive and widely-scattered parish, containing the six hamlets of Norton, Norton Lees, Norton Woodseats, Hemsworth, Greenhill, and Bradway, the whole of which keep their poor conjointly, and are in the Ecclesall Bierlow Union, parish of Sheffield, which, together, comprise 4,630A. of land; and in 1851 had 384 houses, and 1,856 inhabitants, of whom 957 were males, and 899 females; rateable value, £7,500. The parish is bounded on the north by the parish of Sheffield, in Yorkshire, from which it is separated by the river Sheaf, which rises on the western side of the parish. On the east it is bounded by Ridgway and Troway; on the north east by a small stream, the Mearsbrook, which unites with the river Sheaf at Heeley; and on the south by the parish of Dronfield. It occupies an undulating and well-wooded surface; and the land, which is very fertile, is mostly a strong cold clay, with small intermixtures of gravel. It is well drained, and here are many large dairies of milch cows, the produce of which finds a ready market at Sheffield. The manufacture of scythes, sickles, files, and cutlery is extensively carried on, in connection with, and forming a part, of the corporation of the cutlers of Hallamshire, of which Sheffield is the centre. Edward Bury, Esq., is lord of the manor, and the principal owners are, F. W. Bagshawe, Esq., Charles Cammell, Esq., E. V. P. Burnell, Esq., Miss Shore, Mrs. Newton Shore, and Mr. William Lister, besides several smaller owners.

NORTON is a small, well-built village, pleasantly situated on an eminence, 7½ miles N. by W. from Chesterfield, and 4 miles south from Sheffield. In the centre of its extensive, picturesque, and fertile parish, is the Church, dedicated to St. James, a spacious and

handsome structure, with a square tower, in which are six bells. In the latter part of the twelfth century, Robert, son of Ralph, Lord of Alfreton, Norton, and Marnham, and founder of Beauchief Abbey, gave it to that religious house. The *living* is a vicarage, valued in the King's book at £6 13s. 4d., now £228, has been augmented with £200 Queen Anne's bounty, and £200 benefactions. The Rev. Henry Pearson, LL.D., patron; the Rev. H. H. Pearson, M.A., incumbent; and the Rev. T. T. Sale, M.A., curate. The presentation of the living was bought by the present patron of Cavendish Neville, Esq., about 60 years ago, who at the same time sold the rectoral tithes to S. Shore, Esq., and other landowners. Jeffery Blythe, Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, and a native of this parish, who died in 1534, built a chapel at Norton, and erected an alabaster tomb over the remains of his parents, and appointed a chantry for them. John Blythe, Bishop of Salisbury, was also a native of this parish. The tomb, now considerably defaced, has been richly sculptured, having a recumbent male figure, in full canonicals, with a female in the dress of the time of Queen Anne. On the north side of the communion table is a marble slab with a medallion likeness of Sir Francis Leggitt Chantrey, with the following inscription:—"Sir Francis Chantrey, R.A., H.D.C.L., F.R.S., M.A. Born 7th April, 1781. Died 25th November, 1841." He lies in the churchyard, interred in an oblong vault, having a neat flat stone, with inscriptions to his grandfather, his father and mother, with one to himself. It is a plain stone, surrounded by iron pallisades. His father died in 1793, aged 45; his mother in 1826, aged 81 years. His father was a carpenter, and cultivated a few acres of land. The farm cottage in which this "British Phidias" was born was rebuilt some years ago; the village school, in which he received his education, still exists.

It appears Chantrey was engaged, at a very early period of his life, in carrying milk from Norton to Sheffield, in barrels, on an ass; when it was his frequent practice to linger on the road to form grotesque figures of the yellow clay—his genius found its sufficient materials and instruments in the very commonest of articles, affording a striking exemplification of the adage, that "necessity is the parent of invention." He was, for a short time, placed with Mr. Birks, of Sheffield, with the intention of his becoming a grocer, but was afterwards put to a carver and gilder, named Ramsay; here he improved himself in drawing, and made his first experiments in that branch of the fine arts, in the cultivation of which he afterwards stood pre-eminent amongst his countrymen. In April, 1802, the individual destined to become so eminent as a sculptor, and then only 20 years of age, advertised, in Sheffield, to take portraits in crayons. In October, 1804, he announced he had commenced taking models from life. In reference to painting, he modestly expressed himself, saying that he "trusts in being happy to produce good and satisfactory likenesses, and no exertions on his part shall be wanting, to render his humble efforts deserving some small share of public patronage." Several of his productions, in chalk and oil, are still to be seen, which are mere prized for the celebrity of the artist, than as striking likenesses. Chantrey after this went to London, and improved himself by attendance at the Royal Academy; when he returned to Sheffield, and modelled four busts of well-known characters, as large as life, viz., Rev. J. Wilkinson, Dr. Younge, Mr. Wheat, and Mr. Hunt. These were such masterly performances that, when it was resolved to erect a monument to the Rev. James Wilkinson, Chantrey had the courage to become a candidate for the commission (though he had not yet lifted a chisel to marble), when it was readily entrusted to him. Having employed a marble mason to rough-hew, he commenced the task with a hand trembling yet determined, and an eye keenly looking after the effect of every stroke, till the form slowly developed; at length the countenance came out of the stone, and stared its parent in the face. The throes and anguish of that first birth of his genius in marble, enabled him ever after, with comparative ease, to give being and body to the mightiest conceptions. This plain but admirable monument adorns the parish church of Sheffield, and transcends every other that has come from the same hand; since the experienced and renowned proficient can never again be placed on a trial so severe, with an issue so momentous, as the youthful aspirant, unknown and unpractised, had to endure in this first essay of

his skill. In 1807, Chantrey went to London, and soon after commenced his career as a sculptor; he visited Dublin and Edinburgh, but in the former of which he received little patronage, and the latter was blind to his genius. In the years 1808-9, accordingly he still found himself comparatively a friendless artist in London. About this time he sent a bust to the exhibition of the Royal Academy, which attracted the attention of Nollekins, who instantly said, "remove one of my busts and put that in its place, for it well deserves it;" the bust was universally admired, and Nollekins immediately took the young artist under his protection, and to the last declared, "if you want a bust, Chantrey's the man," whenever he was applied to on this subject. The opportunity once secured, Chantrey's genius did the rest. The busts of Walter Scott, Sir John Banks, Lord St. Vincent, the Duke of Sussex, George III., George IV., William IV., and a host of others, evince his excellence. One of the most celebrated works, though perhaps less known than many others, owing to its remote situation, is the group at Ilam, representing Mr. Watts giving his dying benediction to his daughter, the late Mrs. Russell, and her two children. Another of his productions is the inimitable group in Lichfield cathedral. It is said Chantrey was requested to see the monument in Ashbourn church, to Penelope, only daughter of Sir Brooke Boothby (an exquisite monument, by Banks), before he executed the Lichfield monument. He accordingly visited Ashbourn for that purpose, and after inspecting it visited Dove Dale, and returned to Ashbourn in the evening; having to wait several hours of the coach, he took out his sketch-book and made the drawing before the coach arrived; the design thus made for the Lichfield monument was, with scarcely any variation, executed in marble, in a very short period, and submitted to public inspection in the Royal Academy. The sensation which this produced has had no parallel in the annals of modern art. Sir F. L. Chantrey, Knt., R.A., D.C.L., Oxon, M.A., Cantab, F.R.S., was elected Associate to the Royal Academy in 1816, and chosen a Royal Academacian in 1818; he was also a member of the academies of Rome and Florence. He received the title of baronet from George III.

About the year 1666 the manor of Norton was purchased by Cornelius Clarke, Esq., of Ashgate, who dying in 1696 bequeathed it to his nephew, Mr. Robert Offley, of Norwich. In the year 1751 Stephen Offley, Esq., of Norton, died, and left issue, a son and two daughters. The son dying without issue, the manor of Norton became the property of Samuel Shore, Esq., who married one of his sisters; by her he had two sons. Samuel, the elder son, married Miss Harriet Foye, of Castle Hill, in the county of Dorset, whose son, Offley Shore, Esq., succeeded to the manor, but whose misfortunes, from the family having been bankers at Sheffield, placed the manor in the hands of assignees for the term of his life. Near the east end of the village a small Unitarian chapel was erected by the late S. Shore, Esq., previous to which a room in Norton Hall was used for that purpose; but the building is now closed. The Wesleyan Reformers have a neat stone chapel here, erected by T. B. Holy, Esq., in 1854. It will hold about 100. In 1855, Miss Lydia Shore erected a school at Bole Hill, for boys and girls, with a residence for the teacher. It is neatly fitted up with every convenience, and will hold about 70, the average attendance being about thirty. Norton Hall is a large handsome stone mansion, in the village of Norton, the seat of Charles Cammell, Esq. Norton House is a large and ancient mansion, the seat of Thomas Beard Holy, Esq. At Maugerhay is a free school, situated a little to the S.E. of Norton, where about 60 children are now educated. Here is a bowling green, much frequented by pleasure parties from Sheffield. Near this to the S.E. is The Oaks, a handsome mansion situated in a fine park, the seat and property of F. W. Bagshawe, Esq. Norton Lees and Woodseats division forms the north side of the parish, and includes Bole Hill, Heeley Mill, Little London, Norton Hammer, and Smithy Wood. Meersbrook, 1½ mile S. of Sheffield, a handsome modern brick mansion, delightfully situated on a bold eminence above the Meersbrook, commanding a fine view of the Sheaf vale, is the seat and property of the Misses Shore.

NORTON LEES is a scattered though pleasant village, two miles S. by E. from Sheffield, having several neat villa residences, which command a fine view of the town of Sheffield. It was formerly the property of the De Gotham family, whose heiress, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas de Gotham, carried the estate to the Parkers, a good family, of Bulwell, in Nottinghamshire, who built Lees Hall, in the reign of Richard II., and continued to reside there till the reign of Henry VIII. From this family the present Earl of Macclesfield is descended. There is an ancient, half-timbered house, in which are several rare oak carvings, on one of which is a date, "W. B. 1627," in good preservation.

NORTON WOODSEATS, a small village, three miles S. by W. from Sheffield, situated on the Chesterfield Road, which from Heeley takes a circuitous course on a terrace above the vale of the Sheaf crossing a wood on a rapid declivity, where is Woody Vale, Norton Hammer, and Smithy Wood Bottom, having Woodside on the road, from which a most extensive view over the Sheaf to Ecclesall, extending to the distant moors, is obtained.

HEMSWORTH is a small pleasant village, 1 mile E. from Norton, where the magistrates hold a petty session for the north-western part of the hundred, at the Bagshawe Arms, on the second Wednesday in every month.

GREENHILL is an ancient village, 1½ miles S. of Norton. The Wesleyan Methodists have a chapel here; where, also, is a National school. It is built on land set out under the Norton enclosure act, which passed in 1803, for the use of the village. It was originally built as an infant school, and was enlarged in 1843, aided by a grant from the National School Society, and £40 from the Educational Society.

Bradway is a small hamlet and village, forming the S.W. boundary of the parish, on the Calver turnpike road, 5½ miles S. by W. from Sheffield.

CHARITIES.—NORTON SCHOOL.—*Edward Gill*, in observance of the will of his father, Leonard Gill, granted a messuage, garden, and piece of ground, in Norton, to the use of a schoolmaster. The said Edward Gill granted a dwelling-house with gardens, two scythe wheels, and three acres of land, in Ecclesall, upon trust, for the maintenance of the schoolmaster; and he also granted a yearly rent-charge of five marks, issuing out of a piece of ground called the Birks, in Brimington, to pay for the education of five poor children, to be nominated by his heirs. John Gill, the heir, by deed, 1748, sold the premises and the right of appointment of master and scholars, to Richard Bagshawe, and his heirs. The property now consists of the school room (rebuilt by subscription about 1788.); a house and land at Moss Car, and two grinding wheels, let for £48 per annum; an allotment of five perches on Sheffield moor, set out in 1792 to Norton school, let for £1 1s.; and a rent charge of £3 6s. 8d.; making a total of £52 7s. 8d. In addition to the above, are—Stone's rent-charge of £5. Scriven's legacy of £60 (producing £2 8s.) Wingfield's rent-charge of £5, Bagshaw's interest £1, Newton's interest £5 5s., and Shepperd's interest £4.—amounting together to £22 13s. In consideration of these sums the master instructs 59 children.

Nicholas Stone, by will, 1676, devised certain lands to trustees, out of the rents thereof to pay the vicar of Norton £5 yearly, to the schoolmaster £5, and the residue to be applied in apprenticing a poor boy to some manual trade. The property is situated at Bretton, in Eyam parish, and consists of a house and 36A. 37P. of land, including an allotment of 5A. 2R. producing a rental of £25 per annum. It is intended to increase the sum of £2, usually given for apprentice fees, a considerable balance being in hand.

William Scriven, in 1724, left £60, the interest to be paid to the schoolmaster to teach six children. He also gave £80, the produce thereof to be given in apprentice fees; and, by a codocil to his will, he directed his executors to clothe one poor man and one poor woman out of a further sum of £60 left for that purpose. Some dispute arose at the death of John Bagshawe, Esq., in 1801, respecting this charity, but by a subsequent arrangement the late W. J. Bagshawe, Esq., took the whole responsibility upon himself.

John Storie, in 1674, bequeathed £100 to be invested in land for the poor. This legacy, it is supposed, was laid out in purchase of Chausett Wood Fields at Beauchief, containing nine or ten acres, let for £15 per annum. A sum of £8 a year is received from a farm at Woodend in Beauchief, purchased with £440, £400 thereof having been a legacy left by the said John Storie, to be laid out in land, to be settled on the vicarage of Norton, the sum of £40 having been money belonging to the poor. In 1804, timber was sold, and the sum of £150 three per cent. consols, purchased. The income, £27 10s., is distributed amongst poor persons of the parish.

John Wingfield, in 1731, gave £200 to be laid out in land, the produce to be given one year in clothing, and the next in money, on Michaelmas day. The amount was invested in land at Litton, which now consists of 18A. 0R. 23P. including an allotment of 9A. 2R. 3P. The rent, amounting to £20 per annum, is distributed according to the donor's intention.

Richard Rose, in 1744, gave £100, and directed the interest to be given to six poor widows. In 1806, the money was put into the hands of Mr. Shore, at five per cent. interest.

Robert Newton, Esq., 1784, in addition to £105 given towards the support of the school, also bequeathed £200 for the benefit of the poor of Norton. In 1806, the amount was paid into the hands of Mr. Shore at five per cent. interest.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity.—(See *Bradley*.)—The annual sum of £5 10s. received by the vicar, is laid out in woollen and flannel and given to the poor.

Bocking Fields—In 1658, a sum of £45, belonging to the poor of the parish, was laid out in the Johnset Wood Field, containing six acres, in Beauchief. The rent, £9 per annum, appears always to have been carried to the account of the poor's rate.

Poors' Land—About half an acre of land, at Hemsworth, was received in exchange, in 1803, for a cottage and croft, devised in 1691. The land is let in small gardens, and the rent, £3, is applied in aid of the poor's rate.

Isaac Shepherd, by will, 1811, left £100 to be invested in land, the profits thereof to be laid out in bread, and distributed to the poor of Greenhill and Bradway. This legacy was not laid out in land, but placed in the hands of William Law, one of the executors, upon whose death a suit in Chancery was instituted. Interest, however, appears to have been paid by Mr. Charles Brookfield, solicitor, of Sheffield, who was concerned in the cause. By a codicil to his will, £80 was left to Norton school, which was also in the hands of Mr. Law.

NORTON DIRECTORY.

Post Office, at Herbert Rhodes', Norton; letters arrive from Sheffield, by mail coach at 8.45 a.m., and are despatched at 6 p.m.

Those marked 1 reside at Bolehill, 2 Bradway, 3 Four-lane Ends, 4 Greenhill, 6 Hemsworth, 7 Lightwood, 8 Maugherhay, 9 Norton, 10 Norton Back moor, 11 Norton (Little), 12 Norton Lees, 13 Norton Woodseats, and the rest where specified.

4 Atkin Matth., master, National school
 Bagshawe Fras. Westby, Esq., *The Oaks*
 3 Barnes Sophia Lousia, schoolmistress
 Bingham Jph., gent., *Woodseats*
 Birtles Hannah Shallcross, school
 Birtles Sarah, school
 8 Booker Geo., surgeon
 12 Bowen Rev. Percival, M.A., head master.
 of the Sheffield Grammar school
 8 Bunting Jph., propr. of Bowling green

Cammell Charles, Esq., mercht. *Norton Hall*
 Chester Andrew, gardener, at *The Oaks*
 12 Cockayne Mr. Wm.
 Dyson Mr. John, *Bradway*
 8 Fox Chas. Jas., master, Free school
 Fox John Jacob, managing cutler, *Norton Hammer*
 8 Gascoigne Wm., painter & plumber
 12 Gillatt Robt., pen knife mfr.
 4 Goodwin Job, higgler
 13 Greaves Mrs. Hannah

Greaves John, land valuer, *Bradway House*
 7 Guest Geo., gamekeeper
 Hall Mrs. Lillah, *Mearsbrook Cottage*
 Holy Thos. Beard, Esq., *Norton House*
 Jenkins Mr. James, *Maughterhay*
 4 Johnson Chpr., merchant & cutlery mfr.
 Johnson Henry Stephenson, Esq., colliery owner, *Norton Grange*
 Linley Arthur, railway lamp, &c. mfr., *Jordanthorpe House*
 11 Mather Geo., cowkeeper
 Moore John, scythe, &c. mfr., *Woodyvale Cottage*
 Moore Joseph, scythe, &c. mfr., *Norton Hammer*
 Moore Wm., jun., scythe, &c. mfr., *Norton Hammer*
 Parker Mrs. Sarah, West view
 3 Parkin Mr. John

Beerhouses.

10 Atkin Joseph
 Rhodes John, *Bishopthorpe*
 1 Rogers Reuben
 4 Seston James
 10 Skelton Robert
 13 Widdowson Thos.

Blacksmiths.

13 Awdas Jas., (and scale beam mfr.,) & 123, Rockingham st., Sheffield
 6 Goodlad Peter
 4 Reaney John
 13 Standish Joseph

Brick & Tile Mkr.

13 Benson Joseph, *Meadow head*
 11 Camm John
 Hunt Hy., (fire brick) Wood end; h. Ma-chon bank

Farmers.

*Marked * are also Butchers.*

9 Allen John
 7 Atkinson James, *Wetlands*
 4 Biggin Martin
 11 Biggin Thomas, *Park house*
 Bingham Jas., *Jordanthorpe*
 11 Binney Edward
 10* Binney Joseph

Booker Rd., Carr field
 Booker Richd jun., *Hazlehurst*
 Booker Robert, *Lees Hall*
 Bower Saml., *Dyche Lane*
 11 Camm John
 Fawcett Geo., *Cockshutts*
 Fox Geo., *Batemoor Farm*
 4 Fox John
 4 Fox John
 2 Fox Samuel
 7 Fox William
 6 Fox Wm.
 13 Gillatt Saml.
 7 Gillott John
 13 Goodlad Sally
 2 Greaves Chas.
 3 Greaves Joseph
 7 Hall Joseph
 2 Hall Samuel
 Hazard Thomas, *Herdings*
 4 Herring John
 2 Hewitt Sammel
 Hodgkinson George, *Hazlebarrow*
 4 Horridge Hy., (and spring knife mfr.)
 10* Jenkinson Henry
 Keaton —, *Jordanthorpe*
 Lister Wm., (& land surveyor), *Greenhill Hall*
 3* Lowkes Sampson
 Moore Wm., *Crabtree Bank*

9 Pearson Rev. Henry Hollingworth, M.A., vicar, *Vicarage*
 Rodgers Mrs. Ellen, *Cliffe Field*
 8 Rogers Broomhead Greaves, printer, &c.
 9 Sale Rev. Thos. Townsend, M.A., curate
 Shore Misses Lydia & Amelia, *Mearsbrook House*
 12 Sorby Robt., jun., edge tool, &c. mfr.
 Tyzack Thos. & Sons, saw, steel, busk, &c. mfr., Walk mill, and Sheffield
 4 Yeardley Mr. Edwin Davis, *The Hermitage*

Inns and Taverns.

6 Bagshawe Arms, Geo. Rogers
 3 Cross Scythes, John Pearson
 13 Masons' Arms, Ann Siddons
 4 White Hart, Thos. Wilson
 4 White Swan, Thos. Wilson, jun.

Joiners and Wheelwrights.

13 Awdas James
 4 Benson John
 11 Cavill Thos.
 10 Rose Geo.
 6 Rose John
 4 Siddall Thos.
 13 Standish Jph.

Scythe, &c. Mfrs.

1 Butterley, Hobson, & Co.
 1 Butterley Richd.
 4 Camm Micah, (patent scythe and hook)
 Jackson Sarah, *Norton Hammer*
 10 Linneker John & James, (& horse nail manufctrs.)
 13 Linneker Ravel, *Cobnor Works*
 Moore Wm., *Little London Works*
 2 Moseley Benjn.

Shoemakers.

10 Barton Math.
 10 Bingham Thos.
 13 Binney Thos.
 4 Booker Joseph
 Gillatt Samuel, *Woodside*
 13 Hardwick John
 11 Hardwick Robt.
 6 Lee James
 8 Lee Thos., (and reg. of births & deaths)

2 Outram Isaac
 4 Outwin Wm.
 1 Revill Henry
 Rhodes John, *Bishopthorpe*
 6 Rogers Geo.
 4 Seston Jas.
 13 Siddons Ann
 Staniforth Thomas, *Herdings*
 2 Street Wm. John
 4 Thompson Wm., *Nabb House*
 9 Twigg Benjn.
 13 Veal Jas., (& surv. of highways)
 4 Wainwright John, *Nabb House*
 12 Walker Geo.
 Ward Thos., *Mearsbrook*
 12 White Jph.
 6 Wood Benj., *Grange*
 Wragg Elijah, *Cowmouth*
 12 Wragg Joseph
 6 Wreaks Wm.,) and shear mfr.)

File Mfrs. (Saw).

4 Hibbert Eliz.
 13 Kilner Edmund
 2 Makinson Geo.
 Osborne Thomas, *Woodside*
 11 Shaw Fras.
 13 Shaw James
 4 Shaw John

3 Marsden Peter
8 Rogers Reuben
4 Seston James

Shopkeepers.

13 Fanshaw Geo.
8 Fox Chas. Jas.
13 Garfitt Ann

4 Gibson Wm.
13 Goodlad Sally
2 Hall Lettice
4 Handbury George
10 Lunn David
8 Milner Septimus
4 Richardson Mark
13 Widdowson Thos.

Stone Masons.

Mkd. are Quarry
owners.*
11 Birtles John
11* Camm John
4* Gibson Wm.
Wilson Thos., sen.

Tailors.

1 Goacher Robt.
4 Harrison Thos.
3 Hartley Henry

Wood Turners.

10 Atkin Joseph
6 Atkin Wm.

PINXTON, a township, parish, and scattered village, near the western verge of the county, 3¼ miles E. by S. from Alfreton and 6 miles S.W. from Mansfield, extends partly into Nottinghamshire, which is rateable to the poor, but not titheable to the rector. It contains 1223A. of strong land, and in 1851 had 175 houses and 943 inhabitants, of whom 504 were males, and 439 females; rateable value £2179 5s. 9d. The principal owners are Wm. S. Coke, Esq., Mr. John Coupe, Mr. John Coupe, jun., and Mr. Wm. Cutler, the former is lord of the manor, and patron of the living. The Church, dedicated to St. Helen, is a small edifice on an eminence in the centre of the parish. It was rebuilt about a century ago, and has a nave, chancel, and tower, with two bells. The tower, supposed to be 500 years old, is a distinct building on the south side the chancel, in which are monuments to the Coke and Lillyman families. The *living* is a rectory, valued in the King's book at £6 0s. 10d., now £280. The Rev. Ellis Williams is the rector, who resides at the rectory, a good mansion near the east end of the village. A school with residence for the master was erected here by the late D'Ewes Coke, Esq. The title is commuted under the new act. The parish was enclosed about 43 years ago. Here is a branch of the Erewash canal, with a wharf, about half a mile S.W. of Pinxton, and a coal wharf for the collieries of Messrs. Coke & Co. G. Wheatcroft & Son, carriers have also a warehouse. This is now generally called New Town. The Methodists have a chapel here, and one at Pinxton. The Erewaah Valley branch of the Midland railway runs through the parish and has a station here, which, together with the canal, opens an extensive market for the coals of this neighbourhood to all parts of the kingdom. *Brook Hill Hall*, in a richly wooded district, is the picturesque seat of Wm. S. Coke, Esq., 1 mile N.E. of Pinxton Church; it is situated within the Nottinghamshire boundary, at the foot of a gentle declivity, with a verdant lawn, and the pleasant valley of the Erewash in front. *Sleights House*, 1 mile W. from Pinxton. *Upper Birch Wood*, 1 mile S.W., is a district of scattered farms. Feast, nearest Sunday to Old Michaelmas day.

CHARITIES.—*Rev. D'Ewes Coke*, who died in 1811, directed his trustees and their heirs, out of the profits of his collieries, to pay a yearly sum of £5, to be employed in the purchase of books, to be distributed amongst poor children. The books are usually given to children attending an unendowed school.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity.—(See *Bradley*.)—The annual sum of £5 10s., received by the incumbent, and laid out in coarse woollen cloth and flannel, which is distributed to the poor.

Post Office, (Receiving House) at Thomas Evans', letters are despatched to Alfreton at 6.15 p.m.

Coke Wm. S., Esq., *Brook Hill Hall*
Cavan Rev. Samuel, curate
Chadborn B. T., colliery manager
Coke & Co., coal masters
Fisher Thomas, blacksmith
Fletcher Wm. Ivory, schoolmaster
Goodall John, stone mason
Jones John, linen and woollen draper
Langham Thomas, colliery manager, *Birchwood House*
Lee Benjamin, parish clerk
Streets Robert nail maker

Reynolds Thomas, bookkeeper
Smith Benjamin, nail maker
Walker Elizabeth, schoolmistress
Wild Job, station master
Wild Wm., carpenter and builder
Williams Rev. Ellis, *Rectory*

Inns and Taverns.

Boat Tavern, Wm. Eperson, *Wharf*
New Inn, Joseph Riley, *Wharf*
Sun, George Sharley
Three Horse Shoes, Geo. Wild, (& blksmth)

Butchers.
 Cree William
 Eperson Wm., *Wharf*
 Straw William

Farmers.
 Baguley Josiah
 Bingham John,
Birchwood
 Bland George
 Booth John
 Branson Josiah, *Storth*
lane
 Coupe John *Hill top*,

Coupe John, jun.,
Brookhill lane
 Cree William
 Cutler William,
Storth lane
 Eperson Wm., *Wharf*
 Evans Thomas
 Farnsworth Richard
 Hill John
 Lomas Ralph, *Birch-*
wood
 Marriott Jas., *Range*
 Marriott Wm. *Range*
 Marshall John, *Ful-*
wood

Mycroft Ann
 White Ann
 Yeomans Samuel,
Birchwood

Shoemakers.
 Elliott Benjamin
 Hill Thomas
 Knowles Israel

Shopkeepers.
 Clayton Henry
 Straw William, *senr*

Stoppard William
 Wild Elizabeth

Railway Convey-
ance.
 The Erewash Branch
 of the Midland
 Railway, there are
 3 passenger trains
 betwixt Nottingham
 and Mansfield, each
 way daily, except
 Sunday, when there
 are only 2; Job
 Wild, stationmaster

PLEASLEY, is a considerable parish, consisting of the townships of Pleasley, Shirebrook and Stoney Houghton, which together contain 3193A. 2R. of land, principally of limestone, and in 1851 had 126 houses and 654 inhabitants, of whom 314 were males, and 340 females; rateable value, £2,877 9s. 0d. It is situated on the Nottinghamshire border, from which it is separated on the south and east by the river Meden or Mayden, which rises near Skegby, 3 miles W. from Mansfield, running north to Hardwick, it turns to the east, through a deep romantic valley, passes Pleasley, where it again turns north, forming a very irregular boundary.

PLEASLEY, a small village, on a pleasant eminence, having a rapid declivity to the south, on the Mansfield and Chesterfield road, at its junction with the Rotherham and Clown road, 3¼ miles N.W. by W. from Mansfield, 8¾ miles S.E. from Chesterfield. This is a romantic district, a deep narrow ravine, through which the Meden runs, where, in many places, the limestone rock, broken into a thousand shapes, may be seen, separates it from Pleasley Hill, a hamlet, in Mansfield parish. The township contains 1,224 acres of land, including 224 acres of woods; rateable value, £1,138 1s. 0d. William E. Nightingale, Esq., is lord of the manor, and principal owner. The church, St. Michael, is a rectory, valued, in the King's books, £11 4s. 7., now £493, in the patronage of William Pole Thornhill, Esq., and incumbency of the Rev. Courtenay Smith. The Church is an ancient structure, of great length, and very narrow, with a tower (in which are three bells) in which a chasm was made by the shock of an earthquake, which happened on Sunday, March 17th, 1816, and was felt over a great part of Derbyshire, Nottinghamshire, Lincolnshire, &c. The rectory is a handsome stone mansion, in the village, and has 55 acres of glebe; the tithes of the whole parish have been commuted for £640. At 1¼ miles N.E. from the village, are the handsome cotton mills of Messrs. William Hollins and Co., for spinning and doubling yarn for hosiery. The original mills were built for the cotton hosiery trade, about 70 to 80 years ago, but were destroyed by fire nearly 20 years ago; since which two large and extensive new ones have been erected, which are worked by water and steam power of 120 horses, and give employment to upwards of 600 hands. Connected with the works is a day school for the children, to which others have access, and in which the Methodists hold religious services. Here is a day and Sunday school, the former of which is conducted on the National System, and was endowed by Wm. Pearce, for which seven children are taught free, the remainder of the children pay threepence per week. At Pleasley Vale is a Mechanics' Institution, with a library of 500 volumes; and at Pleasley Hill is a reading room, established November, 1852, and principally supported by William Hollins, Esq. Formerly a market was held here, now long disused. The ancient stone cross, with a flight of five steps, still remains. Fairs are held, May 6th and October 29th, for cattle, horses, and sheep. The manor of Pleasley belonged to Thomas Bec, bishop of St. Davids, lord treasurer to King Edward I., who, in 1284, had a grant of

a market, on Mondays, and a fair for three days, at the festival of St. Luke. Anthony Bec, Bishop of Durham, and patriarch of Jerusalem, died in 1310, or 1311, seized of this manor; it was inherited by his nieces, married into the families of Harcourt and Willoughby, who possessed the manor in moieties for several generations. The manor was afterwards in the Leakes, who appear to have been possessed of it in the reign of Henry VI. After the death of Nicholas Leake, the last Earl of Scarsdale, it was purchased by Henry Thornhill, Esq. *Pleasley Vale*, near Pleasley works, a handsome mansion, the residence of William Hollins, Esq. In Pleasley park, adjoining the cotton mills, is a large enclosure with a double vallum and entrenchment, two sides of which are secured by natural precipices; it is 250 feet in length, by 190 in breadth, and is evidently of Roman origin, but from its retired situation has not attracted the notice of the antiquary.

SHIREBROOK, a small scattered village, township, and chapelry, situated on the verge of the county, 3 miles N.N.E. from Pleasley, and 3 miles N. from Mansfield, by the foot road; contains 1,429A. 0R. 30P. of freehold land; rateable value, £1,258 5s. 0d. The Duke of Devonshire, Capt. Drawater, Mrs. Elizabeth Nicholson, Joseph Nicholson, Francis Hall, William Fletcher, Charles Newbold, Joseph Paget, Alfred Strutt, Charles Bowmar, Edward Fowler, and — Greaves, Esqs., with Ashbourne School, are the owners. The Church is a neat stone building, with a turret and one bell, erected in 1843 (in place of a venerable structure), at a cost of £500, the late rector taking the pecuniary management, which has been defrayed by private subscription: it was consecrated on the Wednesday in the feast week (the Sunday before Old Michaelmas day in the same year). It will seat about 350 hearers. The *living* is a perpetual curacy, value £30, in the patronage of the rector of Pleasley, and incumbency of the Rev. J. Cargill, who resides at the Parsonage, a neat stone residence, about ¼ mile W. from the church, erected by subscriptions, aided by grants, in 1855, at a cost of £700. The Primitive Methodists have a small chapel here, erected in 1849, at a cost of £105, which will seat about 100. In 1852, a handsome National school was erected for boys and girls, at a cost of £300, raised by subscription. It is a good substantial stone building, with a house attached for the teacher. About 40 attend. A Sunday school is held in the village. *Littlewood*, a farm, ¼ miles E., is the property of Francis Hall, Esq. *Stuffing Wood*, in the same direction, belongs to Joseph Paget, Esq., *Warsop Park*, formerly a park, held for several generations by the family of Roos, under Pleasley, now a farm house, the property of — Greaves, Esq.

STONEY HOUGHTON, a small retired village and township, situate near the junction of the Bolsover road, with the Clown and Mansfield road, ½ miles N.W. from Pleasley. It contains 540A. 1R. 10P, of land, principally limestone; rateable value, £481 3s. 0d. The Duke of Devonshire is lord of the manor, and owner of 415 acres. In 1827, a Sunday school was erected by Mr. William Crookes, at a cost of £60. It is a plain stone building, and is also used as a place of worship by the Primitive Methodists. The north-east part of the Township is in Upper Langwith parish.

CHARITIES.—*William Pearsce*, by will, in 1818, bequeathed £200, upon trust; one moiety thereof towards educating poor children of Pleasley, and the other moiety to the support of a Sunday school. The sum of £180, which remained after the legacy duty was paid, was laid out on mortgage, at five per cent., of which £4 10s. is paid to a schoolmistress, for instructing seven children; who also has £4 10s. for attending a Sunday school. This legacy is now (1845), incorporated with a National school, which has been established in the village.

John Boler, by will, 1733, gave all the rents that should arise out of the New Close Pingle, in Shirebrook, containing 3 roods, to the use of six poor people in Shirebrook. The land is let for £1 1s. per annum, and distributed as directed.

PLEASLEY TOWNSHIP.
*Those marked * are in Nottinghamshire.*

Post Office, at Thomas Belfield's. Letters arrive from Mansfield at 8.45 a.m., and are despatched at 5.0 p.m.

Armson Robert, bookkeeper
 * Bagshaw Mr. Richard
 Chipman H. J., manager, *Works*
 Cooke Wm., baker
 Cook Wm., road surveyor
 Cutler James, manager, *Works*
 Holehouse John, parish clerk
 Hollins William, Esq., *Pleasley Vale*
 Hollins Wm. & Co., cotton spinners & merino
 and silk manufrs., *Pleasley Works*
 * Lucas Marcus, wheelwright & beerhouse

Merrill Samuel, tailor
 Northage Sarah, schoolmistress
 Richards —, schoolmaster
 Smith Rev. Courtenay, incumbent
 Vallance Chas., blacksmith
 Wright John, wood cutter

Inns and Taverns.

Nag's Head, Thos. Belfield
 Swan Inn, John Naylor

Corn Millers.
 Fox John and Samuel
 * Reason Thomas
Farmers.
 Belfield Thomas
 Dean Sarah
 * Duckmanton Wm.,
Radmanthwaite

* Fletcher William
Radmanthwaite
 Flint James
 Fox James
 Fox John
 Fox John, jun., *Park*
 * Fox Jph., (& timber
 dealer)

Fox Samuel
 Hopkinson Jph., (and
 coal dealer)
 * Lindley Urban, *Rad-*
manthwaite
 * Marsh Geo., *Penni-*
mont House
 * Potter William

Rogers Joseph
 Sadler John
 Sadler William
 Wilson Jno., (& butchr)
Shopkeepers.
 Dean Thomas
 Flint James
 * Oliver Henry

SHIREBROOK TOWNSHIP.

Booth Benjamin, wheelwright
 Cargill Rev. John, incumbent
 Charlesworth David, parish clerk
 Paget Joseph, Esq., *Stuffingwood*
 Readman Eliz., schoolmistress

Robinson Wm. and John, corn millers
 Smith Edward, beerhouse
 Theakstone Wm., blacksmith
 Ward Jas., vict., Gate
 Wragg Jno., steam thrashing machine owner

Farmers.
 Baily William
 Bennett Wm.
 Bowmer Charles
 Bullivant Samuel
 Farnsworth Josiah
 Fowler Edward

Hall Francis
 Lucas John
 Nicholson Eliz.
 Nicholson Joseph
 Pool Joseph
 Robinson William and
 John

Towle Wm.
 Ward James
Shoemakers
 Adams Wm.
 Dean George

Shopkeepers.
 Bennett Wm.
 Dean George
 Ward James
Carrier to Mans-
field.
 Geo. Dean; Thursday

STONEY HOUGHTON TOWNSHIP.

Beard John, shoemaker
 Handley Francis
 Haslam Mr. William
 Wass John, vict., Devonshire Arms

Farmers.
 Bowmar Joseph
 Dodsley Eliz.
 Heath Solomon
 Milner George
 Wass John, sen.

SCARCLIFFE parish is of considerable extent and contains the three hamlets of Scarcliffe, Palterton, and the Lanes, which keep their poor conjointly, and their roads separate and comprise 3772A. of land including (the park,) a wood of 392A. and in 1851 had 121 houses and 572 inhabitants, of whom 310 were males, and 262 females; rateable value £3348 2s. Earl Bathurst is lord of the manor and principal owner; Thomas Hallowes, Esq., Mr. Thos. Lowndes, Mr. William Scorer, and Mrs. Elizabeth Scorer, are also owners.

SCARCLIFFE is a small straggling village, dependent on agriculture, situated 8 miles S.E. of Chesterfield, 6 N.W. from Mansfield, and 2 S.E. from Bolsover. The Church, dedicated to St. Lawrence, is a large ancient edifice, and has nave, chancel, and side aisles,

with a handsome tower erected in 1842, in which are four bells; it formerly had a spire, which was taken down when the tower was re-built. The *living* is a vicarage, valued in the King's book at £5, now £68, has been augmented with £1000 Queen Anne's bounty and £200 parliamentary grant, is in the presentation of Earl Bathurst, and incumbency of the Rev. J. H. Gray, M.A., of Bolsover. In the Church is a monument representing the figure of a lady in a long gown, and mantled with plaited hair, and a rich coronet on her head, which is pillowed upon a lion, while some other animal is placed at her foot; she holds a child on her left arm, whose feet rest upon a foliated crocket; on a long scroll held by the child is an inscription in Leonine verse, engraved in Lombardic capitals. It is most probable that this lady was one of the baronial family of Frecheville, which possessed the manor of Scarcliffe for several generations, till it was forfeited to the crown, in 1275. Concerning this lady, says Lyson, there are some idle traditions, one of which is that the lady and child whose effigies here repose, were wandering in the neighbouring woods on a winter's evening, and were saved from perishing there by the sound of the curfew bell which guided them to Scarcliffe. The vicarage, a small house east of the church, was rebuilt in 1841, and has 15A. of glebe. The church was given to Darley Abbey, by Herbert Fitz-Ralph, and appropriated to that monastery. The rectory, manor, and advowson were granted in 1544, to Sir Francis Leake; they are now the property of the Earl of Bathurst. The parish was enclosed under an act passed in 1726, when 4 acres of land which have since been increased to 5 acres, were charged with buying bell ropes for the use of the church. The large tithes have been sold to the land owners, and the tithe of lamb and wool belongs to Earl Bathurst, commuted for £12 2s. 6d., and vicarial for £50. The Feast is on the 5th of November. At Domesday survey the manors of Scarcliffe and Palterton, which had belonged to Lovenot, were held by Raynour, under Ralph Fitz-hubert, ancestor of the Frechevilles. Lands in Scarcliff were given to the priory of Thurgarton, by Robert Fitz-Ralph. In the year 1275, the prior of Newstead, in Nottinghamshire, and Robert de Grey, (who had been appointed keeper of the estates forfeited by Anker de Frecheville, in consequence of his having joined the rebellious barons) appear to have had each a manor in Scarcliffe. The prior of Newstead had a park here in 1330. The manor and park were granted to George Pierrepont, in 1544. This estate was purchased in 1690 by Sir Peter Apsley, from whom it has descended to the present possessor. The manor of Palterton was given by Wulfric Spott, to Burton Abbey, in the reign of King Ethelred. At Domesday survey it was held with Scarcliffe, by the ancestor of the Frechevilles, and after the alienation of that manor, continued to be held by a younger branch, who had a seat at Palterton. John Ulkerthorpe, who married one of the co-heiresses of this branch, died seized of it 1445. John Columbelle died seized of it in 1556. It was afterwards in the Leakes, and has since passed with Scarcliffe. Near Scarcliffe is a spring called Owlsditch, which is remarkable for flowing the most rapidly during the summer months. The river Poulter rises from the south side of this parish, and passes by Upper Langwith, after which it is joined by a branch from the north, and enters Nottinghamshire at Nether Langwith, where there is a large cotton mill, and a mill for sawing stone, in a very romantic district, with finely wooded acclivities; and joins the Wallen (which rises on the Derbyshire border, near Cresswell) below Welbeck, after which they join the river Idle, near Elksley, from whence it runs northward by Houghton Park, through Retford, after which it turns north-west to Bawtry, where it takes an easterly course across Misson Carr to the Trent, near Stockwith. The five streams which form this river all rise from the Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire border. The *Lanes* is a constable-wick of scattered dwellings, 1½ miles E. from Scarcliffe.

PALTERTON is a small well built village, pleasantly situated on an eminence, 1 mile S.W. from Scarcliffe; formerly there was a chapel at Palterton. The feast is on the 20th October.

CHARITIES.—*John Ludlam*.—(See *Alfreton*.)—The yearly sum of £2 10s. received

by the churchwardens, from a farm at Newton, is laid out in the purchase of flannel and linen, which is distributed to the poor.

Samuel Lawrence, by will, 1697, gave to the poor of Scarcliffe 20s. a year, to be paid out of certain lands yearly.

Richard Johnson, (See *Bolsover*.)—The annual sum of 10s. is now received by the churchwardens, from Uffin's croft, in Bolsover, and distributed to the poor.

Elizabeth Sexton, by will, 1815, gave to the overseers of Scarcliffe £10 on trust; the interest to be paid to a schoolmaster, for instructing one poor boy and one poor girl.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity.—(See *Bradley*.) The annual sum of £5 10s. received by the incumbent, is laid out in coarse woollen cloth and flannel, and distributed to the poor about Christmas.

Kithe Vaughan, in 1813, gave out of her freehold estate, £20 a year, to the parish of Scarcliffe; £14, part thereof, to be laid out in clothing for the poor, and £6 towards the education of poor children. The annual sum of £20 is received by the churchwardens, from the tenant of a farm at Pleasley Hill; £6 is paid for teaching 9 poor children to read, and £14 is distributed in clothing.

Dame Frances Pierrepont, in 1620, left a small annual payment to the poor, of which the prebendaries of the collegiate church of Southwell are the trustees, and as such is precluded from our inquiry.

Bell Rope Land, called Bagshaw piece, Henry Croft, Stand Hills, and Cocksty close amounting to 5 acres let for £4 10s. per annum. The amount is paid to the churchwardens and carried to their general account, from which £1 is paid for cleaning the church, and all expenses relating to the bells are defrayed.

*Those marked * reside at Palterton, and † at The Lanes.*

* Harrison Wm., thrashing machine propr.
 Heath John, woodman
 Heath Joseph, parish clerk
 Heath Samuel, woodman
 Redish Job, schoolmaster
 Scorer Mrs. Elizabeth
 * Whitworth Fras., blacksmith

Inns and Taverns.

† Gate, Harriet Johnson
 * Hare and Hounds, Mary Cree
 Horse and Groom, Joseph Coupe
 * Nag's Head, Wm. Turner, (& butcher)

Farmers.

* Armstrong John
 † Armstrong Jph.
 Bagshaw Robt.
 Baker James, *The Grange*
 Beeley Edmund, *Carr Birkett* —
 Cooper Robert, *Guildwells*
 Coupe Joseph
 Cox Robt., *Riley*

* Drewery Robert
 Eyre George
 * Farmery Ann
 Goucher John
 Heathcote Wm.
 Jackson John
 † Jarvis John, (and miller)
 Jeffery Geo.
 * Jowett Chpr.
 Johnson Samuel, *Stockley*
 * Kirk Geo.

Maxfield John
 Mellors Thomas
 Mellors Thomas
 † Naylor Joseph
 * Rolling Thos., *The Hall*
 Roome —
 Scorer Matthew
 Scorer Wm.
 * Waller Samuel
 Wardley John
 * Warner Saml.
 * Wilson Hannah

† Yates Francis

Shopkeepers.

* Cree Mary
 Mellors Thos.

Wheelwrights.

Asky Thomas
 Eadson John
 Micklin James
 * Spray John
 * Spray Wm.

SHIRLAND, a township and extensive parish, contains, with the hamlets of Higham and Hallfield Gate, 2,942A. 3R. 22P. of land; and in 1851 had 272 houses and 1,268 inhabitants, of whom 654 were males, and 614 females. Rateable value, £5,342 14s. 0d.

SHIRLAND, a pleasant village, on the Chesterfield road, 2 miles N. by W. from Alfreton, 2 miles S.E. from Stretton station, and 15 miles N.E. from Derby, had, in 1851, 188 houses, and 851 inhabitants, of whom 437 were males, and 414 females. The principal land owners are Gladwin Turbutt, Esq. (who also owns a third and a sixth of the manor), Henry Hardstaff, Esq., Mrs. Charlotte Page, Robert Millward, Esq., Mr. William

Hardy, Mr. Richard Hopkinson, Mr. John Clay, Mr. William Clay, and William Palmer Morewood, Esq. The land is partly freehold and partly copyhold; and the freeholders claim their own manorial rights. The soil is various, and coal is found in great plenty; camomile is cultivated to a considerable extent, and many of the inhabitants are employed in frame-work knitting. The Church, dedicated to St. Leonard, is an ancient structure, erected about the 14th century, has nave, chancel, side aisles, and handsome pinnacled tower, with a peal of five bells. In 1848 it underwent a thorough restoration, being new roofed and repewed, &c., at a cost of about £1,000, raised by subscriptions and rate; at the same time a beautiful font was placed near the south entrance; and in 1854 an organ was placed in the west gallery, at a cost of £80, by subscription. The *living* is a rectory, valued in the King's book, £7 15s. 5d., now £256, is in the alternate patronage of Sir R. Tufton, Bart., Rev. William E. Nightingale, and John Charge, Esq. The Rev. Thomas Grinfield, M.A., is the rector, and the Rev. Charles Henry Ramsden, M.A., the officiating curate. The tithe has been commuted for £175, and here are 60 acres of glebe. In the chancel of the church, under a richly-ornamented crocketed arch, with a pinnacle at each side, lies the mutilated figure of a knight in plate armour, ornamented with scrolls of foliage; the front of the tomb is covered with shields of arms, amongst which are several of the family of Grey, of Shirland, ancestors of the Lords Grey-de-Wilton, who possessed this manor for several generations. There is also a memorial of John Revil, Esq., who died in 1537. *National schools*, with a residence for the master, were erected in 1851, at a cost of £870, raised by subscriptions, aided by a Parliamentary grant of £133 10s. 0d. It is a handsome stone building, near the Rectory, with accommodation for about 150 children. Here is a Wesleyan Methodist Chapel, erected by William Oakes, Esq. In the first year of Edward II., Reginald de Grey was possessed of the manor and advowson of the church, which afterwards came to the Talbots, and, in 1628, the co-heiresses of Gilbert, Earl of Shrewsbury, carried them to different families. The rectory is a good residence, a little north of the church. Shirland Park, 1 mile S.E. from the village, is a district of scattered farms. Mrs. Elizabeth Marshall, a resident here, is in the 94th year of her age.

HIGHAM is a hamlet and pleasant village, $\frac{3}{4}$ mile NW. of Shirland, and $2\frac{3}{4}$ N. by W. from Alfreton, situated at the Alfreton turn on the Chesterfield road, on a fine eminence, above the Derwent vale, commanding a fine view of the Midland railway, and in 1851, it had 84 houses, and 417 inhabitants, of whom 217 were males and 200 females. Gladwin Turbutt, Esq. is the principal owner. This is an ancient place, and formerly had a market, which was discontinued about the year 1785. The ancient Market Cross, approached by a flight of seven steps, which stands about the centre of the village, was restored during the year 1856. A fair for cattle, which is numerously attended, is held on the Wednesday after New Year's day, and a show fair in February, the day before Chesterfield fair. Feast, nearest Sunday to St. James'. In 1852, John Smedley, Esq. erected a chapel here, for the Wesleyan Reformers; it is a neat stone building, and will seat about 200 hearers, adjoining which is an infant school, built about the same time, and by the same gentleman, who likewise supports it; about 70 children attend.

HALLFIELD GATE, a small hamlet, $\frac{1}{2}$ mile W. from Shirland, pleasantly situated commands a fine prospect over the open country; here is an endowed school, which was rebuilt by subscription about 1830; the master has a house and garden, and receives £24 15s. a year, for which 24 children are educated.

Stretton Hill Side, a small village, partly in Stretton and Shirland parishes, on the Chesterfield road, $\frac{1}{2}$ mile N. from Higham.

Toad Hole, 1 mile S. of Higham, near the Midland railway, consists of three farms and *Amber Mills*, the extensive mustard manufactory of Mr. Francis Thompson. Here is a small ancient stone building used as a meeting-house by the Society of Friends.

CHARITIES.—*Thomas Fidler*, in 1724, left 40s. per annum, to instruct four poor children, and 2s. 6d. each to six poor old couples, out of the rents of Thwaite's Park, the overplus to be given in bread. The close contains about 5 acres, let for £7 10s. per annum, besides an allotment let for 15s. a year, which is given according to the donor's intention.

James Laverack, in 1744, left £2 yearly to the poor, £2 to a schoolmaster, for teaching three poor children, and 20s. a year to be laid out in books for them; by a codicil to his will, he also gave £10 towards building a house at the Hallfield Gate school. The charges are paid from Stone Broom farm.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity (see *Bradley*). The annual sum of £5 10s., received by the incumbent, is laid out in flannel, and given to the poor about Christmas.

Eleanora Turbutt, who died in 1826, left £20 for the poor of Shirland and Morton. (See *Morton*.)

HALLFIELD GATE SCHOOL consists of a school-room which was rebuilt about 1830, at the expense of the parishioners, on the site of an old school granted by Edward Revell. A sum of £10 was given by James Laverack, and £20 by Mrs. Fidler, about 1822, towards building a house for the master. William Stockes, in 1696, gave a tenement and two crofts near Ripley, for the instruction of six of the poorest children. *Lydia Boot*, 1726, gave £6 yearly out of lands in Greenhill lane, Alfreton, 40s. thereof given to the schoolmaster, £3 to the said children for their encouragement, and 20s. the residue, to be laid out in pious books and also given to the children. £3 is paid to a schoolmaster, but we found no trace of the residue of the £6 having ever been paid, and we are not aware of any mode by which the land can have been discharged from full payment. *Joseph Oldham*, in 1787, gave a sum of money to purchase £100 stock in the four per cent. consolidated annuities, and directed the interest to be paid to the schoolmaster at Hallfield Gate. The income of the schoolmaster is £24 15s., exclusive of £1 for books, and the number of free scholars 24. In 1853, the school underwent considerable repairs and was well ventilated; the number of children attending the school is about 70.

Those marked 1 reside at Ain Moor, 2 Delves, 3 Higham, 4 Hallfield Gate, 5 Park, 6 Stone Broom, 7 Stretton Hill Side, 8 Toad Hall, and the rest at Shirland.

Post Office at Richard Breffitt's. Letters arrive from Alfreton at 8.20 a.m., and are despatched at 6.30 p.m.

Bray Rev. Isaac H., curate
 3 Clarke John, land agent and surveyor,
Higham Cliff, near Alfreton
 Harvey John Henry, gent.
 3 Haslam Eliz., tanner
 3 Holmes John, stone mason
 3 Holmes John, supr. constable for Alfreton
 division
 Hopkinson Daniel, gent.
 8 Hopkinson John, coal master
 Marshall Samuel, stone mason
 Openshaw Rev. Thos., B.A., incumbent of
 Bracken Field
 3 Purday Jas., saddler and harness maker

Academies.

4 Stanley Wm, and
 Sarah
National, Charles M.
 Wright

Beerhouses.

7 Cubit Thomas
 Hadfield Daniel

Blacksmiths.

3 Askew James
 3 Hill William

Mycroft George

Butchers.

Hardy William
 3 Marriott Samuel
 3 Tagg Eliz.
 Tagg John

Corn Millers.

5 Bird Richard J. D.
 3 Hill John, *Higham*
Mill

Farmers.

Allen Joseph

Ramsden Rev. C. Hy., M.A., curate, *Rectory*
 4 Siddall Thos. Mortimer, solicitor
 Thompson Fras., mustard manufr., *Amber*
Mills, near Alfreton

Inns and Taverns.

3 Barley Mow, Miles Webster
 3 Black Bull, Ann Cheatham
 Duke of Wellington, Wm. Simpkin
 3 Greyhound, John Herrod
 3 Horns, Henry Umbers
 Red Lion, John Hadfield
 4 Shoulder of Mutton, Wm. Batty
 7 White Bear, Edward Holbrooke

3 Allsop John (and
 maltster)
 5 Askew James
 5 Bansall William
 5 Barker John
 8 Beastall William
 1 Bingham William
 5 Bird Richard, J. D.
 5 Bryon Eliz., *Lodge*
 2 Caldwell William
 3 Cheatham Ann
 3 Cheatham Samuel
 Clay John

5 Clay William
 Cotes George
 4 Deavile John
 3 Fritchley George
 1 Fritchley Joseph
 3 Fritchley Joseph
 Hadfield Daniel
 6 Hadfield George
 Hadfield John
 Hardy William
 6 Haslam William
 3 Henstock George
 3 Herrod John
 3 Hill John

7 Hodgson James	5 Tagg John	Shoemakers.	
3 Holmes George	5 Tagg William	3 Breffitt Richard	Hadfield Daniel
5 Hopkinson George	7 Thorpe Richard	Buxton Joseph	3 Henstock George
2 Hopkinson John	Wallis Samuel	3 Haslam Wm. (and	3 Marriott Samuel
Hopkinson Joseph	6 Walters David	currier)	Parkes Henry
<i>Lodge</i>	Webster John	3 Naylor George	3 Rawson Thos.
Hopkinson Richard	6 Wetton Thomas	3 Tomlinson Robert	
8 Hopkinson William	3 White Robert	4 Wragg William	Tailors.
3 Lathe John	3 Wilson Jonathan		Hadfield Daniel
7 Marshall John	4 Wragg George	Shopkeepers.	3 Hadfield Henry
7 Milner Arthur	3 Wragg Joseph	3 Banks John	3 Hadfield Samuel
5 Parkes James		7 Bingham Ann	7 Hadfield Samuel
5 Radford Jane	Grocers.	3 Bryon Ann	
5 Rhodes John	3 Breffitt Richard	8 Frost John	Wheelwrights.
Stevens John B.	8 Smith John (& flour	Greaves Thomas	Lamb Robert
8 Swain John	dealer)		Simpkin William

STAVELEY, an extensive parish, including the hamlets of Middle, Nether, and West Handley, Netherthorpe, and Woodthorpe, with various scattered farms, and the hamlet of Staveley Works. It contains 6546 acres of rich agricultural soil, forming a pleasant district of bold undulating country, abounding in superior coal and ironstone. The coal has thirteen distinct beds, the lowest being 1,125 feet below the surface, the ironstone lying between the beds of coal. In 1851 the parish had 759 houses, and 3998 inhabitants, of whom 2193 were males, and 1805 females; rateable value £18,231 6s. Formerly Great Barlow, now a distinct parish, was considered a parochial chapelry in Staveley pariah. The Duke of Devonshire is the principal owner, and lord of the manor, but Richard Barrow, Esq., is also an owner.

STAVELEY is a township and large village, pleasantly situated on an eminence overlooking the river Rother, 4½ miles N. from Chesterfield, and 10 miles S.E. from Sheffield. The Church, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, is an ancient structure, with a nave and chancel of considerable length and square embattled tower, with 8 bells, situated on a bold eminence north of the village. A window in the chancel was ornamented with stained glass, in 1676, by Lord Frecheville. It contains many antique monuments, particularly a fine brass figure, in plate armour, over which is worn a surcoat emblazoned with heraldic bearings; the offensive arms are a sword and dagger, and the figure stands upon a greyhound. From the mutilated inscription which encircles the slab, it appears to be to the memory of Petri Frecheville, who died in the year 1400. Another monument is enriched with brass figures of Piers Frecheville and Maude Wortley his wife, who are kneeling on cushions, facing each other. The male figure is cased in plate armour, has long hair, and wears his spurs; behind him are seven sons also kneeling. The lady is clothed in a long gown, confined at the waist by an embroidered sash; she wears the pointed head dress, and is provided with a lectern, upon which lies an open book. She is followed by seven daughters all kneeling. Also one to John Frechville, son of Piers, who died in 1509. The *living* is a rectory, valued in the King's book £12 7s. 6d., now £706. The Duke of Devonshire, patron. Rev. James D. McFarlane, M.A., incumbent, and resides at the rectory, an old mansion, erected in 1725, near the church, mad has 92A. 2R. 31P. of glebe land. The tithes have been commuted for £619 9s. 7d. A moiety of the church was given by Ascoit Musard to the Hospitallers. There was formerly a chantry chapel of St. John in this parish, founded by the Frecheville family for the use of the manor; the revenues in the reign of Edward VI. were estimated at £2 13s. 4d. per annum. The site is now occupied by the library of the Mechanic's Institution. The Rev. Francis Gisborne, whose name so often occurs in this work for his munificent charities, was many years rector of Staveley. The Methodists have a neat brick chapel, erected in 1826. In 1844, a school was established. principally through the munificence of the lord of the

manor. It is a handsome stone building situated near the church, and forms two sides of a square, with an octagonal residence for the master and mistress at the angle. The *Hall*, an ancient mansion near the church, embosomed with lofty trees, after suffering many modifications and alterations under the hands of its proprietors, is now a genteel residence, but unoccupied. It was formerly the seat of the Frechevilles, afterwards of Lord James Cavendish. It then became the residence of Mr. Foxlow, afterwards of Dr. Dixon, and lastly of the Rev. F. Foxlowe. The Feast is the Sunday before Midsummer day.

The manor of Staveley, at Domesday survey, belonged to Ascoit Musard, ancestor of the baronial family who gave name to Musarden in Gloucestershire. Two sisters of Baron Musard, brought their shares of Staveley to Cromwell and Frecheville, in the reign of Edward II. Cromwell's share passed to the Clifford family, by whom it was forfeited to the crown. King Edward IV. granted it to Sir John Pilkington, who died seized of it in 1479. Henry VIII., in 1544, granted it to Francis Leake, who the year following conveyed to Sir Peter Frecheville, already possessed of two-thirds of it. Staveley was for many generations the chief seat of the Frecheville family. Sir Peter Frecheville was knighted for his services at the battle of Musselborough. Colonel Frecheville, a most active royalist, garrisoned his house at Staveley in the civil wars, and distinguished himself on various occasions. In a skirmish with Captain Revel's and two other troops, he drove them for shelter into Mr. Eyre's house at Hassop, where he took them all prisoners. In August, 1644, Staveley house was taken by Major-General Crawford and a party of the Earl of Manchester's army, by capitulation. It is said to have been strongly garrisoned; 12 pieces of ordnance, 230 muskets, and 150 pikes were taken in the house. After the Restoration, Colonel Frecheville was created a peer, in 1644, by the title of Lord Frecheville of Staveley. In 1681 he sold the manor and estate of Staveley to the first Duke of Devonshire, from whom it has descended to its present noble possessor. There was formerly a park at Staveley. The barony was held by the service of finding two soldiers for the King's army in Wales.

Staveley Works, 1 mile E. from Staveley, is an ancient iron smelting establishment; there are documents in existence proving it to have been a place of considerable importance two centuries ago, but its early history will not bear any comparison with the vastness of its operations in the present day. Here are the collieries and extensive ironworks of Richard Barrow, Esq., with blast furnaces, producing 200 tons of metal weekly. Castings and foundry work of all kinds are executed at this extensive establishment. Neat residences for the clerks and overlookers have been built in the vicinity, besides a great number of cottages. The Hollingwood, Springwell, and Victoria collieries produce superior coals, which are sent by railway to all parts of England, besides supplying the iron works. The Chesterfield canal passes the furnaces, and the Midland railway passes on the east side of the works, where there is a station, with lines of rail running to the works. *The Hagg*, a handsome Elizabethan stone mansion, 1 mile N.N.W. from Staveley, erected about 1680, for a Hunting seat, is the property of the Duke of Devonshire, and residence of Mrs. Elizabeth Crawshaw. *Inkersal*, 1 mile S., *Mastin Moor*, 1½ mile; and *Norbriggs*, a small well-built village, 1 mile S.E. from Staveley. Here is the spade and shovel manufactory of Messrs. Dudley & Son. *Ringwood Hall*, a beautiful modern mansion, situated on an eminence, with tasteful pleasure grounds, ornamented with shrubs and evergreens, is the seat and property of Richard Barrow, Esq. *The Three Handleys* form the north west side of the parish, and contains the villages of Middle, Nether, and West Handley.

Handley, (including perhaps what is now known as *Middle Handley*, and *West Handley*.) for the most part belonged anciently to Beauchief Abbey, as such they were seized on by Henry VIII., and granted to Wm. West, Esq. In 1577 they were sold by Edmund West, Esq., to Francis Rodes, Esq., whose name is more familiar hereabouts, (for he was a native of this parish,) as Judge Rodes. Nearly the whole of the sites of the Three Handleys is now the property of His Grace the Duke of Devonshire, and the manor which was formerly separate from, is now merged in that of Staveley.

New Schools were erected here in 1856, by Richard Barrow, Esq., at a cost of £3,000, it is a handsome stone building, in the Elizabethan style of architecture, situated on a good elevation, near the Works, and comprises a large lecture room 40 feet by 30 feet in length, and 45 feet high, a boys and a girls school room, each 56 feet by 20 feet 6 inches in length, and 25 feet high, with a porch attached to each 3 feet by 3 feet square. The Lecture room contains an excellent organ, and from the roof rises a square tower, containing a bell. The whole of the building is heated with hot water. No master has yet been appointed.

A *Library* was established here in 1852, which now contains 1600 volumes of books; Mr. Wm. Hibbert, *librarian*.

Savings' Bank was established in 1853, which is open every Monday afternoon, from 4 to 5 o'clock. The Rev. Blain Mandale, *actuary*.

Gas Works are in course of erection on the banks of the canal, a little S.W. of the village, at a cost of £1800, by a company of £10 shareholders.

MIDDLE HANDLEY is a pleasant village on a bold elevation, 2½ miles NW. from Staveley. A Chapel of ease was erected here in 1838, principally by the Duke of Devonshire. It is a neat substantial edifice, in which Divine service is regularly performed by the rector or his curate. His Grace also erected, about the same time, a commodious School of stone, to which he allows £20 per annum towards the support of a master, for which 16 children are educated free. *Nether Handley* is a very small hamlet, two miles N.W. from Staveley. *West Handley* is an agricultural village, three miles N.W. from Staveley. The Wesleyan Methodists have a chapel here, erected of stone in 1796. *Netherthorpe*, a hamlet and small village ½ mile E. from Staveley. A Grammar School was founded here in 1537,—(see charity report). This school has fallen into disuse. *Woodthorpe* is a considerable village, ½ mile E.S.E. from Staveley. The Hall was the ancient seat of the Rodes family before they removed to Barlborough: they acquired it in marriage with the heiress of Cachehors, before the years 1290. It was purchased of Sir John Bodes, about the year 1599, by the Countess of Shrewsbury, and passed afterwards to the Earl of Newcastle, from whom it descended to the Duke of Portland. It appears formerly to have formed a manor or barony with Bolsover; but it is now the property of the Duke of Devonshire. The ancient seat of the Rodes family was in part pulled down, and most of the materials used for the building at Bolsover. Judge Rodes, who commenced Barlborough Hall, died at Woodthorpe; his son John removed to Barlborough. Sir Peter Frechville, in 1632, founded a chapel and hospital here. The chapel was pulled down in 1849, and a new Chapel of ease, erected on its site at a cost of £1700, by the Duke of Devonshire, in which Divine service is performed once every Sunday, by the Rev. Blain Mandale, curate of Stavely. It is a neat Gothic building, with nave, chancel, turret, and one bell, and has sittings for 200 hearers, all of which are free.

CHARITIES.—*Sir Peter Frechville, Knt.*, and *John Goostrey* gave £40, afterwards certain sums were collected, which made the whole £132. This amount was invested in land, the proceeds thereof to be applied in apprenticing two poor children, and the residue to be given to the poor. In addition, 2A. 2R. 11P., were set out at the inclosure in 1798. The whole produces a rental of £10 10s. per annum, out of which a sum of £2 is allowed for two boys or girls being placed out-apprentices; the residue is distributed to the poor.

Rev. Ralph Heathcote gave £57 15s. 6d., *Peter Brown* £57 15s. 6d., *Francis Glossop* £44, and *John Smith* £20, and old stock to the amount of £20 9s., making a total of £200. The amount was laid out on a rent charge of £9 per annum, on land in Brimington. Of this sum £5 4s. is expended in bread for the poor; £1 4s. is given to a schoolmaster, and the remainder is distributed amongst poor persons.

Anne Jackson, in 1749, gave the interest of £100 to instruct poor children, and directed a Bible, Common Prayer Book, and Whole Duty of Man, to be given to each scholar out of the interest. The Rev. Francis Gisborne augmented it to £180, which was, with other sums, in the whole £400, laid out in £658 16s. stock three per cent. consols. In 1804, like stock to the amount of £102 11s. 3d. was purchased with £30, left by Dorothy Foxlow, and an accumulation of interest. A further sum of £5 was left by Mr. Gisborne. £8 of the dividend is applied in educating poor children of Staveley, Handley, and Woodthorpe.

Rev. Francis Gisborne, in 1759, gave the interest of £30 to one poor man or woman. *Anne Gisborne*, in 1762, gave the interest of £50 to 2 poor parishioners. *John Alcroft*, in 1768, gave £10 to the poor. *Thomas Brailsford*, 1770, gave the interest of £50 to two poor families. *Paul Rodgers*, 1784, left £10. *Henry Smith*, 1787, gave the interest of £50 to two poor persons. *James Hodkin* left £20 for a distribution of bread. *Elizabeth Brailsford* 1794, left £30 for the benefit of two poor inhabitants. *Catherine Dixon*, 1796, left the interest of £30 to one poor person. In the whole, £285 was laid out in 1796, as stated, with *Anne Jackson's* charity. *Lieutenant-General Wm. Murray*, in 1820, bequeathed £100, with which stock was purchased, making the whole £889 3s. 3d., three per cent. consols; the dividends amounting to £26 13s. 4d., of which £1 17s. 4d., is distributed to the poor, and the remainder as directed.

Rev. Robt. Hitch, *Rev. Anthony Marshall*, *Rev. John Heathcote John Froggatt*, and others, gave sums of money amounting to £90, which, in 1676, was invested in land at Unstone, which consists of two closes, and about an acre of wood, in the whole 13A. In 1802, these lands, for a sum of £17 13s. 6d. were exonerated from tithe. In 1815, wood to the amount of £90, was sold, of which sum £86 11s. was expended in draining and otherwise improving the land, now let for £10 per annum, which is distributed to the poor.

Netherthorpe School.—*Francis Rodes*, by will, 29th of Elizabeth, left a yearly rent charge of £20 per annum, to be taken forth of his manor of Elmton; £8 thereof to the Grammar school, at Staveley Netherthorpe, £8 for two scholarships in St. John's, Cambridge, and £4 for the relief of soldiers who should be sent to the wars out of Staveley, Barlborough, and Elmton. *Robert Sitwell*, by will, 41st Elizabeth, gave a messuage in Killmarsh, on trust, to pay £6 yearly to the schoolmaster. *Lord James Cavendish*, 1742, left a rent charge of £6, issuing out of closes at Hollingwood, for the maintenance of the schoolmaster. In addition to these, the Rev. Francis Gisborne gave £10, to be invested in stock. The income of the various benefactions amounts to £29 per annum. All the sons of parishioners are considered as entitled to classical instruction; but the master makes his own charge for other branches.

Woodthorpe Hospital.—*Peter Frecheville*, in 1632, erected a certain dwelling house, to be for ever used as an hospital, for four poor women and four poor men, all to be unmarried, and chosen from the parishes of Barlbrough and Staveley; and he directed his heir to pay £4 a-piece towards their maintenance, and a like sum of £4 to a Deacon for reading Morning and Evening Prayers, and to have his lodgings in a chamber at the west end of the Almshouse. *Richard Robinson*, 1777, gave a sum sufficient to purchase land of the yearly value of £18, to advance the pay from £4 to £6 of the inmates. Another rent charge of £18 a year has been appropriated to the inmates, supposed to have been left by some of the Gisborne family. The yearly income, £72 a year, is all paid out of different estates belonging to the Duke of Devonshire. The hospital consists of four tenements, with chambers above, and small gardens adjoining.

Judge Rodes, 1584, gave the interest of £40, in aid of the assessment of Woodthorpe and Hage Quarters. *Thomas Brailsford*, 1711, gave £10 to the poor. The

Rev. Mr. Heathcote, 1715, gave £50 for buying six coats for poor people. Thomas Wade, 1715, gave £6 for the benefit of the poor. Mrs. Yates, 1721, left £50 for teaching poor children to read. The poor have also the benefit of £10 left by Thomas Hollingworth, 1728; £10 by John Shipstone, 1722; £5 by Widow Hollingworth, 1728; £10 by Anne Croft, 1729; £10 by Roger Hewitt, 1731; £5 Robert Milnes, 1731; £15 by Mrs. Brailsford, 1733; £5 by Jph. Rodgers, 1735, £5 5s. found in the poor's box, 1733; and £8 15s. raised by subscription, 1736; Lady Cavendish, 1734, gave £100, to be applied in teaching poor children to read. These sums, amounting to £360, were laid out in 1737, in a rent charge of £12 10s. issuing out of lands in Scarcliffe, which are given agreeable to the donors' intentions.

Post Office, at Wm. Hibberts', letters arrive from Chesterfield at 7 a.m., and are despatched at 6.30 p.m.; Money Orders granted and paid from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Post Office, Middle Handley, at Thomas Fox's, letters arrive at 9.30 a.m., and are despatched at 4 p.m.

Those marked 1 are at Inkersall; 2 Inkersall Green; 3 Middle Handley; 4 Nether Thorpe; 5 Staveley Works; 6 Staveley Woodthorpe; 7 Nether Handley; and 8 West Handley.

Allwood Wm., beerhouse, *Lowgate*
 Barrow Richard, Esq., iron and coal master,
 and London; h. *Ringwood Hall*
 Barton Jph., beerhouse, *Mastin moor*
 3 Bates Mr. George
 5 Bedow Edwin, clerk
 Bingham Hy., overground viewer
 Bingham Mr. Joseph
 Bingham Thos., cashier, *Reinshaw works*
 5 Buxton Wm., underviewer
 Clarke John, station master
 5 Cooper Daniel, underviewer
 Cooper David, colliery agent
 Cox John, woodturner
 Crawshaw Mrs. Elizabeth, *The Hagg*
 5 Disney Charles C., accountant
 4 Dudley Mrs. Karren
 Dudley and Son, spade mnfrs., *Norbriggs*
 Dyson Thomas, beerhouse
 3 Fentem Thos., scythe strickle manufactr.
 and oil and colour dealer
 Fletcher Paul & Sons, tauners, curriers,
 saddlers, and harness makers
 5 Gibson Thos., manager, iron department
 5 Gillatt John, superintendent
 3 Harrison George, builder and contractor
 5 Hartley Thomas M., clerk
 5 Heaton John, Esq., *The Cottage*
 Henderson Alex. F., farm steward
 Henstock Frederick, clerk
 Hibbert William, clerk
 5 Howard Wm. Frdk., surveyor

5 Ireland Charles P., manager, coal dpmt
 Lunn Richard, gardener
 5 Knighton Wm., foreman, *Foundry*
 McFarlane Rev. J. D., M.A., rector, *Rectory*
 5 Nicholls Edw., clerk
 Pickburn John, brazier and tinner
 Ridgway James, constable
 8 Ridgway John, filesmith
 5 Robinson Thomas, cashier
 4 Rodgers Miss Frances
 Rodgers John, superintendent of the Duke's
 works
 Ryder Allen, gamekeeper
 5 Swarbrick George, clerk
 4 Swift Richard, gent
 Thorpe George Bower, surgeon
 3 Turner Jph., joiner & cabinet maker
 5 Watson W. A., architect
 Wilkinson Wm., surveyor, *Poplar Cottage*
 Williamson Edward, beerhouse, Canal row

Inns and Taverns.

Crown Inn, Sarah Swift
 3 Devonshire Arms, Benjamin Rodgers
 Devonshire Arms, John Crofts
 Gate, John Belfitt, *Mastin moor*
 Jovial Collier, Benj. Tomlinson, *Mastin
 moor*
 5 Moulder's Arms, Mary Lee
 Nag's Head, Brown Heane
 6 Nag's Head, Robert Watkin
 New Inn, William Garfitt, *Netherthorpe*

Academies.

Fisher George
3 Free, Thos. Fox
National, William
Fisher

Blacksmiths.

Crofts Jno., *Lowgate*
3 Evans Samuel
6 Johnson George
Plant Thomas
Swift Godfrey

Boot & Shoemkrs

8 Cowley John
8 Cowley Thomas, jun
Dronfield Wm.
Frith Peter
4 Richardson Ralph
4 Rhodes Wm.
5 Smith Charles
8 Warrener James

Brushmakers.

Fletcher John & Son

Butchers.

Crofts Francis
Fenton Robert
Hoole Edward
Marples Sarah

Corn Millers.

Crofts Brothers, (and
seed & bone crushers)
6 Fidler James

Farmers.

6 Anderson Thos.
2 Bennett William
Abraham
6 Brightmore Mary
4 Brocksopp Harriet
8 Cowley Thos.,
Crawshaw Robt. Wil-
kinson, *The Hagg*
Crofts John
Cutts Joseph

6 Fidler James
4 Frith Wm.
4 Garfitt Wm.
Glossop Wm., *Wood-
thorpe Old Hall*
1 Goodwin Thos.
Handbury Esther
2 Harrison Benj.
6 Haslam Benj.
Haywood John Thos.
Hazlehurst Joseph,
Ringwood
4 Hitch Thomas
Hollingworth Wm.
4 Hudson David
6 Jervis James
6 Johnson George
4 Johnson Wm.
4 Kirk John
Kitchen Thomas, *The
Breck*
6 Lee John
8 Lowe Henry
Marples John
Marples Sarah
Marples Thomas
8 Meynell Wm.
Middleton Ann,
White Lion
Milner William
Nuttall John
6 Ollivant James
6 Pattison John
Plant Charles, *Mas-
tin moor*
6 Renshaw Jph.
6 Renshaw Saml
Rodger B.
Rodger John
Rodger Robert
Rodger William
1 Rodgers John
8 Rodgers Thomas
8 Siddall Samuel
Slagg Thomas, *Red
Lodge*
Staniforth James,
Mastin moor

Steele George, (and
coal master)
Steele Thomas Hal-
lingworth, *Common*
8 Swift Richard
Taylor Ewd., *Pond
House*
2 Taylor Wm.
Turton Job
2 Turton Job, jun
7 Walker John, *Nether
Handley*
Widdowson George,
Mastin moor
Williamson Edward
7 Wisternoff Peter

Grocers & Drapers.

*The Mkd. * are
Druggists*

Brookes Joseph
* Cartwright James
Dickens Hannah
* Dutton Wm. Edwin
Hall James
5 Lee Mary
Longworth Thomas
Smith & Fisher

Painters & Glzrs.

Cutts John
Cutts Joseph

Shopkeepers.

6 Anderson Thos.
Bacon Thos. *Mastin
moor*
6 Brightmore Wm.
Broadhead John
Dyson Thomas
Gascoyne Christiana
Guest Jane
3 Harrison Geo
Holmes Thomas,
Mastin moor
Mullins William,
Lowgate

Spirit Merchant.
Cartwright James

Stone Masons.
2 Harrison George
Marriott Matthew
Waterhouse John

Tailors.

*Mkd. * are Drapers.*
Furniss Benj.
Gunn John
5 Hawkins David
* Longworth Thomas,
(& tallow chandler)
Nuttall Thomas

Wheelwrights and Joiners.

Mullins Alexander,
Lowgate
Mullins William,
Lowgate
Stone Samuel
3 Turner William
Turton Joseph

**Railway Convey-
ance.**

*The Midland Rail-
way Co.'s Station*,
Barrow Hill, from
whence there are
trains btwn. Derby,
Sheffield, & Leeds;
3 each way daily;
John Clarke, station
master.

Carriers.

To Chesterfield, Jas.
Siddall, Wed. & Sat
To Sheffield, John
Broadhead, Tu. Th.
and Sat.; and Jas.
Siddall, Sat

SUTTON-CUM-DUCKMANTON parish contains the rectory of Sutton and vicarage of Duckmanton, which were consolidated about the year 1558, and has 4,302A. 2R. 38P. of land, and in 1851, had 110 houses, and 587 inhabitants, of whom 311 were males and 276 females; rateable value £5,435.

SUTTON-IN-THE-DALE, a small and scattered district of farms, 4½ miles S.E. by E. from Chesterfield, and 2½ miles S. from Duckmanton, contains 1,988A. 3R. 30P. of fertile land; rateable value £2,246. Robert Arkwright, Esq., is lord of the manor and sole owner. The Church, dedicated to St. Mary, is an ancient structure with nave, chancel, north aisle, and tower with four bells, it is situated close to the Hall, a door from which communicates with the sacred edifice. In the chancel is a handsome marble tablet to

Saml. Pierrepont, second son of the Hon. Geo. Pierrepont, sixth son of the Right Hon. Robert, Earl of Kingston, who died Sept. 1st, 1707, aged 56 years. The *living* is a rectory, with the vicarage of Duckmanton annexed, valued in the King's book at £12 16s. ½d., now £309, in the patronage of Robert Arkwright, Esq., and incumbency of the Rev. Michael M. Humble, B.A. *The Hall*, a large handsome mansion, which was rebuilt by the late Earl of Scarsdale, stands on an eminence in a fine park of about 280 acres of land, and is the property and seat of Robert Arkwright, Esq., who has greatly beautified the house and improved the estate, having rebuilt nearly the whole of the farm buildings. This manor was given by Wulfric Spott, in the reign of Ethelred, to Burton Abbey. At Domesday survey it belonged to Roger de Poicitou. In the year 1255, it was granted to Peter de Harestan. The heiress of Robert de Harestan brought it to Richard de Grey, of Sandiacre. A co-heiress of Grey, alias Hilary, brought it to the Leakes, in the reign of Henry IV., and it became the chief seat of that family. Francis Leake, of Sutton, was created a baronet in 1611, and Lord Deincourt of Sutton, in 1624. In 1643, (the beginning of April.) Lord Deincourt began to fortify his house at Sutton. Sir John Gell sent his brother, Colonel Thomas Gell, with 500 men and three pieces of ordnance to besiege it. Lord Deincourt was summoned, but refused to surrender, and for some time obstinately defended himself. The house was taken, and Lord Deincourt and his men made prisoners: the works were demolished, and Lord Deincourt set at liberty, on giving his word that he would repair to Derby within eight days, and submit himself to the parliament. Sir John Gell observes that the forfeiture of his word on this occasion, was revenged by the garrison at Bolsover, who some time afterwards, when the castle was in the hands of the parliament, plundered Lord Deincourt's house at Sutton. In 1645, Lord Deincourt was created Earl of Scarsdale. Having rendered himself very obnoxious to the parliament, by his exertions in the royal cause, during the civil wars, his estates were sequestered; and as he refused to compound, they were sold. His son procured some friends to be purchasers, paying the sum of £18,000, fixed by the parliamentary commissioners as the composition. The title became extinct by the death of Nicholas, the fourth earl, in 1736. After this event, the large estates belonging to the family were sold for the payment of debts. Sutton was purchased by Godfrey Clarke, Esq., who was in possession in 1740. The sister and heiress of Godfrey Bagnall Clarke, who died in 1786, married Job Hart Price, Esq., who took the name of Clarke, and left a daughter and heiress married to the Marquis of Ormond, who occasionally resided at the Hall; of whose trustees it was purchased in 1824, by the late Richard Arkwright, Esq., and is now the property of Robert Arkwright, Esq. Sutton is sometimes called Sutton Scarsdale. The feast is on Whit Sunday.

DUCKMANTON, a long scattered village, running N. and S., usually designated Long, Middle, and Far Duckmanton, of which Middle Duckmanton is 4 miles E. from Chesterfield, and 2½ miles W. from Bolsover, contains 2,313A. 3R. 8P. of fertile land. Robt. Arkwright, Esq., the sole owner. Here formerly was a church, dedicated to St. Peter and St. Paul, at Long Duckmanton, which it is supposed was taken down about the year 1558, when this vicarage was consolidated with the rectory of Sutton. The Rectory House is a handsome brick mansion, erected in 1842, situated at a turn of the road betwixt Long and Middle Duckmanton, with 59 acres of glebe. Many of the inhabitants are employed at the collieries and iron-works in the immediate neighbourhood. *Long Course*, a handsome well-arranged farm house, pleasantly situated on an eminence, 1 mile S. from Duckmanton, commanding a fine view of Sutton Hall and Park, is occupied by Mr. John Norton, farm steward to Robert Arkwright, Esq. In 1856, Robert Arkwright, Esq., built on the site of the ancient church here, a large and commodious room for the use of the parish generally, and in digging for the foundation, sixteen skeletons were found, one of which measured six feet from the crown of the skull to the ankle joint, the feet not being found; in most of the skulls the teeth were quite perfect. Here are some rich beds of coal and ironstone. The manor of Duckmanton was given by Wulfrie Spott to Burton Abbey. At the Domesday survey it belonged to Ralph Fitz-Hubert. Geoffrey Fitz-Peter purchased the manor

of Sir Richard de Wyverton, for Welbeck Abbey. Sir Richard Bassett gave the vill of Duckmanton to the Abbey; afterwards Henry de Stuteville confirmed Duckmanton to the Abbey. King Henry VIII. granted the manor, about 1538, to Francis Leake, Esq., since which it has passed with Sutton. The endowed school is at Duckmanton; and the feast Sunday after Midsummer day.

CHARITIES.—*Sutton and Duckmanton School*, in 1791, being in a ruinous state, was pulled down by the rector and trustees, and a new one built on the site, by subscription; the school is endowed with sixteen acres of land, which is supposed to have been appropriated by the lord and freeholders of the manor, to the use of a schoolmaster, for the instruction of poor children. The school lands were let for £18 per annum, paid half-yearly to the schoolmaster, for which he taught 20 children. The 16 acres of land having been purchased by Robert Arkwright, Esq., the trustees bought 45 acres of land in the parish of Brampton, now let for £40 per year, and are now (1856) erecting a new school on the site of the old one for the education of the children in the parish; it will be a neat brick building, capable of accommodating about 80 children. Formerly 20 children were educated free for the £18, arising from rise 16 acres of land, but a charter having been obtained from the Lord Chancellor, the trustees are now authorized to charge 2d. per week for each child who attends school, for instruction in reading, writing, and arithmetic; and in order that the said charity may not be lost sight of in the said parish, the trustees for the time being, shall cause to be put up in the most public part of the pariah church, a board or slab, containing a short account of the charity, the amount of its funds, and an explanation of its object, and that such board or slab should always kept clean and legible.

Rev. John Curry, formerly rector of the parish, left by will, 1693, £20, for the use of the poor. *Margaret Ronzier*, gave in her lifetime £34. *William Widdowson*, 1735, directed that his executor should yearly lay out 12s, in the purchase of 15 loaves, to be distributed to six poor widows. *Samuel Dowker*, 1738, gave to the poor of Sutton and Duckmanton 10s. a year to buy bread; and 10s. to the parson, to preach a sermon on New Year's day. The sum of £120, arising from these charities, was lent on the turnpike road from Matlock to Chesterfield. The interest having been in arrears four years, was added to the principal, in 1774, and again, in 1782, whereby it was increased to £190 16s.; the interest amounts to £2 17s. 3d., out of which the rector receives 10s. for preaching a sermon on New Year's Day; the remainder is distributed to the poor..

Francis Leach, left for the use of the poor, 3s. yearly, issuing out of a farm in Bolsover Woodhouse, which is usually paid once in four years. The payment made of 12s., in 1823, was improperly carried to the parish account, but is now distributed in accordance with the will of the donor.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity (see *Bradley*). The annual sum of £7 5s., received by the rector, is laid out in coarse woollen cloth and flannel, and distributed to the poor about Christmas.

(1856.) For the last thirty years, Robert Arkwright, Esq., has given annually at Christmas an ox, to be divided amongst the poor of the parish; and to which the farmers have added £5 for the purchase of bread.

*Those marked * reside at Duckmanton.*

Post Office at Alfred Bennett's, Duckmanton. Letters arrive from Chesterfield at 8 a.m., and are despatched at 4.30 p.m.

Arkwright Robert, Esq., *The Hall*
 * Brookes, William, overlooker
 Broom John, gardener, *The Hall*
 Bunting Francis, & John Freeman, millers,
Sutton Mill and Bolsover
 * Cowlshaw John, blacksmith
 * Gladwin Daniel, clerk, *Duckmanton Works*
 * Humble Rev. Michael M., B.A., *Rectory*
 Laughton Charles, butler, *The Hall*

Marsh George, parish clerk
 * Mills Mansfeldt F., estate agent, *The Lodge*
 Noton John, farm steward, *Longcourse*
Farm
 * Oates Matth., victualler, White Swan
 Pemberton Joseph, gamekeeper
 * Watkinson Thomas, shoemaker
 * White Wm. Mower, schoolmaster
 Winfield Richard, joiner

Farmers.

* Alsop George
 * Belfield Robert
Smithy Hill
 Bradley Eliz.
 * Britt William
 Britt William, jun.,
Mill Farm
 Bunting Fras., *Lane*

* Bunting Henry
 Hodgkinson
 * Cantrill Israel
 * Crofts Joseph
 * Crofts William
 * Smith Thomas
 Gladwin John
 Glossop Joseph
 Hogg George
 * Hole John

* Johnson Robert
 * Johnson Sampson
 * Johnson William
 Ludlam John
 Oates Matthew
 * Parker Wm., *Moor*
 Pearce Eliz., *Lodge*
 * Pearce Leonard
 * Pearce Richard
 Potter Wm., *Spring*

* Rains Stephen
 Taylor Peter, *Sutton*
Farm

Shopkeepers.

* Alsop George, jun.
 * Bennett Alfred (and
 tailor)
 * Weeds Henry (and
 bricklayer)

TIBSHELF, a parish and considerable village, consisting of one long street, 4 miles N.N.E. from Alfreton, 8 miles S.S.E. from Chesterfield, and 18 miles N.E. from Derby; contains 2,400 acres of land, principally a loamy soil, on the Nottinghamshire border; and in 1851 had 166 houses, and 806 inhabitants, of whom 406 were males, and 400 females; rateable value, £2,415 12s. 6d. St. Thomas's Hospital, Southwark, London, are lords of the manor, and owners of 1,750 acres of land. The Duke of Devonshire, Robert Millward, Esq., and John Chambers, Esq., are also owners. The parish abounds in coal, and besides the employment at the collieries, some of the inhabitants are employed in frame-work knitting of cotton hose. The Church, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, is a handsome structure, rebuilt in 1729, situated at the eastern extremity of the village, and has nave, chancel, side aisles, embattled tower, and five bells. In 1850, a beautiful painted window was put up in the chancel; the work of Miss Sharpe, of London; the subjects being St. John the Baptist, and the Four Evangelists. In the church is an ancient monument, for Ann Clarke, who died in 1699, aged 80 years. She bequeathed, by will, £20 to the poor of this parish for ever. The *living* is a vicarage, valued in the King's book, £4 5s. 3d., now £172; Mrs. Packman, of Tupton Hall, the patron, and the Rev. Francis William Sharpe, B.A., the incumbent, who resides at the vicarage, a commodious house, a little west of the church. This church formerly was appropriated to the Nuns of Brewode, in Staffordshire, after which the impropriation was given to St. Thomas's Hospital, and the large tithes have been sold by them to the landowners; the vicarial have been commuted for £185 18s. 4d. Here are 42 acres of glebe. The Parochial school is a small brick building, with one room. It is supported by voluntary contributions and the children's pence; about 30 boys and 12 girls attend. A lodge of Odd Fellows is held at the Wheat Sheaf Inn. The manor of *Tibecel*, at the Domesday survey, was held by one Robert, under the King. In the reign of King John, it was in the baronial family of Heriz, from whom it passed, by successive female heirs, to Belers and Swillington. R. de Swillington was seized of it in 1429; Sir William Pierrepont was possessed of it in 1513; it was given, in 1552, to St. Thomas's Hospital, by its founder, King Edward VI., being described as parcel of the endowment of the dissolved hospital of the Savoy. Feast, first Sunday after the 29th of June. *Biggin*, two farms, $\frac{3}{4}$ mile N. from Tibshelf. *Doe Hill*, a pleasant house, 1 mile W., was formerly noted for a medicinal spring, of which there was also a similar one at the foot of the village, both much celebrated; here the parish have an acre of ground for a stone quarry, for building purposes. At *Hirst*, $\frac{3}{4}$ mile N.E., is the neat mansion and seat of John Chambers, Esq. *Marlpits*, a farm, on high ground $\frac{1}{2}$ mile E.; this place is approached by a gradual ascent, but commands a most extensive prospect; 11 parish churches can be seen with the naked eye, including Lincoln Minster, the town of Derby, Axe Edge, and the mountains of the High peak. This parish partakes of the charity of the Rev. Francis Gisborne. (See *Bradley*.) The sum of £7 5s. is received and distributed in coarse woollens to the poor about Christmas.

Post Office at Samuel Hill's. Letters arrive from Alfreton at 10 a.m., and are despatched at 5 p.m. in winter, and 5.30 p.m. in summer.

Bennett William, saddle; harness, oil cloth, and nail manufacturer
 Brookes John, tailor
 Chambers John, land surveyor and coal master, *Hurst House*
 Close George, frame-work knitter
 Cooke George, corn miller
 Davenport James, wheelwright
 Heald Mr. Robert
 Hill Ann, beerhouse
 Hill Charles, cowkeeper, *Nethermoor*
 Hill Saml. and Alice, parochial school

Bakers.

Ford John (and corn miller)
 Heath William

Blacksmiths.

Handley Robert
 Haslam John, *Upper Moor*

Butchers.

Barrett William
 Clay Sampson
 Limb Robert

Farmers.

Adlington William,
Littlemoor

Ashmoor Samuel (and maltster)
 Bamford Martin
 Barrett Peter
 Becket Thos., *Biggin*
 Blanksby William
 Bryon Martha
 Downing Joseph
 Ford John
 Ford Mary
 Hall William, *Goose House*
 Harker James
 Heath Wm. (& parish clerk)
 Heath Wm., *Marlpits*
 Hill Rd. (and timber merchant)

Milward Robert, coal master, *Tibshelf Colliery*; h. *Nether Moor House*
 Milward Robert, jun., brick and tile maker, and malster, *Nethermoor*
 Reynolds Wm., working engineer, *Marlpits*
 Sampson Mrs., draper
 Sharpe Rev. Fras. Wm., B.A., vicar

Inns and Taverns.

Crown, Martha Ashmoor
 Wheat Sheaf, William Barrett
 White Hart, William Blanksby

Shopkeepers.

Barratt Peter
 Barratt William
 Brailsford Samuel
 Clay Sampson
 Hardwick John
 Limb Robert
 Milward Mary
 Parker George

Stone Masons.

Bingham Fras.
 Bingham George

Shoemakers.

Coupe George
 Hill Stephen
 Lowe Jabez
 Taylor Hy, *Marlpits*

Carrier to Chesterfield.

John Thorpe, Sat., & Mansfield, Thurs.

WHITTINGTON is a large flourishing village and parish, 2½ miles N. from Chesterfield, contains 1491A. 0R. 3P. of land, and in 1851, had 196 houses and 874 inhabitants, of whom 456 were males, and 418 females; rateable value, £4,185 5s. It was enclosed by an act passed 1821, the award signed March, 1825, when all the tithes and moduses were commuted. The principal owners are, John and Wm. Fowler, Esqs., the Rev. W. M. Pierce, Mr. Geo. Jenkinson, Mr. Samuel Jenkinson, Chas. Steade, Esq., J. B. Jebb, Esq., John Crusoe, Esq., and Richard Barrow, Esq.; the two former are lords of the manor. Here are also many other small freeholders. The Church, dedicated to St. Bartholomew, is a neat stone edifice, with chancel, side aisles, and low tower. The *living* is a rectory, valued in the King's book £7 10s. 10d., now £302. The Bishop of Lichfield patron. Rev. Geo. Gordon, rector; and the Rev. Robt. Robinson, M.A., resident officiating curate. In the church is the monument of the late Samuel Pegge, L.L.D., the antiquary, author of the "Life of Bishop Grossetete," "History of Beauchief Abbey," "Bolsover and Peak Castles," "Dissertations on Coins and other Antiquarian Subjects." He also collected considerable materials for a history of Derbyshire, now deposited in the Herald's college. Dr. Pegge was 45 years rector of Whittington, where he died, Feb. 14, 1796, in the 92d year of his age: he was born at Chesterfield, 1704. In the churchyard is the monument of Chpr. Smith, Esq., of London, who left £550 to the corporation, for the relief of disabled and wounded seamen. In the parish register is the following remarkable entry:—"Thomas Ashton, son of Mr. Arthur and Mrs. Jane Bulkeley, was baptized July 1st, 1664. Godfathers—Edward Downes, great, great, uncle; Dr. Charles Ashton, great, great, great uncle; Joseph Ashton, gent., great, great, great uncle. Goodmothers—Mrs. Wood, great, great, great aunt; Mrs. Wainwright, great, great grandmother; Mrs. Green, great grandmother."

At the Domesday survey, Whittington is described as a hamlet of Newbold. The paramount manor, which had been in the Peverels, was granted by King John, to Wm.

Briewere, from whose family it passed to the Wakes. The Boythorps, Bretons, and Foljambes held it successively as mesne lords; but the immediate possession was from an early period in the family of Whittington, whose heiress married Dethick. A co-heiress of Dethick brought it, about the year 1488, to the Poles, who held it under Foljambe. Geo. Pole had two daughters, co-heiresses, who brought this manor, towards the latter part of the 17th century, in moieties to Frith and Chaworth. Frith's moiety passed by marriage to Sir Chas. Sedley, who sold it to Mr. Richd. Gillett, who about 1813, sold his moiety to Mr. John Dixon. Three-fourths of the other moiety passed to the Launder family, also sold to Mr. Dixon. The remaining eighth belonged to the children of the late Samuel Hinde, who in 1856, sold it to Messrs. John and Wm. Fowler.

There are few places in England equally distinguished in the annals of history with the village of Whittington. When King James II. was endeavouring to assume arbitrary power, and to re-establish Popery in this kingdom, several noblemen and gentlemen of distinguished rank and fortune, met at Whittington, with a view of defeating his purpose; amongst whom were the Earls of Devonshire, and Danby, Lord Delamere, and Mr. John D'Arcy, son and heir of Conyers, Earl of Holderness; Sir Scroop How, also embarked in the execution of this great design, but it is not certain that he met them on the present occasion. Whittington Moor was the place appointed for holding their deliberations, but a shower, of rain falling at the time, they repaired to the village for shelter, and finished their consultation at a public house, the Cock and Magpie, which from this remarkable event has acquired the celebrated name of the "Revolution House." On the 5th of Nov., 1788, the hundredth anniversary of the revolution was, on account of the above event celebrated with great splendour and magnificence at Whittington and Chesterfield. The commemoration commenced at Whittington with Divine service at the Church. The Rev. Saml. Pegge, rector of the parish, delivered a sermon, and the descendants of the illustrious houses of Cavendish, Osborne, Boothe, and D'Arcy, a numerous and powerful gentry, a a wealthy and respectable yeomanry, and an attentive peasantry, formed an audience which has seldom been equalled on any occasion. After service, the company went in succession to view the Old Revolution House, with the arm chair in which the Earl of Devonshire is said to have sat, and then partook of a cold collation, which was prepared in the new rooms annexed to the cottage. The procession to Chesterfield then began. It consisted of the members of eight Friendly societies, amounting to about two thousand persons, walking four and four, and carrying flags with mottos and devices. The band of music belonging to the Derbyshire militia. The corporation of Chesterfield, in their robes of office, joined the procession on entering the town. The following noblemen in their coaches, with attendants on horseback, joined the procession:—The Duke of Devonshire, Earl of Stamford, Earl of Danby, Lord Francis Osborne, Lord Geo. Cavendish, Lord John Cavendish, Sir Francis Molyneux, and Sir Henry Hunloke, Bart., in Sir Henry's coach; and upwards of 40 other carriages of the neighbouring gentry, with their attendants, genty on horseback, three and three; and servants on horseback in the same manner. The whole was conducted with order and regularity; notwithstanding there were so large a number of carriages, four hundred gentlemen on horseback, and an astonishing throng of spectators, not an accident happened. All was joy and gladness, without a single burst of unruly tumult and uproar. Persons of all ranks wore orange and blue, in memory of our glorious deliverer, King William III. And the most respectable Roman Catholic families vied in their endeavour to shew how just a sense they had of the value of civil liberty. On the day previous to the jubilee, the committee appointed to conduct the proceedings dined together in the Revolution House; and his Grace the Duke of Devonshire, the Earl of Stamford, Lord George and Lord John Cavendish, with several neighbouring gentlemen were present. A subscription was entered into for erecting a monumental column on that spot where the first meeting was held, which was so highly instrumental in rescuing the liberties of the country from perdition; however, the idea of erecting a column on Whittington Moor was afterwards given up, and the sum (£230)

subscribed was given to the Derby infirmary. Chesterfield races are still held on Whittington Moor. The Wesleyan Methodists have a chapel in Whittington, erected 1828, and the Primitive Methodists have one, erected in 1849. The Endowed School,—(see charities,)—was formerly held in an old building in the churchyard, which was taken down, and in 1850, a handsome stone building was erected in its stead in the centre of the village. *Brown House*, is a neat mansion, half mile W. of the Church, the seat and property of Chas. Steade, Esq. Messrs. Thos. Firth & Sons, of Sheffield, are erecting extensive iron works here, close to the railway at the east end of the parish, near which a great number of cottage houses are now in course of erection.

CHARITIES.—*Peter Webster*, in 1674, left £200 on trust, to be invested in land for the maintenance of a schoolmaster. He also devised a message in the parish, and directed a sum of 36s. yearly to be given to 6 poor scholars, to buy them books, and the residue of the rents to be distributed to the poor. The property consists of a farm in Unstone, let for £23 2s., a piece of land set out at the inclosure in 1825, let for £2 2s., and two allotments on Whittington common, let for £3 per annum; the whole amounts to £30 6s., out of which £25 4s. is paid to a schoolmaster, 36s. to 6 poor scholars, and the remainder is distributed to the poor.

Joshua Webster, in 1696, devised his message and lands for the education of 10 poor children, in case his son, Peter Webster, should die without issue. By indenture, 1785, the said Peter Webster conveyed to trustees, for the purposes mentioned in the will, the Plumtree farm, let on lease for 99 years at a rental of £10 10s. The farm contains 21A. 2R. 33P., and the present value is stated to be £35 or £40 per annum. There is also a house let to the schoolmaster, and some allotments, belonging this estate. The schoolmaster receives £10 10s. for teaching 10 poor children.

Poor's Lands.—Before the inclosure there were three small parcels of land let for £1 14s. a year, which was given to the poor. Another piece of land, let for 10s. a year, was applied to put out an apprentice, in lieu of which 11A. 1R. 4P., were awarded at the inclosure, now let for £12 19s. The rents are partly reserved to pay £51 3s. 2d., the expenses of the inclosure.

Nicholas Sprentall, in 1636, gave 20s., issuing out of Hudgrave meadow, to be distributed every Christmas to the poor.

Godfrey Wolstenholme, in 1682, left £25 to buy gowns, for two poor widows in Whittington. The amount was invested in land, and by the award of the commissioners, 2A. 2R. 3P. were allotted in exchange, which is let for 25s. per annum, and expended in two gowns for poor widows. The land is worth about 30s. an acre, but the tenant has laid out £50 in fencing and levelling, and consequently before the rent is advanced he ought to be repaid.

John Hind, in 1724, gave 50s., the interest to be given to the poor.

George Gilberthorpe, in 1729, left £6 for a distribution of bread, the clerk to have a share, on the six Sundays in Lent.

Elizabeth Bulkley, in 1740, gave money producing 6s. a year, this appears to be lost, as nothing has for many years been received.

Peter Webster, in 1750, gave to the minister, churchwardens, and overseers, the sum of £600 on trust, to be invested in government securities, and the dividends paid to 6 poor persons, 3 men and 3 woman, one half year in money and the other in clothes. In 1755, the amount was invested in the south sea annuities. The dividends amounting to £18 a year, are usually given in money to 6 poor persons.

Samuel Holmes, in 1753, left £10 for the benefit of the poor. In 1810, this money was paid by Joseph Brown to John Naylor, one of the overseers, for which he never accounted.

Elizabeth Burton, in 1757, left 6s. per annum, for a distribution of bread; the amount is charged on three cottages and gardens, the owner of which furnishes the bread every Sunday in Lent.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity.—(See *Bradley*.)—The annual sum of £5 10s., received by the incumbent, is laid out in flannel and given to the poor at Christmas.

Post Office at John Widdowson's; letters arrive from Chesterfield at 8 a.m., and Ridgeway at 5 p.m., and are despatched to Chesterfield at 5 p.m.

Adlington Robt., surgeon and M.D.
 Bargh Mr. George
 Bower Mr. George
 Bousfield Frederick, coal agent, *Whittington Colliery*
 Cupit Mr. Augustus
 Edge George, master, Endowed School
 Firth Thos. & Sons, iron and steel manufrs.,
Whittington Iron Works
 Firth John, Esq., ironmaster
 Fowler William, Esq., *The Hall*
 Lupton Arthur, gent., *Holly House*
 Naylor John, millwright and engineer
 Ollivant Geo, and Wm., mole catchers
 Robinson Rev. Robert, M.A., curate
 Ryan John, schoolmaster

Beerhouses.

Hollingworth John,
 Malt Shovel
 Longden Wm., *Moor*

Brick & Tile Mkrs.

Lee Abel
 Mart Wm., *Moor*

Butchers.

Belfitt Charlotte
 Brightmore Herbert

Coal Owners.

Harrison & Co., *West Stavelly Colliery*;
 W. Blackburn, agt.
 Pierce Fras. R. *Whittington Colliery*;
 Fdk. Bousfield, agt.

Corn Millers.

Cundey John
 Thornton Hy., *Sheep Bridge*
 Wheatcroft Joseph

Farmers.

Bower George
 Bower John
 Clark John
 Collis John, *Sheep Bridge*
 Cupit Benjamin
 Gillet Thomas
 Hollingworth John
 Jenkinson George
 Jenkinson Samuel
 Pierce Fras. R.
 Robinson Joseph
 Thorpe George

Shipley James, plumber and glazier
 Steade Charles, Esq., *Broom House*
 Swanwick Frederick, Esq.
 Syddall Mr. John
 Thompson James, farm bailiff
 Thorpe Charles, blacksmith
 Williams John E., manufacturing chemist

Inns and Taverns.

Bulls head, Hannah Cook
 Cock and Magpie, and Revolution House,
 John Mettam
 Miners Arms, Sidney Orwin
 Sheep Bridge Inn, Henry Thornton
 White Horse, Joseph Hartley

Turner William
 Vickers Isaac

Joiners & Builders.

Fletcher William
 Syddall Samuel
 Widdowson John

Shoemakers.

Hancock George
 Watkinson Samuel

Shopkeepers.

Cooke William
 Gladwin James
 Green William
 Hague William
 Holland Sampson
 Mettam Eliz.
 Mettam Thos.

Thorpe George
 Webster James

Stone Masons.

Gladwin James
 Mettam Thomas
 Mettam Thomas
 Vickers Samuel
 Ward Samuel
 Woodhouse George

Tailors.

Beswick George
 Chapman Henry
 Pardy Frederick
 Statan John

Wheelwrights.

Fletcher William
 Syddall Samuel
 Widdowson John

WHITWELL is an extensive parish and large agricultural village, on the Chesterfield and Worksop road, 11¾ miles E.N.E. from the former and 4½ miles W. by S. from the latter. The village, which is irregularly built, is picturesquely situated on declivities to the west and south, the houses are principally stone and roofed with slate. This parish forms the north-east extremity of the county, where, by an angular point, it stretches to the Shire oak, formerly celebrated for overshadowing into the counties of Derby, Nottingham, and York; on the site of the ancient tree a flourishing young oak is now growing, in Shireoaks, parish of Worksop. It is a deeply undulating district, principally on limestone, the eastern verge mostly sand, altogether good corn land in a high state of cultivation, and contains 5079A. 1R. 28P. of land, including 400A. of woods, besides various other plantations, &c. In 1851 here were 280 houses and 1355 inhabitants, of whom 700 were males, and 655 females; rateable value £3327 17s. 7d. The Duke of Portland is lord of the manor and principal owner. The Duke of Newcastle, Henry Bowdon, Esq., with several others are also owners. The Church, situated on an eminence at the west end of the village, is dedicated to Saint Lawrence; it is a commodious structure in the form of a cross, and has nave, chancel, transepts, and large porches, with a square tower, in which are three

bells. The interior is neatly fitted up and contains several monuments of great antiquity. In the chancel is a gravestone to the memory of Radulph Rye, Esq., of magnesian limestone, with an inscription round the margin, inlaid with pitch, which has penetrated the stone so much as to form one solid body. The *living* is a rectory, valued in the King's book at £12 3s. 4d., now £625, in the patronage of the Duke of Portland, and incumbency of the Rev. Evelyn Boothby, B.A., who resides at the Rectory, a good residence on an elevation opposite the church. The Wesleyan Association Methodists have a neat brick chapel here with a gallery at the east end, erected in 1846, at a cost of £273, including land, &c. it has seats for about 200 of which 150 are free. Adjoining the church is a school for boys and girls, with a house for the master and mistress, which is chiefly supported by the Duke of Portland and Lady Bentinck. The commons were enclosed under an act passed in 1813. Tithes have been commuted for £642 per annum. Framework knitting was carried on here formerly to a great extent, but is now altogether discontinued. A hiring for servants was also held on the 1st of November, which has long been obsolete. The Feast is held nearest Sunday to St. Lawrence.

Baxton Moor situate on a bold elevation, half a mile S. is a small scattered hamlet, *Belph*, another small hamlet extending from 1 to 1½ miles S.E. The manor of Whitwell was given by Wulfrie Spott, in the reign of King Ethelred, to Burton Abbey. At Domesday survey it belonged to Ralph Fitz-Hubert. Ralph de Rye was lord of the manor in 1330, and stated in answer to a *quo warranto*, that his ancestors had a park at Whitwell from time immemorial. Edward Rye, Esq. sold Whitwell, in the year 1563, to Richard Whalley, whose grandson of the same name, conveyed it, in 1592, to John Manners, Esq. (afterwards Sir John Manners) ancestor of the Duke of Rutland. In 1813, a treaty was commenced for the exchange of this manor for that of Barlow. Robert de Meynell, Lord of Whitwell, was one of the early benefactors to Welbeck abbey. The heiress of Meynell married Hathersage, and the co-heiress of Hathersage, Goushill, and Longford, who held it in moieties, and it passed to the Pipes or Pypes, and was sold by Humphrey Pipe, Esq., in 1593, to John Manners, abovementioned, and exchanged with the Duke of Portland. The old manor house, now the old hall, was the seat of Sir Roger Manners, in the reign of Charles I.

STETLEY, or STETLEY, 2½ miles N.E., at the extremity of the county, adjoining to Nottinghamshire, was formerly a place of some note, though now only a farm house, yet it appears anciently to have been a parish and a rectory. The Vavasour family, and the Frechevilles, who succeeded them in the manor, presented to the rectory, in 1348, 1355, and 1370. The manor was conveyed by the Frecheville family to that of Wentworth, in or about the year 1571. It afterwards became parcel of the Worksop estate, and belonged to the Duke of Norfolk, but was sold to the Duke of Newcastle in 1842. The church, near the present farm house, exhibits a very complete specimen of the later and more enriched style of Saxon architecture, on a small scale, it has a nave and chancel, each 26 feet in length, the east end being circular and vaulted. The ribs of the arches, and the capitals of the half pillars from which they spring, are much enriched with mouldings, grotesque heads, foliage, and other ornaments. A cornice runs round the upper part of the building, on the outside. The arch of the south doorway is ornamented with zig-zag mouldings and heads; the shafts of the pillars are covered with sculptured foliage and other ornaments, in the style of the south doorway of Ely cathedral. It is covered with ivy and has long been desecrated. In 1828 several bodies were discovered in the burial ground. There are many scattered farms extending from 1 to 2 miles from the village. The hamlet of Cresswell is given with Elmtou.

CHARITIES.—*Mrs. Drewe*, who died 1708, gave £5 to the use of the poor.

Peter Fox, who died 1732, gave by will, £3 to the poor. The amount, £8, is in the hands of George Porter, of Whitwell, at 4 per cent. interest.

Edward England, gave 5s. yearly to the poor, which is paid out of a homestead and some land in Whitwell.

Thomas Pilkington, who died 1756, gave the interest of £7 to the poor. The yearly sum of 18s. derived from the above benefactions is distributed at the church, on St. Thomas's day amongst poor widows.

Joseph Bright, gave £5 to the poor, but this sum was lost by the insolvency of the person in whose hands it was placed at interest.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity.—See *Bradley*.—The annual sum of £5 10s. received by the incumbent, is laid out in coarse woollen cloth and flannel, and given to the poor.

Post Office, at Joseph Swift's; letters arrive by mail (gig) from Chesterfield at 9 a.m. and are despatched at 4.30 p.m.

Alletson Fredk., gamekeeper
Baker Wm., saddler and harness mkr.
Billam Mrs. Sarah
Boaler Caroline, ladies' boarding school
Boothby Rev. Evelyn, B.A., *Rectory*
Chaloner Mr. Thomas
Flower Edward, spirit mcht.
Hardcastle Thos. & Mary, *Free School*
Hind John, corn miller, *Belph*
Legat George, farm bailiff
Parkin Mr. John, *Belph moor*
Parkin Mary, straw bnt. mkr., *Belph moor*
Reynolds Robt., cook at Welbeck, *Millwood cottage, Belph*
Rodgers Mrs. Ann, *Baxton moor*

Beerhouses.

Godley George
Godley Wm.
Norman Daniel, *Baxton moor*
Platts Ann

Blacksmiths.

Arthur Edward
Gumby John
Heartley Geo., *Belph*
Holden John
Legat Peter
Legat Wm.
Pashley Jph.

Butchers.

Alletson George
Beeley Jonth.
Thompson Henry
Thompson John
Whitaker John
Wilson Matthew

Farmers.

Alletson Charles
Alletson Jph.
Battersby John,
Springfields
Bowler Eliz., *Belph*
Broadhead William,
Belph
Brunt Hanh.
Chaloner Charles,
Steitley

Cross Robert
Eccles Reuben, *Birks*
Ellis John, *White-brick moor*
Ellis Joseph
Ellis Thomas
Gee Samuel
Glossop George
Glossop Peter, *Common*
Hancock Charles,
Hall Leys
Hancock George,
Belph Grange
Hancock William
Hill Elizabeth
Hydes Wm., *Walls House*
Jackson John,
Firbeck
Jepson John
Legat William
Lunn Elizabeth
Milner John, *Walls*
Priestley Joseph
Rodgers John, *Baxton moor*
Sheard John
Shipman George,
Red hill
Staney Joseph
Smith Thos. Wm.,
Burnt Leys
Swift Joseph
Tompkin John,
Highwood

Rodgers John, bricklayer, builder, & quarry owner, *Baxton moor*
Rotherham Miss Ann, *Rose Cottage*
Sponge John, painter & glazier at Welbeck
Unwin Geo., land agt., *Southfield Cottage*
Westby Geo., wheelwright at Welbeck

Inns and Taverns.

Boot and Shoe, Joseph Webster
Butchers' Arms, Peter Legat
Dale Inn, Thomas Ellis
Half Moon, Geo. Shipman, Red hill
Jug and Glass, Wm. Tinker
Old George Inn, Charles Alletson
Portland Arms, Geo. Heartley, *Belph*

Tompkin Thomas,
Common
Wardley Stephen
Warriner John
Webster Geo., *Butt Hills*
Webster Joseph
Webster Robert,
Baxton moor
Wilson John, *Dumb Hall*
Wilson Matthew, (& maltster)
Yates Robert

Grocers, &c.

Brunt Eliz., (and draper)
Butcher Elizabeth
Clarkson Wm.
Lowe Wm.
Stubbings Joseph
Swift Joseph
Turner Thomas, *Baxton moor*

Shoemakers.

Barlow Robt.
Brunt Jarvis
Brunt Joseph
Brunt Thomas
Guirdham Joseph
Hind Peter
Norman Daniel,
Baxton moor
Stubbings James
Yates Robt.

Stone Masons.

Godley George
Godley John
Parkin John
Rodgers John, (and builder), *Baxton moor*

Straw Hat Mkr.

Hill Mary
Parkin Mary, *Belph moor*

Surgeons.

Foulds Astley Cooper
Henderson Joseph,
Millwood cottage, Belph
Royston John

Tailors.

Brown John, *Baxton moor*
Godley Samuel
Godley Wm.
Legat Wm.

Wheelwrights & Joiners.

Alletson John
Ellis Joseph
Ellis Thomas
Ellis Thomas
Forrester Samuel
Hill Wm.
Shepherd John
Tinker Wm.

WINGERWORTH parish, formerly considered a chapelry in Chesterfield parish, consists of the Hall, and several small hamlets, and contains 2,907A. 2R. 13P. of land, mostly a clay soil, abounding in coal, of which 1,460A. are meadow and pasture, 700A. woods, 666A. arable, and 81A. 2R. 13P. roads, water, and waste, and in 1851 had 95 houses, and 463 inhabitants, of whom 244 were males, and 219 females; rateable value £4310 3s. 1d. The late Sir Henry John Joseph Hunloke, Bart., was the principal owner and lord of the manor. The Family seat is Wingerworth Hall, a large elegant stone mansion in a well wooded park, 2¼ miles S.S.W. from Chesterfield; it was rebuilt between the years 1726 and 1729, by Sir Thomas Windsor Hunloke, the third baronet. The principal front is to the east, having the entrance from a broad flight of steps; the top is surrounded by balustrades, ornamented with globes and urns. It is now occupied by Wilmer Wilmer, Esq. The Church, dedicated to All Saints, situated near the Hall, is a very ancient structure, with an embattled tower and three bells, which having become considerably dilapidated, has been restored, new paved, pewed, and provided with 2 good stoves for warming it. It contains some relics of stained glass, and several monuments to the Hunloke family, amongst which are two to the memories of respectively, Sir Henry John Joseph Hunloke, Bart., who died unmarried on the 8th February, 1856, and to Sir James Hunloke, Bart., who died 22nd June, 1856. The *living* is a perpetual curacy, certified value in the King's book £16, now £74, has been augmented with £200 benefactions, and £400 Queen Anne's bounty. The Bishop of Lichfield is patron, and the Ecclesiastical Commissioners are impropiators, and have 30A. 1R. 21P. of glebe, and the incumbent 15A. 1R. 23P. of glebe. The tithes are commuted for £248 10s. for the large, and £34 10s. for the small. The Rev. Samuel Revel, M.A., is the incumbent. The manor was in the family of Brailsford as early as the reign of Henry II. At a later period it belonged to the Curzons, of whom it was purchased, in the reign of Henry VIII., by Nicholas Hunloke. His grandson, Henry Hunloke, Esq., being at a very advanced age, died suddenly at Ilkeston, in this county, in the presence of King James I., to whom, as sheriff of the county, he went to pay his respects, and attended him thus far on his progress, in the year 1624. His son Henry, who is said to have been only four years of age at the time of his father's death, distinguished himself as a zealous royalist, raised a troop of horse at his own expense for Colonel Frecheville's regiment, of which he was lieutenant-colonel, and distinguished himself at the battle of Edge Hill, in 1642, where he was knighted on the field, and in the same year created a baronet. Sir Thomas Windsor Hunloke, the fifth baronet, died in 1816, and was succeeded by his son, the late Sir Henry John Joseph, born in 1812, and who died in February, 1856. On his death the title reverted to his uncle, the late Sir James Hunloke, who, however, only enjoyed it for a few months, dying in June, 1856, when the baronetcy and male issue became extinct. However, under the will of the last Sir Henry, the name and arms of Hunloke only, are to be borne by each successive owner (among his collateral relations), or to whom he may entail the estate; at present, and until certain events arrive among his immediate next heirs, he has put the management of his entire property into the hands of trustees, who are the Duke of Devonshire, and Wilmer Wilmer, Esq., of London, and they are in possession of the mansion and domain and the rest of the property. In this parish are extensive iron mines, and a foundry, held under the Hunloke estate, by Messrs. Yates, and Co., of Rotherham; also large collieries, worked by the Wingerworth Coal Company, and by the Clay Cross Company, so that there is a great demand for labour, and an extensive and valuable mineral field in full operation.

Wingerworth Hall was taken possession of for the Parliament, and garrisoned in the year 1643. It is said that the estate, though sequestered, was preserved from injury by Colonel Michel, a Parliamentary officer, who married the widow of the loyal Sir Henry Hunloke, who died in 1648.

Among Dr. Pegge's notes, mention is made that Ann Ash died at Wingerworth, in 1789, aged 104, and her tombstone records the fact. Feast, last Sunday in October. Here are

some extensive stone and slate quarries, and various scattered farms. *Birdholme Cottage*, 1¼ mile N.E. *Bole Hill*, 1 mile S.W.

Derby Lane, a scattered district of houses, on the Chesterfield and Derby road. *Harper Hill*, 1¾ miles W.N.W. *Hill Houses*, a small hamlet, ¾ mile W.S.W. from the church. *Lidgate*, ½ mile W. *Stonedge*, 2¾ miles S.W., adjoins the Moors; here several basins and two seats are excavated in Stonedge Cliff.

Stubbing Court, a handsome mansion, 1 mile W., in a secluded situation, with park-like grounds, is the seat of Thomas Humphrey Pedley, Esq., and the property of Mrs. Gladwin.

Swathwick, a small village on the Walton and Chesterfield road, 1½ miles N.N.W. from the church.

CHARITIES.—*John Stanford*, who died in 1736, made in his lifetime some charitable provision, supposed to be verbal, as no record remains; but it appears from a paper, in the hand-writing of Sir Henry Hunloke, who died in 1804, that, as trustee of charity money under the name of that gentleman, he was possessed of £800 stock, New South Sea annuities. Since that period, £27 annually has been paid by the Hunloke family. Of the £27 received, £19 is paid to a schoolmaster at Hill Houses, where a school was built by Sir Henry Hunloke, about 1758. There is also a dwelling-house and garden, which the master occupies rent-free, in consequence of which 20 poor children are instructed. In 1856, W. Wilmer, Esq., one of the trustees under the will of the late Sir Henry Hunloke, gave the master notice to strike off the books, on the 1st of December, the 20 free scholars, and to charge them in future a trifle per week, according to what they require. Out of the residue the school premises are repaired, and the surplus is distributed amongst the poor.

Ellen Lowe, in 1669, left £20 to be laid out in land, the rent to be distributed yearly amongst poor widows. The sum of 20s. was secured on a field called the White Banks, in Hasland, and is distributed on Shrove Tuesday.

Godfrey Foljambe's charity (see *Chesterfield*).—One-twelfth share was originally apportioned to this pariah, which, in 1827, amounted to £26 19s. 10d., for distribution to the poor; but we have recommended, as a more certain scale, that the division should be made according to the population of 1821, of which this parish will receive £4 17s., taking the income at £220.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity (see *Bradley*). The annual sum of £5 10s., received by the incumbent, is laid out in coarse woollen cloth and flannel, which is distributed to the poor.

Post Office at Mr. William Ivory Fletcher's; letters arrive from Chesterfield at 8 a.m., and are despatched at 5 p.m.

Davis Joseph, horse breaker
 Gascoyne Thomas, shoemaker, *Swathwick*
 Gratton Joseph, cooper, *Bole Hill*
 Mellor John, timber merchant
 Oates George, farm steward
 Parke John, shopkeeper
 Pedley Thos. Humphrey, Esq., *Stubbing Court*
 Revel Rev. Saml., incumbent., *Harper Hill*

Rutherford Jesse, stone merchant, *Bole Hill*
 Rutherford Mr. William, *Bole Hill*
 Wharton Aaron, gamekeeper
 Wilmer Wilmer, Esq., *The Hall*
 Wright Wm., wheelwright, *Nether Moor*

Inns and Taverns.

Barley Mow, Elizabeth Revell
 Hunloke Arms, William Marshall

Farmers.
 Bower G. *Gorsey Place*
 Collis Wm., *Stone Edge*
 Goodlad Wm., *Swathwick*
 Greaves John (and blacksmith) *Hill House*
 Hopkinson Thomas *Swathwick*

Leason Saml. & Henry Madin Thos. (& stone mason). *Hockley*
 Marshall William
 Nuttall William
 Parke Joseph, *Hill Houses*
 Pearce Joseph
 Pike Walter, *Birdholme*

Robinson Geo. (and miller)
 Rutherford Jesse, *Bole Hill*
 Simpson Ellen, *Slate Pit Dale*
 Turner Edw., *Harper Hill*
 Turner Wm., *Swathwick*

Watson Thos., *Swathwick*
 Watts Brell, *Swathwick*
 Wilson Thos., *Birkin Lane*
 Young Wm., *Harper Hill*

WINGFIELD NORTH, an extensive parish, includes the townships of *North Wingfield, Clay Cross or Clay Lane, Pilsley, Stretton, Tupton, and Woodthorpe*, 10,687A. 3R. 32P. of land, and in 1851 had 912 houses, and 4351 inhabitants, of whom 2355 were males, and 1996 females; rateable value £14,649 7s. The Midland railway crosses the parish, which is noted for its extensive collieries and ironstone beds.

WINGFIELD, (NORTH) a township and well-built improving village, situated on an eminence, 4½ miles S.S.E. from Chesterfield, contains with the hamlet of *William-Thorpe*, 1451A. 2R. 21P. of land, and in 1851 had 139 houses, and 668 inhabitants, of whom 371 were males, and 297 females; rateable value £2952. The principal owners are the Exors. of the late Sir Henry Hunloke, Bart., Wm. Drabble, Esq., J. W. Clay, Esq., and the Exors. of the late Mr. Pearson. The Church, dedicated to St. Lawrence, is an ancient stone edifice, with nave, chancel, side aisles, and square tower, with six bells. The chancel was restored in 1850, by the rector. In the vestry is the mutilated figure of a knight templar, and a similar one in the church yard. On the north side of the church is an ancient stone font, and over the south porch is the mutilated figure of the Virgin Mary. In the church are several ancient monuments, of which two are to the Holland family, of Ford Hall. The *living* is a rectory, valued in the King's book at £21 6s. 3d., now £1200. Richard Barrow, Esq., patron; the Rev. Edward Walter Lowe, incumbent, who has about 80 acres of glebe, and resides at the rectory, a handsome mansion, east of the church. The tithes are commuted for £117 8s. 0¼d. A school is kept in the vestry, endowed with £2 10s. per annum, for which five poor children are taught free. (See *Charities*.) The manor, *Winnefelt*, at the Domesday survey, was held by Walter Deincourt, previous to which it had been described as an appendage to Morton, and had been given by Wulfric Spott to Burton abbey. The Deincourts gave the whole or a moiety of the manor to Welbeck abbey. Sir Ralph Longford is said to have possessed a moiety in 1513, by descent from the Deincourts. After the reformation the Leakes were possessed of the whole. After the death of Nicholas Leake, Earl of Scarsdale, it was sold to the Greens. The church was given by Ralph Deincourt to the priory of Thurgarton, and had from the reformation till sold by the Earl of Scarsdale been attached to the manor. A detached portion of the parish of Morton, amounting to 115A. 0R. 23P. of land, is situated in this township. A New National School, with a house for the master, was built in 1854, by the Wingerworth Coal Company, at a cost of £800. It consists of one large room, 48 feet by 16 feet, which may, if necessary, be made into two rooms by a sliding partition. It is a good brick building capable of accommodating 80 children; the average attendance is about 70. The school is partly self-supporting, as every man and boy who are employed at the Works, pay one penny per week towards its support, and whatever deficiency may arise is paid by the Company. At the cross roads, near the centre of the village is an ancient stone, or guide post, having on the east side engraved "*Chesterfield Rode*," on the north side "*Darby Rode*," and on the west side, "*by Captain Firebrass, Mansfield*." About one mile W. from the village is the Clay Cross Station, on the Midland Railway, from whence there are trains to the north and south, several times daily. Mr. Robert Jeffrey, *station master*. Feast, second Sunday in August. *Lings*, are two farm houses, 1 mile N.E. from the village.

WILLIAM—THORPE, a small hamlet and manor, 1½ mile E. from Wingfield, with which it keeps its poor, but maintains its own roads. The Wingerworth Coal Company have a colliery here. The manor *Wilelmesthorpe*, at Domesday survey, belonged to Walter Deincourt. Oliverde Barton married the heiress and was possessed of it in 1278, from whom it passed to Babington Chaworth, Lord Sheffield, and in 1638 to Sir William Cope. The trustees of Sir Anthony Cope, Bart., sold it in, 1676 to Sir William Hunloke, Bart., and it is now the property of the Executors of the late Sir Henry Hunloke, Bart.

CLAY CROSS, or CLAY LANE, a township and large improving village, advantageously situated in the centre of the extensive coal fields with which this neighbourhood abounds, 5 miles S. from Chesterfield, and 1 mile S.W. from North Wingfield, contains 4380A. 3R. of land, and in 1851 had 487 houses, and 2278 inhabitants, of whom 1234 were males, and 1044 females; rateable value £3352 10s. The principal owners are the Clay Cross Co., Gladwin Turbut, Esq., J. G. Barnes, Esq., Exors. of the late Mr. Jeremiah Booth, Messrs. James Taylor, James Bamford, John Hodgkinson, John Froggatt, and Holt Dixon, besides whom are a number of small freeholders. The Church, dedicated to St. Bartholomew, was erected in 1851, at a cost of £2500 raised by subscriptions and grants, towards which the Clay Cross Company gave £600 and the site. The first stone of the building was laid by Gladwin Turbutt, Esq., August 14th, 1849. It is a handsome stone edifice in the early English style, and consists of a nave, side aisles, chancel, and tower with one bell, to which was added in 1856, a spire of beautiful proportions, 70 feet high, at a cost of £340. It has sittings for 450 persons, all of which are free. On the completion of the church, the Building Committee presented to the Rev. Robert Chas. Willy, B.A., a handsome silver salver, in testimony of his valuable services as honorary secretary. The *living* is a perpetual curacy, value £60, to which the Clay Cross Company make an annual grant of £50. It is in the patronage of the Vicar of North Wingfield, and the incumbency of the Rev. Joseph Oldham, B.D., who resides at the parsonage, a neat stone building, at the southern extremity of the village. It was erected in 1853, at the cost of £1200, raised by subscriptions and grants from the Diocesan Society, and from Queen Anne's bounty. The tithes were commuted in 1843 for £198 10s. 6d. Adjoining the parsonage are the National Schools, erected in 1853 at a cost of £400, raised by subscriptions, aided by a grant of £40. It is a handsome stone building, and consists of one large room capable of accommodating 150 children; contiguous to which is the master's residence, built at a cost of £300, the proceeds of the sale of the *Deer Leap School property*. (See *Charities*.) The average attendance is 60. Mr. William A. Snaith, *master*. The Wesleyans, the New Connexion, and the Primitive Methodists have each places of worship here, the two former erected in 1848, and the latter in 1849. This place a few years ago was only a very small village, and its history in a commercial point of view is brief but interesting, as showing how rapidly capital and enterprize, judiciously applied, have developed the mineral riches of this place, which would otherwise have been still buried in the earth. A little over twenty years ago, there was hardly a house to be seen on the ground now honeycombed, through the instrumentality of steam, but it was not until the Midland railway was projected and carried out by the late George Stephenson, Esq., that the immense mineral resources of *Clay Cross* were fully developed, it having previously had no outlet, except by land or canal carriage. It may not be generally known that the strata or vein, of which the mines at Clay Cross form a part, is perhaps one of the most extensive in the world, occupying an area from N. to S. a distance of 65 miles, and its greatest width is 23 miles. The strata of the coal formation are very numerous, and the seams are about 30 in number, varying from 6 to 11 feet in thickness. About 1,200 men and boys are now employed at the "Clay Cross works," and the average quantity of coals got annually is about 200,000 tons. The Company, in 1854, formed the resolution of building Schools for the education of the younger branches of the community, and which was carried into effect at a cost of from £3,000 to £4,000. The first stone of the schools was laid by Samuel Morton Peto, Esq., on the 15th August, 1854, and they were opened in August, 1855. They stand on rising ground and are a noble building highly ornamental to the place, and consist of a Public Room, in the centre of the same, 54 feet long by 25 feet wide, and 25 feet high on the wall, and lighted by three large semi-circular headed windows at the east end, and two double lights at the centre; at the farthest extremity of the room is a gallery, and under it are approaches, on one side to the Infant School, and on the other to The Library, 19ft. by 16ft. which contains 1818 volumes. On either side of this are the Boys' and Girls' schools, each respectively 50 feet by 30 feet. In immediate connexion

with which are Class-rooms, each 20 feet 6 inches by 17 feet, also lobby-entrances for hats, bonnets, &c., with lavatories opening into the same. In the centre of the building, over the gallery rises a tower 11 feet square, and 60 feet high, in which it is intended to place a clock and bell. The large area of ground in front of the building will be divided into two parts, the one will be formed into a pleasure ground, enclosed by a fence wall, and planted with shrubs, and the other will be for a Recreation ground, to which the Company's servants will have free access. The schools are self-supporting, as every man and boy employed on the works contribute 1d. per week each towards them. The average attendance of children is, 75 boys, 100 girls, and 160 infants. The Midland railway passes under the village by a tunnel of 2000 yards in length, and has a station about one mile North.

Deerleap, half mile S.W. from Clay Lane. Here was a Free School—(see charities). *Holm Gate*, half mile S.W., and *New Market*, a small village, one mile S.W. from Clay Lane.

PILSLEY is a long scattered village and township, in a retired situation, 6 miles S. by E. from Chesterfield, and 1½ mile S.E. from North Wingfield, contains 1,554 acres of land, exclusive of roads, and in 1851 had 77 houses, and 403 inhabitants, of whom 216 were males, and 187 females; rateable value, £1,474. Tithes have been commuted for £267 6s. J. Sampson, Esq. is lord of the manor and owner; Luke Sampson, Wm. Drabble, and Edw. D. Sitwell, Esqs. with several others, are also owners. The Wesleyan Methodists have a small neat stone chapel here, erected in 1843, at a cost of about £110, which will accommodate about 100. This manor, *Prinneslie*, at the Domesday survey, belonged to Walter Deincourt, it was afterwards in the Foljambes, from whom it passed, by marriage, to the Plumptions, and was afterwards possessed by the Leakes. It was sold by the trustees of the Earl of Scarsdale, in 1743, to the Caltons, of Chesterfield. In 1799, it was sold to Mr. Thomas Wilson, from whom it passed by purchase to the present owner.

STRETTON township and small well built village, on the Chesterfield and Derby road, 6 miles S. from Chesterfield, and 2 miles S.S.W. from North Wingfield. The south extremity of the village extends into the parish of Shirland. It contains 1652A. 2R. 11P of land, principally a cold clay soil, and in 1851, had 98 houses, and 456 inhabitants, of whom 239 were males, and 226 females; rateable value, £2450 13s. 1d. The principal owners are, Gladwin Turbutt, Esq., John Gratten, Esq., and Mr. Wm. Milnes; the former gentleman, with the Clay Cross Company, and the freeholders are joint lords of the manor. The Midland railway passes a little west of the village, and has a station here. Tithes were commuted in 1843, for £278 4s.; and here are 3A. 2R. 25P of glebe land.

Flax Piece, two farms, 1 mile N.N.E. from the village. *Ford House*, a neat mansion, is the property of Gladwin Turbutt, Esq., by purchase, from the heir of the late John Holland, Esq., and the residence of Thos. Langhorne, Esq. *Handley*, a hamlet of farm houses, 1 mile N.N.W. *South Hill*, a hamlet, 1 mile W. *Timber Field House*, half mile W. from the village, is the property and residence of Mr. John Grattan, gent. *Woodhead*, two farms, ¼ mile N.N.W. *Woolley Moor*, a small hamlet, ¼ mile S.W. by W. from Stretton.

TUPTON, a township and small agricultural village 4 miles S. from Chesterfield, and 1 mile W. from North Wingfield, contains 718A. 3R. 17p. of land, a strong soil, and in 1851 had 58 houses and 270 inhabitants, of whom 155 were males, and 115 females; rateable value £2209 6s. 8d. The principal owners are the Exors. of the late Sir Henry Hunloke, Bart., Frederick Packman, Esq., and Frederick Lord Clay, the former are lords of the manor. The tithes are commuted for £156 16s. 6d. The Hall, a large mansion S. of the village, is the seat and property of Frederick Packman, Esq. *Ankerbold*, a large farm in the occupation of the Wingerworth Coal Co. The Midland railway occupies 20A. 3R 35P, of land in this township, and has a station about 1 mile east from the

village, known as *Clay Cross station*; near which is the brick, tile, and drain pipe manufactory of Mr. Richd. Metcalfe, of Woodthorp. Feast, Sunday before 28th Sept.

WOODTHORPE township and small village, on the east side of the Derby and Chesterfield road, with scattered farms, 4 miles south from Chesterfield and 1½ miles W. from North Wingfield, contains 1020A. 0R. 23P. of land, and in 1851 had 53 houses and 267 inhabitants, of whom 140 were males, and 127 females; rateable value £2210 17s. The Exors. of the late Sir Henry Hunloke, Bart., are the principal owners and lords of the manor. The tithes were commuted for £118 8s. A detached portion of the parish of Morton, amounting to 15A. 2R. 25P. is situated within this township. Feast, Sunday before 28th Sept.

CHARITIES.—*Deer Leap School*—By indenture, 1790, *John Mottershaw* conveyed to Anthony Lax Maynard and five others, a clear yearly rent charge of £15 15s. issuing out of one-third part of an estate situated at Clay Lane, containing in the whole 93 acres, upon trust, to appoint a schoolmaster to reside at Deer Leap, and should pay 10s. 6d. yearly for each scholar out of the said rent charge, so that there should not be less than 25, nor more than 30 scholars. The yearly rent charge is paid by the owner of the farm. The master instructs 25 children, and also provides them books. The £450 purchase money was raised by the following donations :—Thomas Milward, £150; John Brocksop. £150; William Webster; £45; Jeremiah Higginbotham, £30; John Mottershaw, £30; James Millward, £15; and Edward Towndrow, £30. The above rent charge was sold in 1853, and the proceeds applied towards erecting the National schools at Clay Cross.

Rev. Thomas Luddington, by will, 1616, left the yearly sum of 50s. to pious uses, viz., 10s. to the poor, and 40s. to a schoolmaster to teach poor children. It appears £50 was laid out in 1698, in the purchase of a rent charge of 50s., issuing from an estate in Hasland, about 3A., called the White Banks; 40s. is paid for teaching 4 poor children, and the residue distributed to the poor.

Thomas Dobb, in 1617, left £10, the interest to be paid to the poor.

John Brailsford, by will, 1665, left £5 for the use of the poor. The sum of 15s. is paid out of the churchwarden's account, and distributed on St. Thomas's day:

John Stephenson, in 1675, left £8 per annum in lands at Ashover Hill Top, to be given to the poor; £4 every fortieth day after Whitsuntide, and £4 every Christmas day. The premises, about 22A., now belonging to this charity, have for many years been under the management of the churchwardens, and include an allotment set out upon the Ashover inclosure, and are let for £20 per annum, which is apportioned to the different parts of the parish.

Church Lands.—About 37A. of land lying in Pilsley, North Wingfield, and Handley, and Clay Lane, let for £46 per annum, is applied by the churchwardens agreeable to a decree by a Master in Chancery, made in 1797, whereby, it was declared that all necessary repairs for the parish church should in the first place be paid, and the surplus applied as the trustee and inhabitants should at a vestry meeting determine.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's Charity.—(See *Bradley*.)—The annual sum of £5 10s. received by the rector, is laid out in flannel and distributed to the poor about Christmas.

William Stocks, by will, 1696, gave a rent charge of 10s. per annum, out of a close at Higham Hill, called South Field, for teaching two poor children of Smith Moor, or Clay Lane. The annual sum of 10s. is paid by Mr. John Rooth, in respect of a house and land, in the parish of Shirland, It is received by the parish clerk, who in consideration, instructs two poor children in reading.

There was in the hands of Mr. Richd. Clay, of the Hill, in Tupton, a sum of £20, given by some person unknown, for which he paid 16s. a year, as interest. There is also in the hands of the Exors. of the late Thomas Holmsfield, £20, for which he gave a promissory note, supposed to have been left by *Joe Brailsford*, and for which 18s. a year interest is

paid. These sums are paid to the overseers of Tupton, and distributed to the poor of the township.

NORTH WINGFIELD TOWNSHIP.

Those marked 1 reside at Williamthorpe, 2 Lings.

Bower Thos. vict., White Hart
Clay Jno. Wilkinson, Esq.
Clay Sampson, blacksmith
Drabble Thos., shopkeeper
Fearn Jno. Wm., civil engineer
Grassmoor Coal Co.; Barnes & Co., proprs.
Hopkinson Thos. farm bailiff
Hurt Abrm., parish clerk and schoolmaster
Jeffrey Robt., station master
Johnson Wm., schoolmaster
Knowles Luke & Co., colliery owners

Limb Thos., clerk
Lowe Rev. Edw. Walter, M.A., rector,
Mottershaw Jph., shoemaker
Mottershaw Richd., shoemaker
Todd Chas., butcher & shopkeeper
Walters John, shopkeeper
Ward John, colliery agent
Wingerworth Coal Co., Mr. Rd. Geo. Coke,
colliery manager; Mr. Jno. Ward, agent
Woodward Wm., vict., Blue Bell

Farmers.

2 Bacon Jas.
Barker Robt.
Brocksopp Hy
2 Drowne Fras.
Draycott Wm. (and
beerhouse)
1 Farnsworth Ann &
John.

1 Godber Jno.
1 Godber Wm.
Hollingworth M.
Holmes Adam
Holmes John
1 Hoole Saml
Limb Wm., (& beer
house).
Pearce Jph.
Stringfellow Gervase

Stringfellow Hy.
1 Swift Thos.
Todd Chas.
Watson Herbert
Wilburne Geo

**Railway Convey-
ance.**

Midland Railway Sta-
tion, 1 mile W. from

the village. Trains
to Derby, Sheffield,
Leeds, &c., 2 trains
up and 3 down daily,
and on Sundays, 2
each way. Mr.
Robt. Jeffrey, sta-
tion master

CLAY CROSS TOWNSHIP.

Post Office, at Mr Thos. Dove's. Letters arrive from Chesterfield at 7.30 a.m. and are dispatched at 5.45pm. Money Orders issued and paid.

Binns Charles, Esq., *Clay Cross Hall*
Dranfield Jph., clog maker
Evans Thos., clock and watchmaker
Elliott Thos., corn miller
Gibson Jph., furnace manager
Hedgelong Charles, master of Clay Cross
schools
Holiday Edw. E., auctioneer
Hopkinson Matthew Thomas, corn & timber
dealer, *Woodthorpe House*
Howe Wm; engineer to Clay Cross Co.
Oldham Rev. Joseph, B.D., perpetual curate
Mackarsie Wm. Jno., surgeon
Purdy Jno., saddler
Parker George, mining engineer
Saunders Wm., hairdresser
Turner Benjamin, supt. at the Clay Cross
Works
Snaith Wm. A., National schoolmaster

Beerhouses.

Bateman Jno.
Dore Saml.
Hays Saml.
Marriott Abrm.
Rhodes Richd.
Walters Wm.
Wharton Geo.
Whileman Jno
Whitworth Wm.

Wilson Wm.

Blacksmiths

Turner Wm.
Wharton Geo.
White Joseph

Boot & Shoemkrs

Beastall Jno
Bennett Geo
Burns Martin

Udall Prestwood Jno., clothier & furniture
dealer
White Mary, milliner and dressmaker
Wilkinson Henry L., engine smith
Wilkinson Thos., cashier to Clay Cross Co.
Willy Rev. Robert Charles, B.A., curate of
North Wingfield, and secretary to the
Associated Deaneries of Alfreton, Ash-
over, and Wirksworth
Wright Saml., stone engraver, *Danes Moor*

Inns and Taverns.

Angel Inn, John. Holmes
Blue Bell, Sarah Hazzledine
Buck, Robert Shore
Rose and Crown, Richard Woodward
George and Dragon, William Dore
New Inn, John W. Pendleton

Haslam Wm
Sears Wm.
Spencer Erasmus

Bricklayers

Griffin Jas.
White Thos

**Brick Tile & Drain
Pipe Makers**

Dore William

Froggatt Jno
Hays Joseph

Butchers

Holbrook Richd.
Roberts Saml.
Slack Wm.
Sterland Jno.
Taylor Peter
Thorpe Jno.

Coal and Ironstone Masters.

Clay Cross Company, Charles Binns, Esq., *Manager*; Mr. Wm. Howe, *engineer*; Mr. Thomas Wilkinson, *cashier*; Mr. B. Turner, *superintendent*; Mr. Joseph Gibson, *furnace manager*; & Mr. Geo. Parker, *mining engineer*
Hayes Jph., (coal)

Drapers.

Crofts Joseph
Topham Jno & Wm.

Druggists.

Dove Thos.
Wilson Richd.

Farmers.

Binks Ann, *Danes Moor*
Cowley Thos. (and maltster)
Dore William
Fox Fras. *Danes Moor*
Froggatt Jno.
Gulliver Jno.
Hays Jph.
Holmes Jno.

Hopkinson Thos.
Hopkinson Matthew
Thos., *Woodthorpe house*
Jackson Robt., *Holme Gate*
Lomas Hy., *Holme Gate*
Mason Geo.
Mycroft Matthew
Mycroft Wm.
Platts Jph. & Jno.
Rooth Benj., *Holme Gate*
Shimwell Wm., *Holme Gate*
Smith Jno., *Holme Gate*
Taylor Benj.
Taylor Jas., *Handley Lodge*
Taylor Wm.
Thorpe Wm., *Stretton Hall*
Wharton Geo.
Wilson Wm.

Green-grocers.

Rooth Joseph
Varley Thos.

Grocers and Provision Dealers.

Bailey Geo.
Bamford Jas.

Bamford Mary Ann
Bramley Hosea, (and baker)
Bramley Saml.
Greatorex Henry
Holmes Jph.
Robinson Jph.
Snibson Richd.
Stanesby Sarah
Thelwall Jno. (& baker)

Ironmongers.

Pickburn George Field
Martin Jas. M.

Joiners & Builders.

Bradley William
Cupit Geo., *Danes Moor*
Hazzledine Jno.
Hodgkinson Thos.

News Agents.

Plumbe Chas.
Wilson Geo.

Shopkeepers.

Brailsford Jno.
Kenning Eliz.
Marriott Adrm.
Rooth Saml.
Whileman Jno.

Tailors.

Bunting Arthur
Cousens Thos.

Curren Jon.
Hadfield Saml.
Slack Geo.

Wheelwright and Light Cart Bldr.
Bradley William

Railway Conveyance.

Midland Railway Co's
Station 1 mile N. from the village.
Trains to Derby, Sheffield, Leeds &c., 2 up, and 3 down daily; and on Sundays 2 each way.
Mr. Robt. Jeffery, station master

Carriers.

To *Chesterfield*: Geo. Wilson, Mon, Tues, Wed., and Sat. T. Atkin, Mon., Tues., Wed., and Sat.; and Saml. Rooth Wed. & Sat.; & to *Mansfield*, each of them on Thurs.
To *Alfreton*: Thomas Atkin, every other Friday

PILSLEY TOWNSHIP.

Bansall Geo., framework knitter
Beardmore Thos., beerhouse
Cutts Geo., schoolmaster
Drabble Alex., draper, &c.
Holehouse John, basket maker

Johnson Edmund, vict., Three Horse Shoes
Sampson John, brick and tile maker, *Manor House*
Waine Thomas, tailor
Woolley Thos., blacksmith

Farmers.

*Mkd * are Cowkprs.*
Abbott Matthew
Bower Thomas
Bower Thomas
Clayton Robt.
Coup Jno.
*Coup Thos.
Cutts Aaaon
Cutts Benj.

Dannah John
*Dannah Jph
Hodgson George
Hollis John
Johnson Edmund
*Lindley Wm.
*Nix Brien
Machin Samuel
Parker Joseph
Sampson John, *Manor House*

Sampson Luke
Taylor Wm.
Wallis John
Walter Joseph
Wetton Thos.
*Wilson Edw.
Wilson Thos., *Conney Green*
Wilson Wm. Hy., (& land surveyor)

Shoemakers.

Hopkinson Jno.
Swain John

Shopkeepers.

Bansall Solomon
Clay William
Nix Saml., (& butcher)

STRETTON TOWNSHIP.

Those Marked 1 reside at Flax Piece, 2 Ford, 3 Ford House, 4 Handley, 5 Smithy Moor, 6 South Hill, 7 Woodhead and 8 Wooley Moor.

Adlington John, higler
Board Chas, station master
Gratton John, gent., *Timberland*
Gratton Jph., Land surveyor, *Timberland*
Langhorn Thos., gent., *Ford House*

Inns and Taverns.

North Midland Inn, James Barton
Three Horse Shoes, Eliz. Ann Cutts, (and stone mason)
8 White Horse, John Hardwick

Butchers
5 Sterland John
5 Sterland John Jun.

Farmers.
6 Bingham Geo.
4 Bradley Fras.
6 Bradley Geo.
4 Bradley Henry
4 Bunting Jph., (and shoemaker)
Cowlishaw John
Cutts James
8 Elliott Francis
8 Elliott George, (and beerhouse)
8 Elloit Peter
7 Greatorex Joshua

4 Hodgson Richd.
4 Hopkinson James
5 hopkinson John
Johnson Geo.
8 Lomas William
Marriott John
Marshall John
Milner Arthur
4 Milnes Thos.
Rooth John (& cattle dealer)
4 Slack Math.
2 Spencer James
5 Sterland John
5 Sterland John Jun
8 Stephenson Enoch
6 Taylor Joseph
1 Taylor Wm.
Thorp Richard

Walker Maria
7 Widdowson Geo.
Wilson Richd.
8 Wood John, (and corn miller)
1 Wooley Wm.
8 Wragg Thos.
6 Wright John
Wright Wm.

Shopkeepers.
March Sarah
8 Taylor Henry
Wooley Ann

Wheelwrights
8 Fox William
Hill Thos.

Railway Conveyance.

The Midland Railway Co.'s station, (North Branch). There are three passenger trains to Sheffield and the North, and two to Derby & the South daily. On Sundays there are two passenger trains each way. Chas. Broad, station master.

TUPTON TOWNSHIP.

Post Office, at Joseph Holmes's; letters arrive from Chesterfield, at 7.20 a.m., and dispatched at 6 p.m.

Coke Richard George, colliery manager,
Ankerbold
Ewing Mr. John
Holmes Joseph, shopkeeper
Marriott Win.. farm bailiff, *Ankerbold*

Metcalf Richard, brick, tile, drain, chimney, and every other description of pipes maker,
Clay Cross Station
Nadin Isaac, vict., White Hart
Packman Fred., Esq., M.D., *The Hall*

Farmers.
Bowns Edwd.
Brunt John, (and sawyer)
Carline Wm
Harwood Edward
Berwick, *Hill House*

Hodgkinson Wm.
Mather John
Noton Benjamin
Wilbourne John
Wingerworth Coal Co.
Ankerbold

Wheelwrights.
Cocking John
Elliott Geo.
Parker Samuel

Rlwy. Conveyance
Midland Railway Co. station, 1 mile E. from the village; from whence there are two Up trains, and three Down, daily. Mr. Robert Jeffrey, station mstr

WOODTHORPE TOWNSHIP.

Froggatt John, vict., Rose and Crown
Hallows William, wheelwright and joiner

Metcalf Richard, vict., butcher, and brick and tile maker, Royal Oak
Stoppard Joseph, blacksmith
Ripley Daniel, corn miller

Brailsford Paul
Brailsford Mary

Bramley Jeremh.
Brassington Jph.

Farmers.

Crofts Wm.
Hodgson Robt.

Wilson Williams
Wright John

WINGFIELD (SOUTH), a parish and village, pleasantly situated on an eminence 2¼ miles W. from Alfreton, and 14 miles N. from Derby, and with Oakerthorpe, contains 3268A. 3R. 19P. of good arable and pasture land, inclusive of 934A. 0R. 34P. of land in the *Great Park*, and 199A. 0R. 16P. of land in the *Little Park*, both of which are tithe free; a small farm of 44A. 3R. 19P., being set apart for that purpose, and in 1851 it had 245 houses and 1092 inhabitants, of whom 530 were males and 562 females; rateable value, £6646 2s. The principal owners are R. C. Shelley, Esq., W. S. Leacroft, Esq.,

R. B. Leacroft, Esq., Rev. Imanuel Halton, Rev. H. Pearson, the Duke of Devonshire, W. P. Morewood, Esq., and W. E. Nightingale, Esq. The landowners are lords of the manor. The Church, dedicated to All Saints, is situated at Oakerthorpe, $\frac{1}{4}$ mile E. of Wingfield, and the *living* is a vicarage, valued in the King's book at £6 13s. 4d., now £324. The Duke of Devonshire, patron., and the Rev. Imanuel Halton, M.A., incumbent. The Church is a neat structure, with nave, chancel, aisles, and square embattled tower, with 6 bells. The vicarage house is a little east of the church. The Wesleyan Methodists have a chapel, built in 1811. In 1839 the *Free School* was rebuilt by the Rev. I. Halton; the master receives £15 per annum, for teaching 26 poor children, and £10 is given to the poor.—(See *Charities*). Here are three extensive collieries, viz.: the High Field Oakerthorpe, and Wingfield collieries, the two former are worked by W. Worswick, Esq., and the latter by Mr. John Hopkinson. There are six different beds of coal in the parish, the principal of which are situated on the east side of the river Amber. The Midland railway passes through the parish and has a neat station at Oakerthorpe. Here is an Infant school, supported by John Smedley, Esq., and is used on the Sabbath day by the Wesleyan Reformers. The Ikneild street, a Roman road, passes through the parish. Prior to the Norman survey, Roger of Poictou, resided here; but at that period South Wingfield came into the possession of William Peverel, the natural son of William the Conqueror, who is said to have had a mansion house here. About the eighth year of Henry VI. it came into the possession of Ralph, Lord Cromwell, whose right was disputed by Henry Pierpoint, Knight, but on a compromise was allotted to the former, who sold the reversion to John Talbot, second Earl of Shrewsbury, in whose family it continued until the death of the seventh Earl, in 1616, when the manor became divided between the Earls of Pembroke, Kent, and Arundel and Surrey, who had married the three daughters and co-heiresses of the Earl Gilbert. In the year 1666, Mr. Imanuel Halton, who was the first resident of that name, at Wingfield manor, was a celebrated Mathematician. In the year 1676, he observed an eclipse of the sun, at Wingfield; his account of this phenomenon was published in the Philosophical Transactions for that year.

The *Manor House*, which even in its ruins, exhibits many specimens of its original magnificence, was built about the year 1440, by Ralph, Lord Cromwell, lord treasurer in the reign, of Henry VI. It afterwards came into the possession of the Earls of Shrewsbury; for George, Earl of Shrewsbury, died here 26th of July, in the 33rd year of Henry VIII. Another person of the same family and name, died here, in the 33rd year of Queen Elizabeth. This was most probably the Earl of Shrewsbury, who had the custody of Mary, Queen of Scotland. It is said that this unfortunate princess was confined here several years, and tradition informs us her suite of apartments were on the west side of the north court, said to be the most beautiful part of the building. This noble mansion was built round a large quadrangular court; it was castellated and embattled. At each corner stands a tower, but that at the south-west rises higher than the rest, and commands a very extensive prospect; it is now a ruin, and has not been occupied for more than eighty years. The Rev. Imanuel Halton is the owner, and resides in a house at a small distance from it, erected about the year 1780, by one of his ancestors. During the Civil Wars, in the reign of Charles I., the Manor House was attacked and taken by storm in 1643, by a party of Royalists, under the command of the Marquis of Newcastle. But shortly afterwards, Sir John Gell, of Hopton, an officer in the service of Parliament, sent Major Sanders, one of his officers, with a regiment of horse to attack them. The assault was begun on the east side, with cannon planted on Pentrich Common; but a breach here being found impracticable, the ordnance was removed to a wood on the opposite side; from whence it played with such terrible effect that a breach was soon made, and the besieged were compelled to an immediate surrender. Colonel Dalby, the governor, was killed during the siege; he had disguised himself as a common soldier, but being seen and known by a deserter, he was shot by him in the face as he was walking in the stables. The manor house was well situated as a place of defence; it stands on an eminence, which is steep on

every side, excepting the north, where it was strengthened by a deep ditch, made nearly across the hill. A part of the bedstead, in which the Queen of Scots slept, when a prisoner here, is now in the possession of Mr. Joseph Cupit, at the Horse and Groom Inn.

Wingfield Park House, the residence of David Wheatcroft, Esq., is a neat mansion at the entrance into the park from the Chesterfield road. A beautiful lodge, in the decorated English style, has been erected. *Wingfield Park Mill*, 2 miles S.S.W. from Wingfield, and 2½ from Ambergate, is a lace thread manufactory. *Wire Mill*, 1 mile S. of Wingfield, is now a corn mill, in the occupation of Mr. G. Fletcher. The feast is on the 1st of November.

OAKERTHORPE, a hamlet and small village, ½ mile E. from South Wingfield. The Duke of Devonshire is lord of the manor, and the principal landowner. W. Worswick, Esq., has a colliery here; and ironstone is got to some extent here by Messrs. Henry Marshall, and Co. The South Wingfield railway station stands in this manor, and is distant ¼ miles W. from Alfreton

The Oakerthorpe charity estate, now produces £55 a year, of which £20 is given to two deserving young men, after having served their apprenticeship, to assist them to commence in business, and £20 for exhibitions to two poor scholars at Cambridge university, and the remainder is given to the poor. (See Charities.)

CHARITIES.—*Samuel Newton*, of the island of Barbadoes, by will, 1683, directed that his executors should purchase a piece of land, of the value of £10 yearly, for the use of the poor of South Wingfield and Oakerthorpe. By indenture, 1692, Samuel Guy and Thomas Gell, in consideration of £210 conveyed a close called the Barn close, containing nine acres, with a barn thereon, situate in Wirksworth. The vicar, churchwardens, and overseers of the poor, were authorised to let the premises, and divide the rents according to the said will. The property consists of two closes of pasture land, let for £25 8s. per annum, and an allotment set out on Wirksworth Moor, of 1A. 1R., let for £2 5s. per annum; and the rents are disposed of as follows: An annual sum of £10, subject to 5s. deduction for expenses, is given to the poor of this parish, including Okerthorpe, and £17 is paid to a schoolmaster. Previously to 1820, there was an ancient school room, supposed to have been built on the waste, to which, about 1797, a dwelling-house for the master was added by the parish from 1820 to 1825, the sum of £100 11s. had accumulated from reserved rents, for rebuilding the school, but objections were raised as to this application of the money, and in June, 1825, a new schoolmaster was appointed, who receives £17, and has instructed 26 children in a house rented by himself. By a decree of commissioners of charitable uses, held at Derby, 8th of February, 1729, it was ordered that two-thirds of the rents should be distributed amongst the poor of South Wingfield, and one-third amongst the poor of Oakerthorpe. The dwelling-house which adjoined the old school is let for £4 10s. per annum, and carried to the surplus fund.

Rev. Francis Gisborne's charity. (See *Bradley*.) The annual sum of £5 10s., received by the vicar, is laid out in coarse woollen cloth and flannel, which is distributed to the poor about Christmas.

Phillip Strelley's charity, of which certain members of the Goldsmith's Company are trustees. The estate, from which an annual rent of £55, received by the trustees, is situated in the manor of Oakerthorpe, in this parish; and he directed £20 per annum to be paid for placing out two poor men's sons as apprentices; and £10 per annum given in exhibitions for two poor scholars in the universities of Cambridge or Oxford; a preference to be given to the sons of his tenants, born within the manor of Oakerthorpe.

Post Office, at Samuel Taylor's; letters arrive from Alfreton, at 8 a.m., and are despatched at 7 p.m.

Those Marked 1 reside at Oakerthorpe; 2 Wingfield Park; the other at Wingfield, or where specified.

Booth Sarah, draper
Bramley Mrs. Ann
Bramley George, quarry owner

Cockayne Luke, baker
Cupit Mrs. Rebecca
1 Fowell Edmund & Son, nursery & seedsmen

Giles Charles, station master
 Hall Wm. Fdk., auctioneer, *Dale House*
 Halton Rev. Imanuel, B.D., vicar
 Harvey George, surveyor and assistant overseer, *Swine Flatts*
 Hopkinson John, coal master, *Wingfield Colliery*
 1 Marshall Henry & Co., ironmaster, Oakerthorpe; h. *Wingfield Cottage*
 Newton Abel, master Free School
 Otter Francis, Esq.
 Radford Wm., sawyer
 1 Strelley Mrs. Hannah, *Holly Bank House*
 Turner Daniel, castrator
 Turner George, higler

Beerhouses.

Froggatt Christopher
 1 Marples Joseph
 1 Simpson John

Blacksmiths.

Clarke James
 Harvey James
 Hopkinson Thomas
 Slimm Wm.

Butchers.

Harvey William
 Purdy James
 Taylor Samuel

Farmers.

Argile Thos., *Hill top*
 Barlow Samuel
 Beastall William
 Blore John
 2 Booth Joseph
 Bramley Samuel
 2 Bramley Richard

Cupit Edward
 2 Dawson Wm.
 Eyre Herbert, *Catchills*
 Flint Joseph
 Flint William, *Morewood Moor*
 Ford William, *The Manor*
 2 Gregory Benj.
 2 Hall John
 Harvey James
 Haslam William, *Longcroft house*
 1 Hollingworth Wm.
 Hopkinson John, *Uftonfields*
 1 Hoyland Sarah
 Hunt William
 Limb Job, *Morewood moor*
 2 Lyman James
 2 Machin Jabez
 Milner Arthur

Wheatcroft David, Esq., *Wingfield Park*
 Williamson Mr. Matthew
 Wilson Wm. & Sml., lace & thread mfrs.
 Worswick Wm., coal master, High Field and Oakerthorpe Collieries; John Lees, manager

Inns and Taverns.

Anchor, George Godber, *Oakerthorpe*
 Blue Bell, Frederick Summerton
 Butcher's Arms, Mary Shaw, *Oakerthorpe*
 Crown, Robert Hill, *Bunker's Hill*
 Horse and Groom, Joseph Cupit
 Horse and Jockey, Benj. Faulkner
 1 Peacock, Sarah Hoyland, *Oakerthorpe*

Shopkeepers.

Cupit Joseph
 Froggatt, Christopher
 1 Godber Isaac
 Platts Samuel

Wheelwrights.

1 Saxton Matthew
 Smith George
 Wetton Thomas

Railway Convynce.

The Midland Railway Co's. Station; there are 5 passngr. trains to Sheffield and the North, and 4 passenger trains to Derby and the South, daily, and on Sundays, 3 passenger trains for the North and 2 passenger trains for the South; Chas. Giles, station master

2 Otterwell Isaac, *Park head* (and corn miller)
 Purdy James
 Pearson John, *Uftonfields*
 Smith Charles, *Morewood moor*
 Steples John
 Strelley R. C.
 2 Swindall Samuel
 Taylor Emanuel
 Taylor Samuel
 Taylor Samuel, (and; quarry owner)
 2 Tomlinson Henry
 2 Tomlinson Jph.
 Wheeldon Thomas, *Morewood moor*
 Williamson Richard, **Shoemakers.**
 1 Coupe Robert
 Ludham Charles
 Walters James

FINIS.